

# **Rutland County Community Profile**

December 2020



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#### **Purpose of this Profile**

This profile is provided by the Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs (ADAP), the State Epidemiological Outcomes Workgroup (SEOW) and the Research, Epidemiology, and Evaluation Unit of the Vermont Department of Health as a resource to the District Offices and community-based prevention partners.

#### **Purpose of this Profile**

This profile includes estimates of substance use/misuse prevalence from State surveys, as well as other data to assist the District Offices and prevention partners to focus on the following priorities for 2021:

- 1) Build, maintain, and strengthen the state, regional and community level infrastructure capacity needed to address substance use and misuse prevention and intervention across Vermont, and
- 2) Prevent and reduce underage drinking, binge drinking, and marijuana use/ misuse among youth and young adults.

#### **Demographics: Sex (all) and Age (youth only)**

Source: 2019: American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

	Rutland C	Rutland County		
Label	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent
SEX AND AGE				
Total population	58,892	100%	624,313	100%
Male	28,933	49%	308,097	49%
Female	29,959	51%	316,216	51%
Under 5 years	2,620	4%	29,568	5%
5 to 9 years	2,720	5%	32,060	5%
10 to 14 years	3,190	5%	33,496	5%
15 to 19 years	3,918	7%	42,549	7%
20 to 24 years	3,744	6%	46,180	7%

#### **Demographics: Race and Ethnicity**

Source: 2019: American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

	Rutland C	ounty	Vermont	
Label	Estimate	Percent	Estimate	Percent
Race alone or in combination with one or more	other race	es		
Total population	58,892	100%	624,313	100%
White	57,394	98%	599,819	96%
Black or African American	690	1%	12,083	2%
American Indian and Alaska Native	458	1%	7,818	1%
Asian	909	2%	14,503	2%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	6	0%	749	0%
Some other race	143	0%	2,890	1%
HISPANIC OR LATINO				
Total population	58,892	100%	624,313	100%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	864	2%	12,038	2%
Not Hispanic or Latino	58,028	99%	612,275	98%

#### **Poverty: All Ages**

Source: Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE) 2019

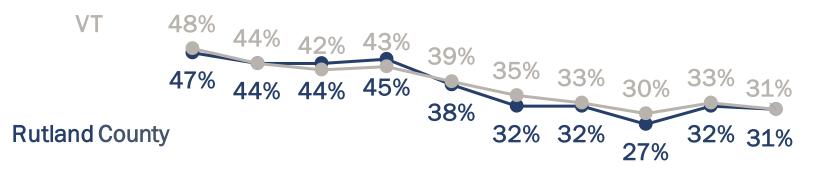
County	# All Ages in Poverty	% All Ages in Poverty	90% Confidence Interval: % All Ages in Poverty LB	90% Confidence Interval: % All Ages in Poverty UB
Addison	2,690	7.9	5.9	9.9
Bennington	3,399	10	7.5	12.5
Caledonia	3,561	12.3	9.5	15.1
Chittenden	16,084	10.5	9.3	11.7
Essex	908	14.8	11	18.6
Franklin	4,699	9.6	7.5	11.7
Grand Isle	581	8.1	5.9	10.3
Lamoille	2,231	9.1	6.8	11.4
Orange	2,652	9.4	7.2	11.6
Orleans	3,333	12.7	9.8	15.6
Rutland	6,033	10.8	8.5	13.1
Washington	4,673	8.4	6.4	10.4
Windham	4,776	11.6	9.4	13.8
Windsor	5,005	9.2	7.3	11.1
Vermont	60,624	10.1%	9.5%	10.7%

#### **Median Household Income**

Source: Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE) 2019

County	Median Household Income in Dollars	90% Confidence Interval: Median Household Income in Dollars LB	90% Confidence Interval: Median Household Income in Dollars UB
Addison	\$73,574	\$69,528	\$77,620
Bennington	\$56,948	\$52,284	\$61,612
Caledonia	\$50,942	\$47,076	\$54,808
Chittenden	\$76,483	\$73,447	\$79,519
Essex	\$45,796	\$40,988	\$50,604
Franklin	\$65,056	\$59,047	\$71,065
Grand Isle	\$68,364	\$61,071	\$75,657
Lamoille	\$60,555	\$54,153	\$66,957
Orange	\$59,758	\$55,681	\$63,835
Orleans	\$48,826	\$43,855	\$53,797
Rutland	\$51,903	\$49,484	\$54,322
Washington	\$65,879	\$61,501	\$70,257
Windham	\$52,068	\$47,230	\$56,906
Windsor	\$61,843	\$57,670	\$66,016
Vermont	\$63,293	\$61,699	\$64,887

# The percent of adolescents in grades 9-12 who drank <u>any</u> alcohol in the past 30 days was statistically the same in **Rutland County compared to Vermont** in 2019



2001 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017 2019

Source: Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey (2001-2019)

Vermont Department of Health

**Prevalence: High School Youth - Alcohol Use** 

# The percent of adolescents in grades 9-12 who binge drank in the past 30 days was statistically the same in **Rutland County** compared to **Vermont** in 2019

\*Note: question wording changed between 2015 and 2017. Use caution when comparing data pre- and post-change.



2001 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017 2019

Source: Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey (2001-2019)

Vermont Department of Health

**Prevalence: High School Youth - Binge Drinking** 

# The percent of adolescents in grades 9-12 who used marijuana in the past 30 days was statistically the same in Rutland County compared to Vermont in 2019

VT

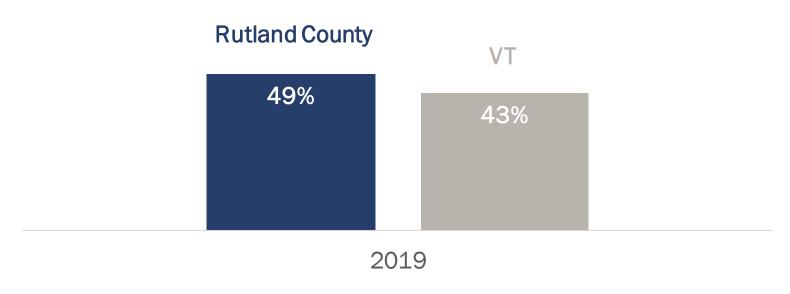


2001 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017 2019

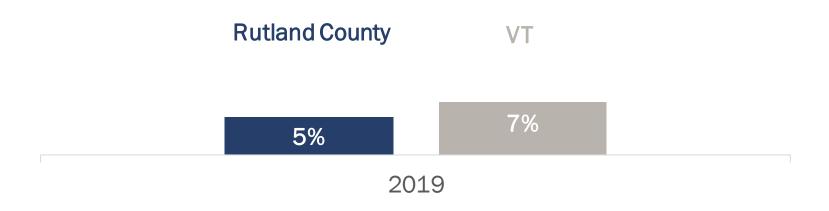
Source: Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey (2001-2019)

# The percent of students who reported frequent use of marijuana in Rutland County and Vermont in 2019 (statistical comparison not available)

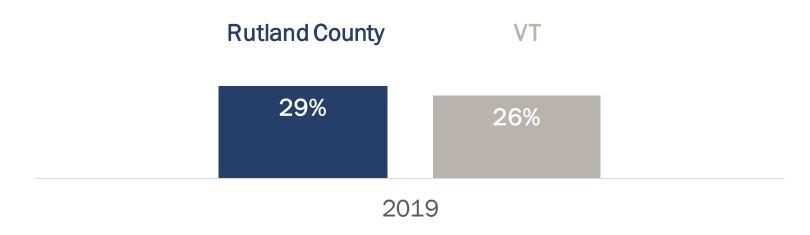
Among students in grades 9-12 using marijuana in the past 30 days, 49% of students in Rutland County reported frequent use (10+ times)



# The percent of adolescents in grades 9-12 who smoked cigarettes in the past 30 days was statistically the same in Rutland County compared to Vermont in 2019



The percent of adolescents in grades 9-12 who used electronic vapor products (EVPs) in the past 30 days was statistically the same in Rutland County compared to Vermont in 2019



# The percent of adolescents in grades 9-12 who used a prescription drug not prescribed to them was statistically the same between Rutland County and Vermont in 2019

#### Use in the past 30 days

\*Note: question wording changed between 2015 and 2017. Use caution when comparing data pre- and post-change.



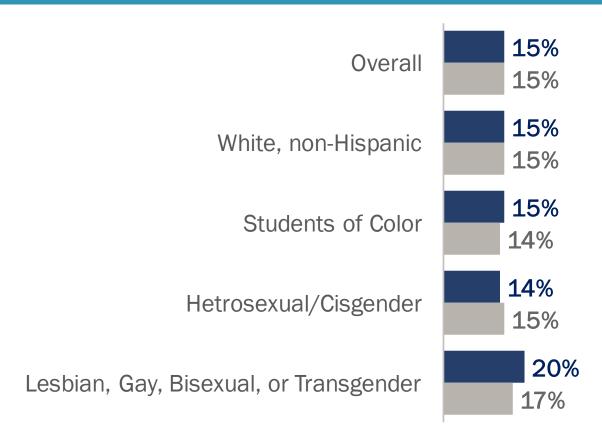
Source: Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey (2013-2019)

### Percent of students in grades 6 – 8 reporting substance use

Substance Use	Rutland	Vermont	Statistical Comparison
Ever drank alcohol	26%	20%	Worse
Drank any alcohol, past 30 days	10%	7%	Worse
Ever used marijuana	9%	7%	Same
Marijuana use, past 30 days	6%	5%	Same
Ever smoked cigarette	9%	7%	Worse
Smoked cigarette, past 30 days	2%	2%	Same
Ever used EVP	21%	16%	Worse
EVP use, past 30 days	12%	8%	Worse

Source: Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey (2019)

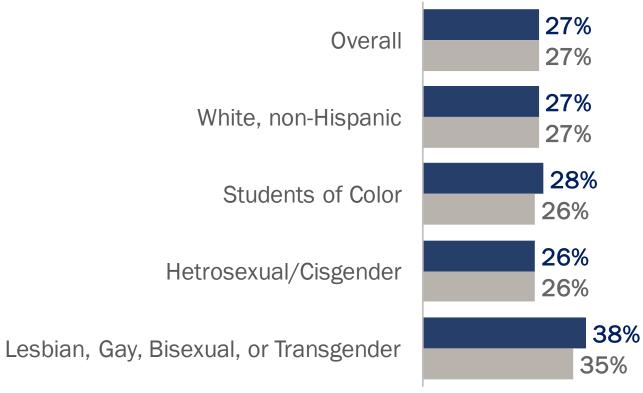
#### Percent of students who binge drank in the past 30 days in Rutland County and Vermont, grades 9-12



There are no statistical differences within Rutland County.

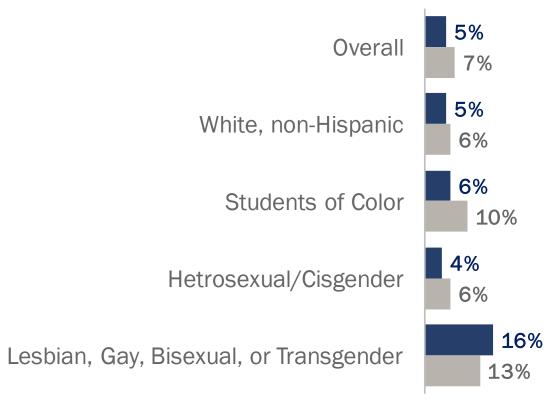
Source: Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey (2019)

#### Percent of students who used marijuana in the past 30 days in Rutland County and Vermont, grades 9-12



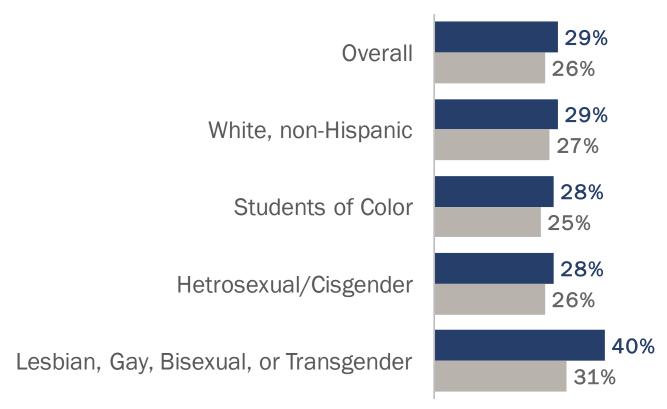
LGBT students were statistically more likely to use marijuana than heterosexual/cisgender students within **Rutland County.** 

# Percent of students who smoked cigarettes in the past 30 days in Rutland County and Vermont, grades 9-12



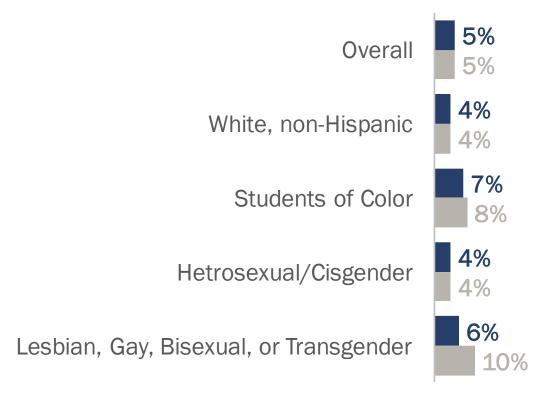
LGBT students were statistically more likely to use cigarettes than heterosexual/cisgender students within **Rutland County.** 

### Percent of students who used an EVP in the past 30 days in Rutland County and Vermont, grades 9-12



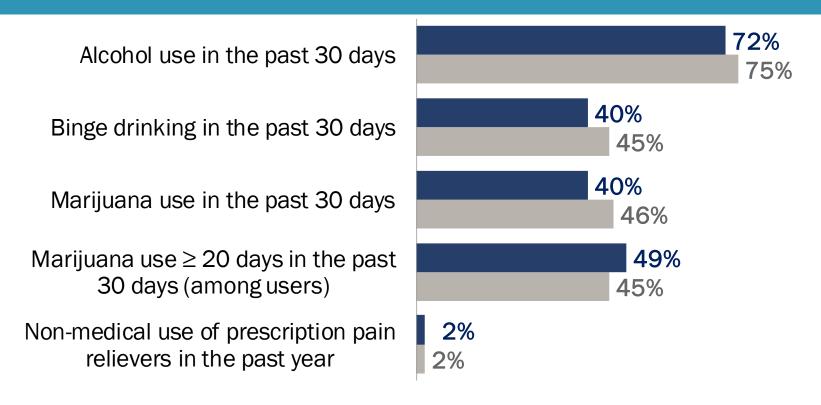
LGBT students were statistically more likely to use electronic vaping products than heterosexual/ cisgender students within **Rutland County**.

# Percent of students who misused a prescription drug in the past 30 days in Rutland County and Vermont, grades 9-12



There are no statistical differences within **Rutland County** for the above measures.

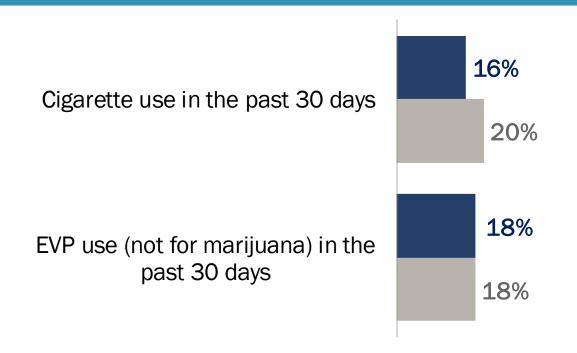
## Prevalence of substance use in young adults aged 18-25 in Rutland County and Vermont



There are no statistical differences between **Rutland County** and **Vermont** for the above measures.

Source: Vermont Young Adult Survey (2020)

## Prevalence of substance use in young adults aged 18-25 in Rutland County and Vermont



There are no statistical differences between **Rutland County** and **Vermont** for the above measures.

Source: Vermont Young Adult Survey (2020)

## Percent of students in grades 9 – 12 reporting protective or other factors

Protective or Other Factor	Rutland County	Vermont	Statistical Comparison
Felt valued by community	52%	58%	Worse
Have at least one adult or teacher in their school they can talk to if they had a problem	77%	78%	Same
Felt sad or hopeless almost every day for at least two weeks in the past year	35%	31%	Worse

## Percent of students in grades 9 – 12 reporting risk factors for substance use, alcohol

Risk Factor	Rutland County	Vermont	Statistical Comparison
Drank before age 13	15%	13%	Same
Believe it is easy to get alcohol	69%	67%	Same
Think people greatly risk harming themselves binge drinking	40%	39%	Same
Believe their parents would think it is wrong or very wrong to drink alcohol	72%	69%	Same
Believe it is wrong or very wrong for people their age to drink alcohol	57%	53%	Better

## Percent of students in grades 9 – 12 reporting risk factors for substance use, marijuana

Risk Factor	Rutland County	Vermont	Statistical Comparison
Marijuana use before age 13	7%	6%	Worse
Believe it is easy to get marijuana	64%	62%	Same
Think people greatly risk harming themselves smoking marijuana	23%	23%	Same
Believe their parents would think it is wrong or very wrong to use marijuana	75%	75%	Same
Believe it is wrong or very wrong for people their age to use marijuana	51%	51%	Same

### Percent of students in grades 9 – 12 reporting risk factors for substance use, cigarettes and EVPs

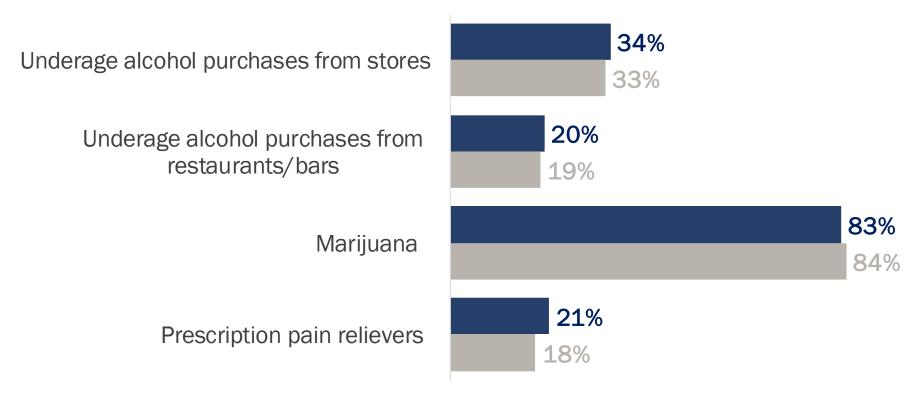
Risk Factor	Rutland County	Vermont	Statistical Comparison
Cigarette use before age 13	8%	7%	Same
Believe it is easy to get EVPs	72%	73%	Same
Think people greatly risk harming themselves using EVPs	25%	29%	Worse
Believe their parents would think it is wrong or very wrong to use EVPs	83%	84%	Same
Believe it is wrong or very wrong for people their age to use EVPs	54%	56%	Same

#### The percent of high school students and young adults who report driving after using marijuana or alcohol

Behavior	Rutland County	Vermont	Statistical Comparison
9 <sup>th</sup> – 12 <sup>th</sup> grade students that drove after using <b>marijuana</b> in the past 30 days*	16%	15%	Same
18 – 25-year-olds that drove after using marijuana in the past 30 days**	13%	14%	Same
9 <sup>th</sup> – 12 <sup>th</sup> grade students that drove after <b>drinking</b> in the past 30 days*	6%	6%	Same
18 – 25-year-olds that drove after having too much to <b>drink</b> , in the past 30 days**	3%	1%	Same

Sources: \*Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey (2019) \*\*Vermont Young Adult Survey (2020)

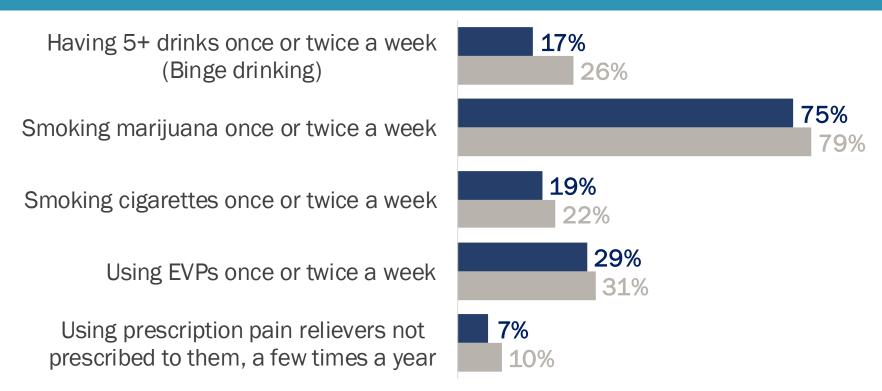
# The percent of young adults perceiving "very easy" or "somewhat easy" to obtain substances in Rutland County and Vermont



There are no statistical differences between **Rutland County** and **Vermont** for the above measures.

Source: Vermont Young Adult Survey (2020)

# The percent of young adults perceiving "no risk" or "slight risk" in using substances in Rutland County and Vermont



Perceived risk of young adults having 5+ drinks once or twice a week in **Rutland County** was statistically better than **Vermont** overall.

Source: Vermont Young Adult Survey (2020)

## **Vermont Prescription Drug Monitoring Program** (PDMP)

Vermont's PDMP, known as the **Vermont Prescription Monitoring System** (**VPMS**), is a statewide electronic database of controlled substance prescriptions dispensed from Vermont-licensed pharmacies that became operational in January of 2009.

VPMS collects, monitors and analyzes electronically transmitted prescribing and dispensing data submitted by pharmacies and dispensing practitioners. This information is used to support and coordinate clinical care and substance misuse prevention, and to assist in understanding the patterns of controlled substance prescribing and dispensing in Vermont.

Source: Vermont Prescription Monitoring System

#### **Vermont Prescription Monitoring System (VPMS)**

VPMS quarterly reports summarize data for all Schedule II – IV prescriptions that were dispensed by Vermont-licensed pharmacies. The next slide includes data from the VPMS quarterly report covering the period of 07/01/2020 - 09/30/2020. The drug types included are:

- Opioid Analgesic opioids used to treat pain
- Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT) Opioids opioids used to treat opioid use disorder
- Benzodiazepines sedatives used for anxiety, insomnia and other conditions
- Stimulants medication used to increase alertness, attention, energy

Source: VPMS 2020 Quarter 3 Report

## Percent of Population Receiving At Least One Prescription in Drug Class, July - September 2020

	OPIOID ANALGESIC	MAT	BENZODIAZEPINE	STIMULANT
ADDISON	3.8%	0.9%	3.4%	2.3%
BENNINGTON	4.8%	1.8%	4.9%	3.5%
CALEDONIA	4.0%	0.7%	3.5%	2.9%
CHITTENDEN	3.3%	0.9%	4.0%	2.9%
ESSEX	2.9%	0.3%	2.4%	1.5%
FRANKLIN	4.8%	1.9%	3.4%	2.0%
GRAND ISLE	5.1%	1.3%	3.6%	2.3%
LAMOILLE	4.2%	1.3%	3.9%	2.5%
ORANGE	3.1%	1.1%	3.3%	1.9%
ORLEANS	5.5%	1.0%	4.9%	3.5%
RUTLAND	5.1%	1.6%	4.5%	2.6%
WASHINGTON	4.2%	0.8%	4.7%	3.0%
WINDHAM	4.4%	0.8%	4.9%	4.0%
WINDSOR	2.9%	0.9%	3.0%	1.7%
Vermont	4.0%	1.1%	4.0%	2.7%

## Morphine Milligram Equivalents (MME) to measure opioid prescriptions

Using Morphine Milligram Equivalents (MME) allows for comparison between types and strengths of opioids.

MME is a way to express the strength of an opioid analgesic prescription as though the prescription were converted to morphine. For instance, the following medications each provide 50 MME/day:

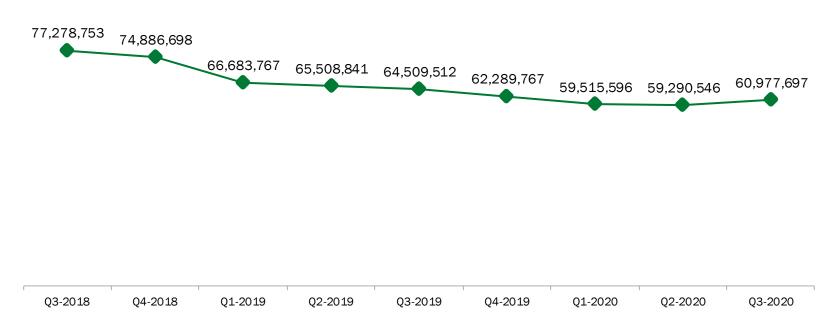
- 10 tablets of hydrocodone/acetaminophen 5/300
- 2 tablets of oxycodone sustained-release 15 mg
- <3 tablets of methadone 5 mg</li>

Source: VPMS 2020 Quarter 3 Report

#### The total amount of opioids dispensed has decreased over time

#### Vermont Total MME Dispensed by Quarter

Since Quarter 1 of 2016, the Vermont total MME has decreased by over 44%



Q1: January-March Q2: April-June Q3: July-September Q4: October-December

## The rate of Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program <u>alcohol</u> citations for youth age 16-20

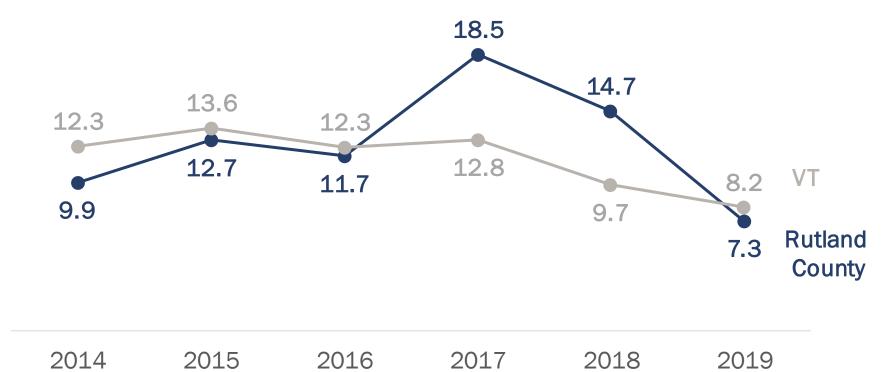
per 1,000 VT youth, by **fiscal year** (using the annual Vermont population estimate data for ages 16-20)



Source: Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program (2012-2019)

## The rate of Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program marijuana citations for youth age 16-20

per 1,000 VT youth, by **fiscal year** (using the annual Vermont population estimate data for ages 16-20)



Source: Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program (2014-2019)

#### **Impaired Driver Crashes - 2019**

County	Fatal Crashes	Injury Crashes	Property Damage Only Crashes	Total by County
Addison	2	9	17	28
Bennington	0	25	22	47
Caledonia	2	3	12	17
Chittenden	4	39	84	127
Essex	1	0	2	3
Franklin	3	10	19	32
Grand Isle	0	4	5	9
Lamoille	2	10	14	26
Orange	1	9	7	17
Orleans	3	7	6	16
Rutland	1	12	15	28
Washington	0	16	20	36
Windham	2	14	20	36
Windsor	2	26	18	46
Total by Crash Type	23	184	261	468

#### **Division of Liquor Control Compliance Checks**

Number of checks of 1st and 2nd Class Licensees Jan 2019 – Oct 2020, does not include "incomplete" checks

Source: <u>Division of Liquor Control</u> projectRABIT

County	Checked	Passed	Percent Passed		
Addison	17	15	88%		
Bennington	56	52	93%		
Caledonia	53	47	89%		
Chittenden	232	216	93%		
Essex	7	6	86%		
Franklin	57	56	98%		
<b>Grand Isle</b>	14	13	93%		
Lamoille	28	28	100%		
<b>Orange</b>	26	22	85%		
Orleans	69	60	87%		
Rutland	109	106	97%		
Washington	77	66	86%		
Windham	71	60	85%		
Windsor	96	89	93%		
Vermont	912	836	92%		
nent of Health  Capacity					

## School-Based Substance Abuse Service Grants in Supervisory Unions funded for Fiscal Year 2021

Addison Northwest SU

Champlain Valley SD

Franklin Northeast SU

Lamoille South SU

Maple Run Unified SD

Mount Mansfield Unified Union SD

Slate Valley Unified Modified SD

Southwest Vermont SU

Springfield SD

Two Rivers SU

Windham Central SU

Windham Northeast SU

Windham Southeast SU

Windham Southwest SU

Windsor Central SU

The purpose of these grants is to provide and enhance substance abuse prevention and early intervention services in Vermont schools, leading to reductions in students' alcohol and other drug use.

See the **Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention Dashboard** for information on the percent of students screened and referred to treatment.

#### **Conclusion and Contacts**

 These data are presented to assist the District Offices and community partners in all types of planning, needs assessment, community outreach, and prevention work surrounding alcohol use, binge drinking, marijuana use, and prescription drug misuse.

#### Contact information

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