

## Summary of Lead in Drinking Water Results for Central Elementary School<sup>1</sup>

Sample Location	First-Draw Resul <sup>2</sup> ppb	Flush Result³ ppb
Multi Purpose Room Fountain	<1	<1
Room 10	2	<1
Room 11	1	<1
Room 12	1	<1
Room 13	1	<1
Room 15	<1	<1
Room 16	1	<1
Room 17	<1	<1
Room 18	1	<1
Room 2	<1	<1
Room 23	2	1
Room 25	1	<1
Room 26	<1	<1
Room 26 Fountain	<1	<1
Room 3	2	<1
Room 30	<1	<1
Room 7 Fountain	<1	<1
Room 8	<1	<1
Room 9	2	<1

## Notes:

- 1. The Environmental Protection Agency's action level for lead in public drinking water is 15 parts per billion (ppb). The Vermont Health Advisory for lead in drinking water is 1 ppb.
- 2. A first draw sample collects the first water to come out of the tap after a period of inactivity, typically 8-18 hours. A high first draw result may indicate that faucets and fixtures are the likely source of lead.
- 3. A flush sample is taken after running cold water for 30 seconds, which tests water further upstream in the plumbing. A high flush result may indicate that plumbing is the likely source of lead.