

KINGDOM EAST SD



The Vermont Department of Health would like to acknowledge the work and effort of all the schools, teachers and students who participate in the Youth Risk Behavior Survey each year.

Copies of the questionnaires, state-wide reports, data briefs, and additional sub-state reports are available online.

Visit the Vermont Department of Health YRBS website at: https://www.healthvermont.gov/yrbs We would especially like to thank the students and schools in Kingdom East SD who participated in the 2019 YRBS.

This report includes the results for the following schools:

Middle Schools

BURKE TOWN SCHOOL

CONCORD GRADED/MIDDLE SCHOOL

LUNENBURG/GILMAN SCHOOLS

LYNDON TOWN SCHOOL

MILLERS RUN SCHOOL US

NEWARK SCHOOL

SUTTON VILLAGE SCHOOL



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About the YRBS

The Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS) is a national school-based survey that monitors the health-risk behaviors that contribute to the leading causes of death and disability among youth and young adults. These include:

- Behaviors that contribute to unintentional injuries
- Violence
- Alcohol and other drug use
- Tobacco use
- Unhealthy dietary behaviors
- Inadequate physical activity
- Sexual health behaviors related to pregnancy and STDs

The YRBS also measures other high priority health-related behaviors and protective factors. These include:

- Prevalence of obesity
- Attitudes and perceptions related to substance use
- Food and housing insecurity
- Youth assets
- Academic achievement
- Sexual Orientation and gender identity

In Vermont, the YRBS has been conducted during the spring semester of odd years since 1993.



Methodology

The Department of Health works with the Agency of Education and the CDC to conduct two separate surveys: a high school survey of students in grades 9 through 12, and a middle school survey of middle school students in grades 6 through 8. These surveys are conducted as a census at all public schools and select independent schools across the state.

The middle school and high school surveys differ slightly. The shorter middle school survey focuses more on lifetime behaviors and includes questions on fighting, bullying, suicidality, substance use, attitudes and perceptions about substance use, sexual activity, nutrition, physical activity, youth assets, and other factors related to health equity. The high school survey includes questions on these topics as well as more in-depth questions on current behaviors as well as self-reported height and weight, driving behaviors, and other drugs used.

Student participation in the YRBS is anonymous and voluntary.

In addition, to protect students anonymity, data is suppressed when less than 50 students respond to a question or less than 5 students answer a question in a particular way.

How Accurate are the Results?

Numerous precautions are taken to ensure the reliability and validity of the results. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) runs over 100 consistency checks on the data to exclude careless, invalid, or logically inconsistent answers. These internal reliability checks help identify the small percentage of students who falsify their answers. These precautions can reduce some sources of error, but not all.

The CDC also weights data, a mathematical procedure that makes data representative of the population from which it was drawn. Only states with an overall response rate of at least 60% are weighted based on gender, grade, and race/ethnicity.

Information about the methodology of the national, state, and large urban school district YRBS has been described elsewhere and can be found online from the CDCs Healthy Youth-DASH website at: https://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/data/yrbs/methods

Other information including "Do students tell the truth" is available on the Vermont Department of Health YRBS webpage at: https://www.healthvermont.gov/yrbs



Populations in Focus

Adverse health outcomes and behaviors experienced by specific populations are not intrinsic to youth themselves and are often instead due to social, economic and environmental inequities. The Vermont Department of Health acknowledges that these inequities can have a greater impact than individual choices. To identify disparities and help tell the complex story of youth across Vermont, health-related factors and behaviors experienced by the following specific populations are noted throughout the statewide report:

- Sex (biological)
- Grade
- Race, Ethnicity
- Sexual Orientation / Gender Identity

Using the YRBS Results

Engaging students, schools, and communities

The YRBS can detect changes in risk behaviors over time and identify differences among ages, grades, and genders. With these data, school and community organizations can focus prevention efforts and determine whether school policies and community programs are having the intended effect on student behaviors.

Think of the YRBS as a tool for starting discussions, for educating the community, for planning and evaluating programs, and for comparing Vermont students with other students nationwide.

<u>Start the Conversation</u>: Use the YRBS to begin a conversation with teens about the personal choices they make or about the health of their community. Ask them if the results accurately reflect what they see happening around them. How do they explain the results? From their perspective, what is or is not working? How would they promote healthy behaviors?

Increase Awareness: The YRBS provides an opportunity to break through "denial" and make community members aware of the risks that their young people face. It can also dispel myths and correct misinformation about the "average teenager." The YRBS can accentuate the positive and celebrate the fact that many students are abstaining from behaviors that endanger their health and their ability to succeed.



<u>Plan and Evaluate Programs:</u> The YRBS can serve as the basis of a community needs assessment. It can help identify strengths and weaknesses in communities and can inform strategies to address those weaknesses.

Remember to Look at the Positive Side: In most cases, the majority of adolescents are NOT engaging in risky behaviors. Although most of the charts examine the prevalence of risk behaviors, please do not forget about the percentage of adolescents who are NOT engaging in these behaviors.

Participate in Getting to 'Y': Getting to Y provides an opportunity for students to take a lead in bringing meaning to their own Youth Risk Behavior Survey data and taking steps to strengthen their school and community based on their findings. Schools and districts across the state form teams to analyze local level data, identify areas of strength and concern, and create a preliminary action plan. Through the Getting to 'Y' program, students attend a training day where they learn tools and strategies to examine data, explore root causes, and create next action steps. In addition, teams plan and host a community dialogue event to share their executive summary with the school and community.

For more information on upcoming Getting to Y trainings, newsletters, and resources visit Getting to Y at http://www.upforlearning.org/initiatives/getting-to-y

Understanding and Interpreting the Results

The results in this report are weighted by gender, grade, and race/ethnicity in order to compensate for absenteeism and incomplete surveys. The weighting allows the results to be fully representative of middle school students in grades six through eight (middle school survey) and high school students grades nine through twelve (high school survey). Weighting permits us to draw inferences about the school-based student population in Vermont.

Throughout this report, statistically significant differences are noted. Statistical significance is calculated by comparing the 95% confidence intervals of two or more values. If the confidence intervals overlap, the percentages are not different. In other words, the two groups are not statistically different from one another. If the confidence intervals do not overlap, there is a statistical difference between the two groups.

A 95% confidence interval is a range of values and can vary due to the size of a particular population or how consistently students responded to an item. Sometimes, when comparing the responses of two or more groups, the difference between the overall percentages may look very different, but the two numbers are not statistically different. Other times, the two values may be very close but differ statistically.

While this report notes statistical differences, we encourage you to consider meaningful difference: does the disparity merit a targeted intervention, show a real change in health, or otherwise mean something important to the community (statistics aside).



Key Terms and Statistical Differences Used in the Report

Each table includes a note about any statistical differences between the overall Vermont and Kingdom East SD prevalence rates.

Throughout this report you will see the following key terms and statistical notations.

Key Terms

. = Too few students to reportVT = All students in VermontSU or SD = All students in Kingdom East SD



MIDDLE SCHOOL RESULTS

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2019 VERMONT YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY

Kingdom East SD Middle School Results

Demographics

Sex	VT	SD
Female	49	50
Male	51	50

Grade	VT	SD
6th grade	24	34
7th grade	38	33
8th grade	38	33

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2019 VERMONT YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY

Kingdom East SD Middle School Results

Demographics

Race	VT	SD
Students of Color	19	12
White, non-Hispanic	81	88

Sexual Orientation / Gender Identity	VT	SD
Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, or Transgender	11	13
Heterosexual / Cisgender	89	87

Violence and Unintentional Injuries

Violence	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Were ever in a physical fight	41	44	SU/SD is higher than VT
Did not go to school because they felt they would be unsafe at school or on their way to or from school, past 30 days	9	8	
Report someone has ever done sexual things to them that they did not want	10	10	

Bullying	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Were ever bullied on school property	45	49	SU/SD is higher than VT
Were ever electronically bullied	24	25	
Were bullied, past 30 days	24	24	
Bullied someone, past 30 days	9	10	



^{. =} Too few students to report

Violence and Unintentional Injuries

Unintentional Injuries & Prevention	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Rarely or never wear a bicycle helmet	26	40	SU/SD is higher than VT
Had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active, past year	19	24	SU/SD is higher than VT
Rarely or never wear a helmet when skiing or snowboarding	6	7	
Had a sunburn, past year	66	63	

Motor Vehicle Safety	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Rarely or never wear a seat belt	2	3	SU/SD is higher than VT
Ever rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol	20	22	
Have ever ridden in a car driven by someone who had been using marijuana	10	16	SU/SD is higher than VT



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Mental Health

Mental Health	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Ever seriously thought about killing themselves	18	20	
Ever made a plan about how they would kill themselves	12	12	
Ever tried to kill themselves	6	8	SU/SD is higher than VT
Have ever done something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die, such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose, past year	18	22	SU/SD is higher than VT
Felt sad or hopeless, past year	23	26	SU/SD is higher than VT



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Lifetime Substance Use

Lifetime Substance Use	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Ever tried a cigarette	7	11	SU/SD is higher than VT
Ever tried a flavored tobacco product	8	13	SU/SD is higher than VT
Ever used an electronic vapor product	16	20	SU/SD is higher than VT
Ever drank alcohol	20	23	
Ever used marijuana	7	8	
Have ever taken a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it	6	5	
Ever used inhalants	5	8	SU/SD is higher than VT



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Kingdom East SD Middle School Results

Lifetime Substance Use

Substance Use Before Age 11	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Tried cigarette smoking for the first time before age 11 years	3	4	SU/SD is higher than VT
Drank alcohol for the first time before age 11 years	9	10	
Tried marijuana for the first time before age 11 years	1	2	SU/SD is higher than VT



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Past 30 Day Substance Use

Past 30 Day Tobacco Use	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco	2	3	
Currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products	9	12	SU/SD is higher than VT
Currently smoked cigarettes	2	2	
Currently used an electronic vapor product	8	11	SU/SD is higher than VT
Currently used smokeless tobacco	1	2	SU/SD is higher than VT
Currently smoked cigars	1	1	



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2019 VERMONT YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY Kingdom East SD Middle School Results

Past 30 Day Substance Use

Past 30 Day Alcohol and Other Substance Use	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Currently drank alcohol	7	10	SU/SD is higher than VT
Binge drank, past 30 days	2	2	
Currently used marijuana	5	6	



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2019 VERMONT YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY Kingdom East SD Middle School Results

Other Substance Use Related Topics

Tobacco Use Exposure & Prevention	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Were asked by a doctor, dentist, or nurse if they smoked	33	31	
Most of the time or always see ads for cigarettes or other tobacco products	46	48	



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Perceptions of Substance Use

Perceptions of Peer Use as Wrong or Very Wrong	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Think it is wrong or very wrong for someone their age to use electronic vapor products	84	80	SU/SD is lower than VT

Believe Parents Would Think It Is Wrong or Very Wrong to Use	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Responded that their parents or guardians feel it would be wrong or very wrong for the student to use electronic vapor products	92	91	
Responded that their parents or guardians feel it would be wrong or very wrong for the student to drink alcohol	87	85	
Responded that their parents or guardians feel it would be wrong or very wrong for the student to use marijuana	92	92	



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Perceptions of Substance Use

Believe People Greatly Risk Harm from Substance Use	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Think people greatly risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they use electronic vapor products regularly	45	42	SU/SD is lower than VT
Think people greatly risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they have five or more drinks of alcohol (beer, wine, or liquor) once or twice each weekend	45	39	SU/SD is lower than VT
Think people greatly risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they use marijuana regularly	49	50	



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Perceptions of Substance Use

Think it is Easy or Very Easy to Access	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Say if they wanted to get electronic vapor products, it would be sort of easy or very easy for them to get some	29	29	
Say if they wanted to get alcohol, it would be sort of easy or very easy for them to get some	40	37	SU/SD is lower than VT
Say if they wanted to get marijuana, it would be sort of easy or very easy for them to get some	19	17	SU/SD is lower than VT



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Kingdom East SD Middle School Results

Sexual Health

Sexual Activity & Condom Use	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Ever had sexual intercourse	5	8	SU/SD is higher than VT
Used a condom during last sexual intercourse, among those who have has sexual intercourse	58	71	SU/SD is higher than VT



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Physical Activity: 60 min per day	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day, past week	9	10	SU/SD is higher than VT
Were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days, past week	56	50	SU/SD is lower than VT
Were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days, past week	30	23	SU/SD is lower than VT

Physical Inactivity, Average School Day	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Watch television 1 hour or less per day	58	47	SU/SD is lower than VT
Watch television 3 or more hours per day	22	29	SU/SD is higher than VT



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Physical Inactivity, Average School Day	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Play video or computer games or used a computer 1 hour or less per day	42	37	SU/SD is lower than VT
Play video or computer games or used a computer 3 or more hours per day	41	50	SU/SD is higher than VT

Physical Activity at School	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Participate in physical activity or other short breaks during class at least once a week	80	84	SU/SD is higher than VT
Participate in physical activity or other short breaks during class everyday	36	32	SU/SD is lower than VT



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Walk or Bike To/From School	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Walk or ride a bike to school at least once a week when weather permits	26	16	SU/SD is lower than VT
Walk or ride their bike to school every day when weather permits	11	7	SU/SD is lower than VT

Sport Team Participation	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Play on at least one sports team, past year	72	67	SU/SD is lower than VT



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Water Consumption, Past Week	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Drank one or more glasses per day of water, past week	78	73	SU/SD is lower than VT
Drank two or more glasses per day of water, past week	71	67	SU/SD is lower than VT
Drank three or more glasses per day of water, past week	56	51	SU/SD is lower than VT

Breakfast Consumption	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Did not eat breakfast, past week	9	9	
Ate breakfast on 5 or more days, past week	64	56	SU/SD is lower than VT
Ate breakfast on all 7 days, past week	46	40	SU/SD is lower than VT



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Social Determinants of Health

Social Determinants of Health	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's	66	57	SU/SD is lower than VT
Reported in their home people most of the time or always speak a language other than English	6	4	SU/SD is lower than VT
Most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home, past 30 days	3	3	



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Youth Assets and Other Protective Factors

Family Engagement	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Did not eat dinner at home with at least one of their parents or other adult family member, past week	6	8	SU/SD is higher than VT
Ate dinner at home with at least one of their parents or other adult family member on four or more days, past week	85	81	SU/SD is lower than VT
Ate dinner at home with at least one of their parents or other adult family member on two or more days, past week	92	88	SU/SD is lower than VT
Ate dinner at home with at least one of their parents or other adult family member every day, past week	61	64	SU/SD is higher than VT



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Youth Assets and Other Protective Factors

School Connectedness	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Have at least one teacher or other adult in their school that they can talk to if they have a problem	72	71	
Strongly agree or agree that their school has clear rules and consequences for behavior	64	64	

Community Connectedness	VT	SD	Statistical Differences
Strongly agree or agree that in their community they feel like they matter to people	59	55	SU/SD is lower than VT



^{. =} Too few students to report