BE TICK SMART

PROTECT · CHECK · REMOVE · WATCH



Blacklegged Tick

Spreads Lyme disease, Powassan virus, babesiosis, anaplasmosis, & Borrelia miyamotoi

- Over 99% of tickborne diseases reported in Vermont are caused by this tick
- Ticks can be as small as a poppy seed

Other disease-spreading ticks in Vermont











Tick

For more information on tickborne diseases: healthvermont.gov

PROTECT

- Use an EPA-approved tick repellent on skin
- · Apply permethrin to clothing
- · Wear light-colored pants and long sleeves

CHECK

- Perform daily checks on yourself, your children and pets
- · Shower soon after spending time outdoors

REMOVE

- Use tweezers to grab tick close to skin
- · Pull tick straight up, do not twist
- Wash hands & bite area with soap & water
- Put clothing in dryer for 10 minutes on high

WATCH

- Watch for symptoms of tickborne diseases, such as fever, muscle aches, fatigue and joint pain
- Most Vermonters with Lyme disease develop a rash, but 30% do not
- If you develop any of these symptoms, contact your health care provider

