Weekly Summary of Vermont COVID-19 Data

Reflecting cases identified between March 5 – June 3, 2020

Date published: June 5, 2020. This summary will be updated every Friday.
Common Terms and Data Sources

This document contains information about people who have tested positive for COVID-19 in Vermont. You will find data presented in a few different ways throughout this document:

- **Count**: the number of people who have tested positive for COVID-19 (overall or in a particular group)
- **Rate**: the number of people who have tested positive for COVID-19 in a particular group, divided by the total number of people in that group. Using rates allows for more direct comparisons between groups.
- **Growth rate**: a measure of the percent change in COVID-19 cases over time; this tells us how quickly or slowly the disease is spreading in Vermont
- **Week**: for the purposes of this document, “this week” is defined as May 27 through June 3

For geographic information, please see the [COVID-19 Data Dashboard](#) or [Town Map](#). For more information on data sources, please see our [Data Notes](#) document.
COVID-19 in Vermont

An overview of our number of cases and laboratory testing to date.
Total Number of Cases in Vermont: 1,025

The daily number of COVID-19 cases in Vermont peaked on April 3.
Most counties have reached a plateau in the number of new cases.

Growth over time by county (n=1021)

Cumulative cases are presented using a log scale to help compare the large number of cases in Chittenden County (n=490, roughly 50% of all cases) to other counties. Using a log scale also helps visualize percent change. For the number of cases by county, see the Data Dashboard.
**Percent of positive COVID-19 tests may indicate how prevalent the disease is in the population.**

- **Percent Positive to Date**: 3%
- **Percent Positive This Week (May 27 – June 3)**: 0.8%

*Not a stable estimate due to small numbers. There were 9 total tests and 1 was positive.

The **number of people tested** reflects the number of individual people who have had confirmatory testing for COVID-19 in Vermont. Each person is only counted once. The **number of tests** reflects the number of specimens that have had confirmatory for COVID-19 in Vermont. This number may include multiple specimens for one person, the same person tested multiple times, etc. Neither of these numbers include serology testing.
Case Demographics

Who has been impacted by COVID-19 in Vermont?
Rates of COVID-19 are disproportionately high among Vermonters 80 years and older.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Females</th>
<th>Males</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-9</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>5.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-19</td>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>20.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-29</td>
<td>18.3</td>
<td>21.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>20.5</td>
<td>18.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>33.0</td>
<td>20.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Females and males have similar rates of COVID-19.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

There are differences in age and sex of Vermonters with COVID-19.

Rates of COVID-19 by Age Group for Females and Males per 10,000 Vermonters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Females</th>
<th>Males</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-9</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-19</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-29</td>
<td>18.7</td>
<td>13.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>19.9</td>
<td>20.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>20.5</td>
<td>16.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-59</td>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>19.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-69</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>16.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-79</td>
<td>23.4</td>
<td>17.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≥80</td>
<td>36.9</td>
<td>26.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
White Vermonters represent the majority of COVID-19 cases. African American Vermonters have the highest rate.
Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

Non-Hispanic Vermonters represent the majority of COVID-19 cases. Hispanic Vermonters have the higher rate.
Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

Note: Race is unknown in 3% of cases and ethnicity is unknown in 10% of cases.
Approximately 63% of people* with COVID-19 have a pre-existing condition.

* of the 785 people that the Health Department has pre-existing condition data for.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Heart Disease</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Lung Disease (includes asthma and COPD)</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Liver Disease</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Kidney Disease</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current/Former Smoker</td>
<td>209</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunocompromised Condition</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neurologic Condition/Intellectual Disability</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Chronic Condition**</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pregnant</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

50% of people with a pre-existing condition have two or more conditions.

**Not mutually exclusive, includes things like arthritis, thyroid conditions, multiple free text entries.

The Health Department has information about pre-existing conditions in 77% (785) of 1,025 total COVID-19 cases.
Prevalence of select conditions in COVID-19 patients and Vermont adults.

- Cardiovascular Disease: 16%
- Diabetes Mellitus: 11%
- Chronic Lung Disease: 15%


Prevalence of pre-existing conditions is approximately equal between female and male COVID-19 patients.

- Cardiovascular Disease: 229, 46%
- Diabetes Mellitus: 265, 54%

COVID-19 patients with pre-existing conditions tend to be older than those without pre-existing conditions.

A higher percentage of COVID-19 patients with pre-existing conditions have been hospitalized than those without pre-existing conditions.

- 0-9: 0, 3%
- 10-19: 5, 9%
- 20-29: 18, 45%
- 30-39: 45, 60%
- 40-49: 60, 63%
- 50-59: 63, 66%
- 60-69: 66, 64%
- 70-79: 57, 33%
- 80+: 49, 15%
- 80+: 1, 4%

Vermont Department of Health
Clinical Course

What symptoms have Vermonters experienced? How many have been hospitalized? How many have died?
The day symptoms start is important to know when people with COVID-19 become infectious.

Illnesses occurring in this window may not be reported yet; median reporting lag = 6 days.

Sign or Symptom | Percent of Symptomatic Cases
--- | ---
Cough | 74%
Fatigue | 69%
Headache | 54%
Fever | 54%
Muscle Pain | 53%

Note: Date of symptom onset is not always known.

Vermont Department of Health
Most Vermonters with COVID-19 are not hospitalized.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hospitalized</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8 days Average hospital stay (range: 0-39 days)

Vermonters 80 years and older are more likely to be hospitalized for COVID-19.

Vermonters 80 years and older are more likely to be hospitalized for COVID-19.

**Rate per 10,000 Vermonters**

- **Not hospitalized**: 777
- **Hospitalized**: 122
- **Unknown**: 126

White Vermonters represent a majority of hospitalized COVID-19 cases. African American Vermonters have the highest rate of COVID-19 hospitalizations.

**Rate per 10,000 Vermonters**

- **White**: 95%
- **Asian**: 2%
- **Black or African American**: 2%
- **Other Race**: 2%

Please note 5 hospitalized persons are missing race information.

*The number of Asian, black, and persons in the other race category is less than 5.*
Vermonters 80 years and older have higher rates of COVID-19 death than other age groups.
Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

Males and females have similar rates of COVID-19 death.
Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

Most COVID-19 deaths occurred in an inpatient hospital setting or a long-term care facility.

Note: No deaths have identified as Hispanic or Latino.
Outbreaks

How is COVID-19 impacting group settings?
What is an outbreak?

1. For congregate care facilities (long term care facility or skilled nursing facility):
   - A single resident with a positive COVID-19 laboratory test and one or more additional residents with respiratory illness
   - OR
   - Two or more residents with at least two of the following symptoms: fever (temp $\geq 100^\circ F$), cough, difficulty breathing/shortness of breath

2. For other settings (senior residential communities, businesses):
   - Two or more epidemiologically-linked confirmed COVID-19 cases where there’s an opportunity to stop transmission

Community outbreaks, with the exception of senior independent living communities, are not represented in this section.
24% of COVID-19 cases are associated with an outbreak

159 cases among residents

90 cases among staff

Outbreaks

3 Active
7 Resolved
In facilities with an outbreak, 79% of residents have been tested.

Tested Positive, 9%
Tested Negative, 78%
Not Tested, 13%

In facilities with an outbreak 87% of staff* have been tested.

Tested Positive, 21%
Tested Negative, 59%
Not Tested, 20%

Values in these charts are rounded to the nearest whole number and therefore may not always add to 100% due to error introduced in rounding.

*One outbreak is excluded from this analysis missing information.
While only 24% of all COVID-19 cases are associated with outbreaks, more than half of COVID-19-related deaths occur in outbreak settings.

Note: Examples of a health setting include long term care or assisted living facilities, therapeutic treatment centers, and behavioral health institutions. Examples of a non-health setting include correctional facilities, senior housing communities, businesses, and homeless shelters. Vermont has not experienced an outbreak in all health and non-health settings.
The percentage of females and males with COVID-19 that are associated with an outbreak is about even.

22% of females with COVID-19 are associated with an outbreak.

25% of males with COVID-19 are associated with an outbreak.

But in outbreak settings, females with COVID-19 are more likely to be associated with a health setting than non-health settings.

Source: Vermont Department of Health
Reflects case counts as of 6/3/20

Note: Examples of a health setting include long-term care or assisted living facilities, therapeutic treatment centers, and behavioral health institutions. Examples of a non-health setting include correctional facilities, senior housing communities, businesses, and homeless shelters. Vermont has not experienced an outbreak in all health and non-health settings.
Percent of Cases by Outbreak Status and Age

- Not associated with an outbreak
- Associated with an outbreak in a health setting
- Associated with an outbreak in a non-health setting

Note: Examples of a health setting include long-term care or assisted living facilities, therapeutic treatment centers, and behavioral health institutions. Examples of a non-health setting include correctional facilities, senior housing communities, businesses, and homeless shelters. Vermont has not experienced an outbreak in all health and non-health settings.

Source: Vermont Department of Health
Reflects case counts as of 6/3/20

Median age

Vermont Department of Health
Syndromic Surveillance

What we can learn from emergency room and urgent care centers?
The percent of emergent care visits for COVID-19-like illness is decreasing.
Syndromic surveillance from 13 of 14 Vermont hospitals and 2 urgent care centers. Monitoring this data acts as an early indicator of potential spikes of COVID-19 in the community.

Interpret with caution, there is a chance for over or underestimation given the lag in reporting.
COVID-19-like illness diagnosis is determined using the patient’s chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis.
COVID-19-like illness is the presence of a fever with the addition of shortness of breath, difficulty breathing, or cough.
COVID-19-like illness excludes patients with an influenza discharge diagnosis.

*Please note: the query used to identify COVID-19-like illness in syndromic surveillance data changed on 5/28. This was to be consistent with the most up-to-date national definition provided by the CDC.

Vermont Department of Health
Learn more about COVID-19 in Vermont:

Web:  www.healthvermont.gov/COVID-19

Email:  AHS.VDHPublicCommunication@vermont.gov