

REPORT IMMEDIATELY BY PHONE:

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Anthrax | Influenza A (novel strain only) | Rabies, human cases |
| Botulism | Measles | Rubella |
| Brucellosis | Melioidosis | Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) |
| Cholera | Meningococcal disease | Smallpox (variola) |
| Diphtheria | Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS) | Tularemia |
| Glanders | Plague | Typhoid fever |
| <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> disease, invasive | Poliovirus infection (including poliomyelitis) | Viral hemorrhagic fever |
| Hepatitis A | | |

REPORT WITHIN 24 HOURS:

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| AIDS | Gonorrhea | Rubella, congenital rubella syndrome |
| Anaplasmosis | Guillain-Barré Syndrome | Salmonellosis |
| Animal bites (reportable to Town Health Officers) | Hantavirus disease | Shiga toxin-producing <i>E. coli</i> (STEC) |
| Arboviral illness | Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS) | Shigellosis |
| Babesiosis | Hepatitis B | Spotted fever rickettsiosis |
| Blood lead levels | Hepatitis C | Streptococcal disease, Group A, invasive |
| <i>Borrelia miyamotoi</i> infection | Hepatitis E | Streptococcal disease, Group B, invasive in infants less than one month of age |
| Campylobacteriosis | HIV | <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> disease, invasive |
| <i>Candida auris</i> | Influenza (report only institutional outbreaks and pediatric influenza-related deaths) | Syphilis |
| Carbapenem-resistant <i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> (CRAB) | Jamestown Canyon virus disease | Tetanus |
| Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE) | Legionellosis | Toxic shock syndrome |
| Carbapenem-resistant <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> (CRPA) | Leptospirosis | Trichinosis |
| <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> infection | Listeriosis | Tuberculosis disease |
| Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease/ transmissible spongiform encephalopathies | Lyme disease | Tuberculosis infection, latent |
| Cryptosporidiosis | Malaria | Vaccinia (disease or adverse event) |
| Cyclosporiasis | Meningitis, bacterial | Varicella, chicken pox only |
| Dengue | Mumps | Vibriosis |
| Eastern equine encephalitis | Pertussis | West Nile virus illness |
| Ehrlichiosis | Powassan virus disease | Yellow fever |
| Encephalitis | Psittacosis | Yersiniosis |
| | Q Fever | Zika virus infection |
| | Rabies, animal cases | |
| | Rabies post exposure treatment in humans | |
| | Reye syndrome | |

Also reportable: any unexpected pattern of cases, suspected cases, deaths or increased incidence of any other illness of major public health concern.

REPORT 24/7: 802-863-7240 or 1-800-640-4374 (VT only)

Vermont Department of Health, Infectious Disease Program
www.healthvermont.gov/reportablediseases

Effective 04/06/2019

Why are certain diseases and laboratory findings reportable?

The Vermont Department of Health depends on reports of diseases and conditions of public health concern to protect the health of Vermont residents. Timely reporting ensures that cases of communicable disease can be investigated quickly so steps can be taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

Vermont's list of reportable diseases and the time frames in which they are required to be reported to the Health Department are specified in Vermont law (Reportable and Communicable Disease Rule). Both laboratory-confirmed cases and clinical diagnoses are reportable within 24 hours. Immediate reporting is essential for several conditions that require prompt action by public health practitioners and for diseases that might indicate a bioterrorism incident.

What happens to the information that is collected?

All individually identifying information reported to the Department of Health is confidential and protected by law. Surveillance information without personal identifiers is shared routinely with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and with public health partners and practitioners throughout the state.

Data about reportable diseases and laboratory findings are used to:

- Guide immediate action to prevent the spread of diseases that affect Vermont communities
- Monitor trends in the burden of a disease, including the detection of outbreaks
- Identify needs for programs to prevent and control disease, like immunization recommendations
- Evaluate public policy
- Detect changes in health practices
- Prioritize the allocation of health resources

How to report suspected or confirmed cases of disease:

Contact the Infectious Disease Epidemiology Program at **802-863-7240** or **800-640-4374** (within Vermont only) from 7:45 a.m. through 4:30 p.m. on business days. An epidemiologist is available 24/7 for diseases that require prompt public health follow-up. In addition, providers can fax paper reports to the Epidemiology Program's confidential fax machine at **802-951-4061**.

Learn more: healthvermont.gov/reportablediseases