

Summary of Lead in Drinking Water Results for Northwest Primary School¹

Sample Location	First-Draw Result² ppb	Flush Result³ ppb
201 Fountain	<1	
201 Sink	<1	<1
202 Fountain	<1	
202 Sink	<1	<1
203 Fountain	<1	
203 Sink	<1	<1
204 Fountain	3	
204 Sink	<1	<1
205 Fountain	<1	
205 Sink	<1	<1
206 Fountain	<1	
206 Sink	<1	<1
401 Fountain	<1	
401 Sink	<1	<1
402 Fountain	1	
402 Sink	<1	<1
403 Fountain	1	
403 Sink	<1	<1
404 Fountain	1	
404 Sink	<1	<1
405 Fountain	1	
405 Sink	<1	<1
406 Fountain	4	
406 Sink	2	<1
Kitchen Sink Left	3	<1
Kitchen Sink Right	<1	
Nurse Sink	2	<1
Staff Fountain	9	
Staff Sink	1	<1

Notes:

1. The Environmental Protection Agency's action level for lead in public drinking water is 15 parts per billion (ppb). The Vermont Health Advisory for lead in drinking water is 1 ppb.

2. A first draw sample collects the first water to come out of the tap after a period of inactivity, typically 8-18 hours. A high first draw result may indicate that faucets and fixtures are the likely source of lead.
3. A flush sample is taken after running cold water for 30 seconds, which tests water further upstream in the plumbing. A high flush result may indicate that plumbing is the likely source of lead.