

State Level Data National Survey on Drug Use and Health

2017 - 2018

December 2019



National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH)

- Comprehensive household interview survey of substance use, substance use disorders, mental health, and the receipt of treatment services for these disorders
- Collected face-to-face by field interviewers who read less sensitive questions to respondents and transition respondents to audio computer assisted selfinterviewing for sensitive items
- NSDUH covers the civilian, noninstitutionalized population, aged 12 or older:
 - Includes: Households, college dorms, homeless in shelters, civilians on military bases
 - Excludes: Active military, long-term hospital residents, prison populations, homeless not in shelters
- Sample includes all 50 states and DC
- Approximately 67,500 persons are interviewed annually
- Data collected from January to December

What is NSDUH?

- Conducted by SAMHSA states do NOT have the ability to add or change questions
- Data summarized for the US, States, and Substate Areas
- Methodology is described <u>here</u> it is complex and survey data are adjusted in many ways prior to reporting
- Probability sampling methods are used
- Reported numbers are estimates and sampling errors are included in the data tables
- Participants are given \$30 for participating in the study
- NSDUH underwent a partial redesign in 2015 resulting in broken trends

Sample Size and age distribution for NSDUH

Number of interviews per state

State	Target Number of Completed Interviews, 2013	Target Number of Completed Interviews per Year, 2014 to 2022
California	3,600	4,560
Florida	3,600	3,300
New York	3,600	3,300
Texas	3,600	3,300
Illinois	3,600	2,400
Michigan	3,600	2,400
Ohio	3,600	2,400
Pennsylvania	3,600	2,400
Georgia	900	1,500
New Jersey	900	1,500
North Carolina	900	1,500
Virginia	900	1,500
Hawaii	900	967
Remaining States, Each	900	960

Sample Age Distribution

Age Group	2013	2014-2022
12-17	33%	25%
18-25	33%	25%
26+	33%	50%
26-34	9%	15%
35-49	13%	20%
50+	11%	15%

Sources

There is an on-line tool with the measures <u>here</u>. This allows selection by measure, state, and age group.

SAMHSA Maps – these show state level rates for more measures and age groups than included in this presentation.

- <u>2017/2018</u>
- <u>2016/2017</u>
- <u>2015/2016</u>
- <u>2014/2015</u>
- <u>2013/2014</u>

Sources

Statistical significance data:

- Change from 2016/17 to 2017/18
- Change from 2015/16 to 2016/17
- Change from 2014/15 to 2015/16
- Change from 2013/14 to 2014/15
- Change from 2012/13 to 2013/14
- Change from 2011/12 to 2012/13
- Change from 2010/11 to 2011/12
- Change from 2009/10 to 2010/11

Significance for earlier years is not readily available

General Notes

- When the trend data isn't available for the full period 2010/11 forward it
 means either than the data aren't available (heroin, methamphetamine) or
 the question changed and is no longer comparable (pain reliever misuse,
 binge drinking, risk of smoking marijuana, illicit drug use disorder, substance
 use disorder)
- When the data label is **Red** and bold, it means there is a statistically different change that is undesirable. When it is **Green** and bold, it is a desirable change. The change may be at the 0.05 or 0.10 level. Refer to the source data if that information is needed. Significance prior to the changes between 2009/2010 and 2010/11 are not readily available.
- Northeast states include: CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT

Summary data

Takeaways - 2017/2018 NSDUH

- Good news: Measures with significant improvement between 2016/17 and 2017/18 were:
 - Past month tobacco use by people age 12+, 12-18, 26+
 - Past month cigarette use by people age 12+18-25
 - Perception of great risk of drinking 5+ drinks 1 to 2 times a week by people age 18-25, 26+
- Bad news: Measures with significant negative changes include:
 - Past month alcohol use by people age 12-20
 - Past month marijuana use by people age 12-17
 - First use of marijuana by people age 12+, 12-17, 18-25
 - Past year methamphetamine use by people age 12-17
 - Past year heroin use by people age 25+

Takeaways – Vermont compared to the US and Northeast 2017/2018

Measure	Compared to the Northeast, Vermont is:	Compared to the US, Vermont is:
Past month alcohol use age 12+	Higher	Higher
Past month binge alcohol use age 12+	Same	Higher
Past month marijuana use age 12+	Higher	Higher
Perceived great risk from smoking marijuana once a month age 12+	Lower	Lower
Trying marijuana for the first time age 12+	Higher	Higher
Past year cocaine use age 12+	Higher	Higher
Past year methamphetamine use age 12+	Same	Same
Past year heroin use age 12+	Same	Same
Past year pain reliever misuse age 12+	Same	Same

Takeaways - Vermont compared to the US and Northeast 2017/2018

Measure	Compared to the Northeast, Vermont is:	Compared to the US, Vermont is:
Past month tobacco use age 12+	Higher	Same
Past month cigarette use age 12+	Higher	Same
Alcohol use disorder in the past year age 12+	Higher	Higher
Any substance use disorder in the past year age 12+	Higher	Higher
Any illicit drug use disorder in the past year age 12+	Higher	Higher

Bold **red** or **green** label indicates a significant difference

US – general information

Epidemiology – United States

In 2018 20.3 million people aged 18+ had a substance use disorder (NSDUH) For comparison

- For 30.3 million people have diabetes (CDC, 2015)
- 16 million have COPD (NIH, CDC, 2015)
- 1.7 million are diagnosed with cancer (CDC, 2015)

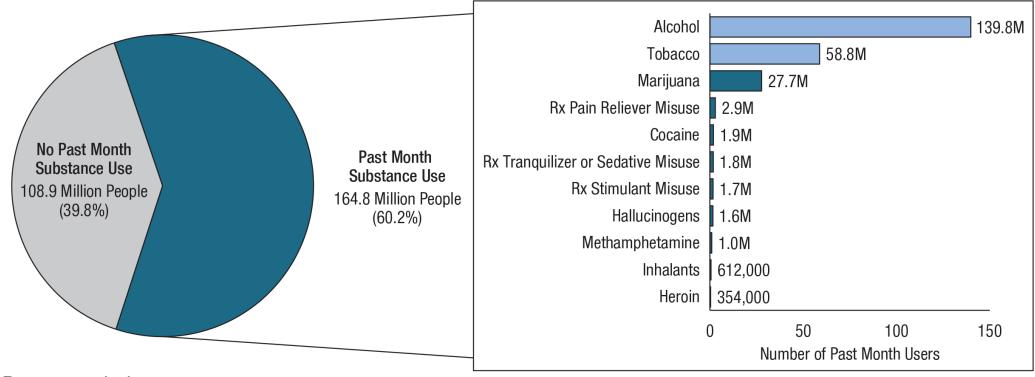
10.3 million report misusing opioids (NSDUH, 2018)

- 9.4 million reporting misusing prescription pain relievers only
- 808,000 report misusing heroin
- 562,000 report misusing both heroin and prescription pain relievers

Treatment for Substance Use Disorders (NSDUH, 2018)

- 19.7% of people with an opioid use disorder in 2018 received treatment
- 4.6% of people with an alcohol use disorder in 2018 received treatment

Over 60% of people age 12 and older in the US used at least one potentially addictive substance in the past month in 2018.



Rx = prescription.

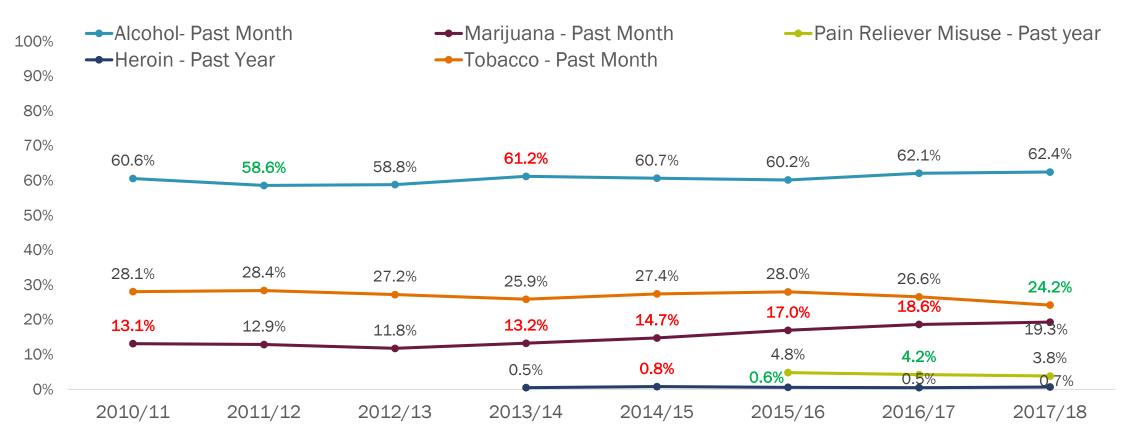
Note: The estimated numbers of current users of different substances are not mutually exclusive because people could have used more than one type of substance in the past month.

Data Source: National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2018

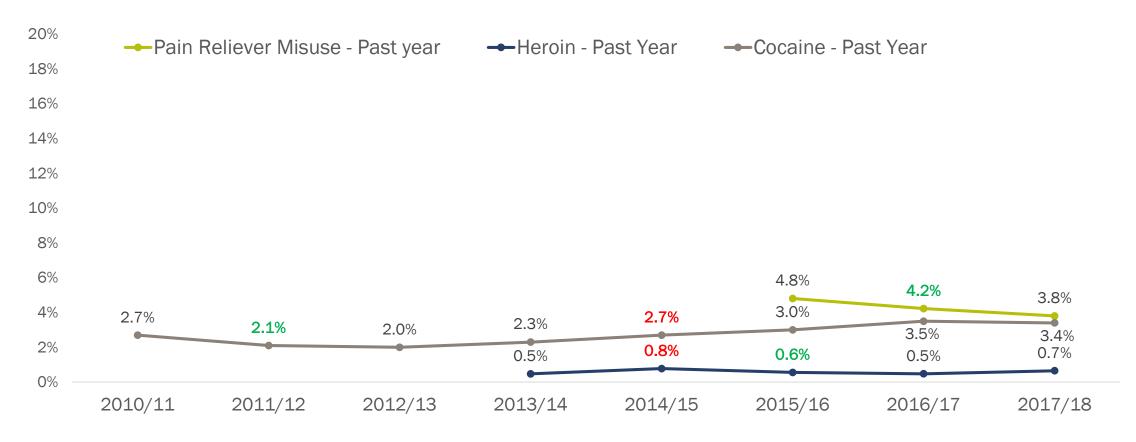


Vermont Data

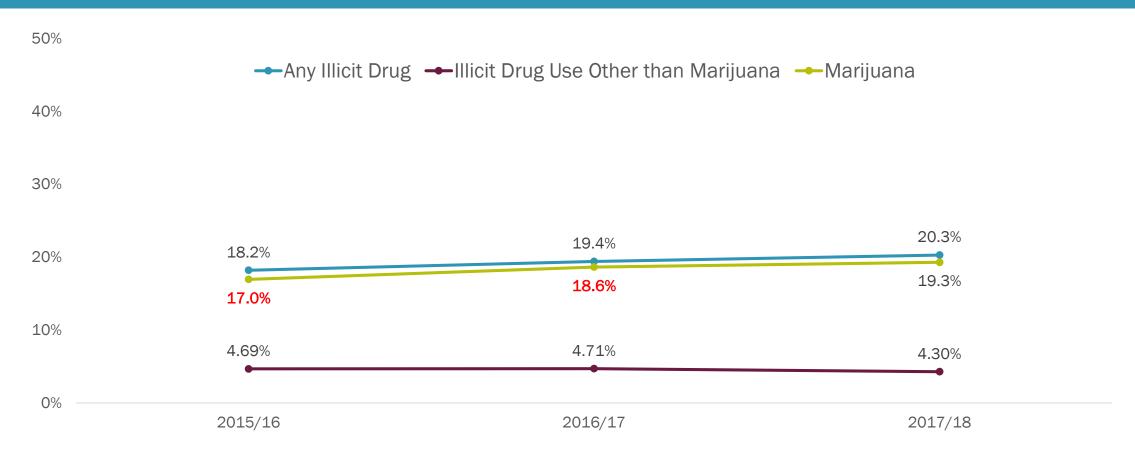
Of Vermonters age 12+ using selected substances, alcohol is the mostly commonly used substance.



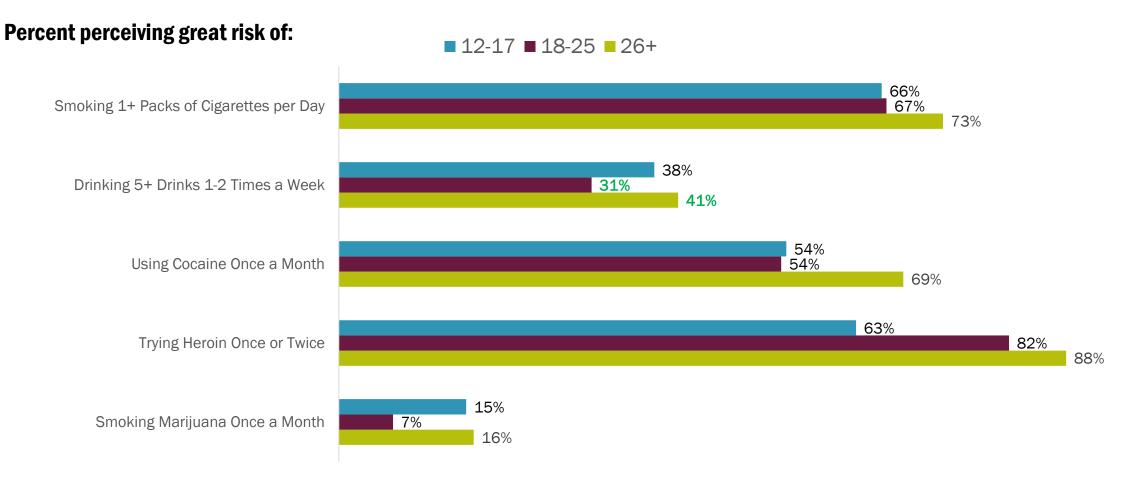
Fewer than five percent of Vermonters age 12+ used cocaine or opioids in the last year.



High rates of past month drug use by Vermonters age 12+ aligns closely with rates of marijuana use.



The percentage of Vermonters perceiving great risk of using substances in 2017/2018 varies by age and substance, with marijuana being lowest for all age groups. Perception of great risk of trying heroin is lowest among those age 12-17.

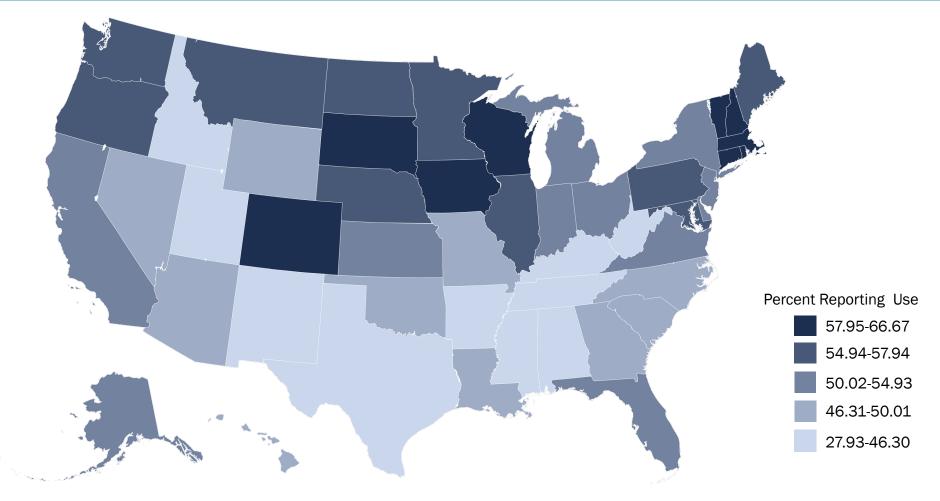


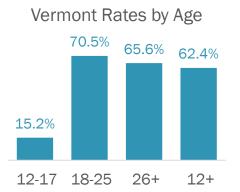
Alcohol

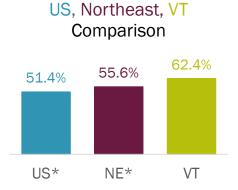
Vermont Department of Health

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Vermont past month alcohol use among people age 12+ is among the highest in the US (2017-2018). This is true of all age groups.

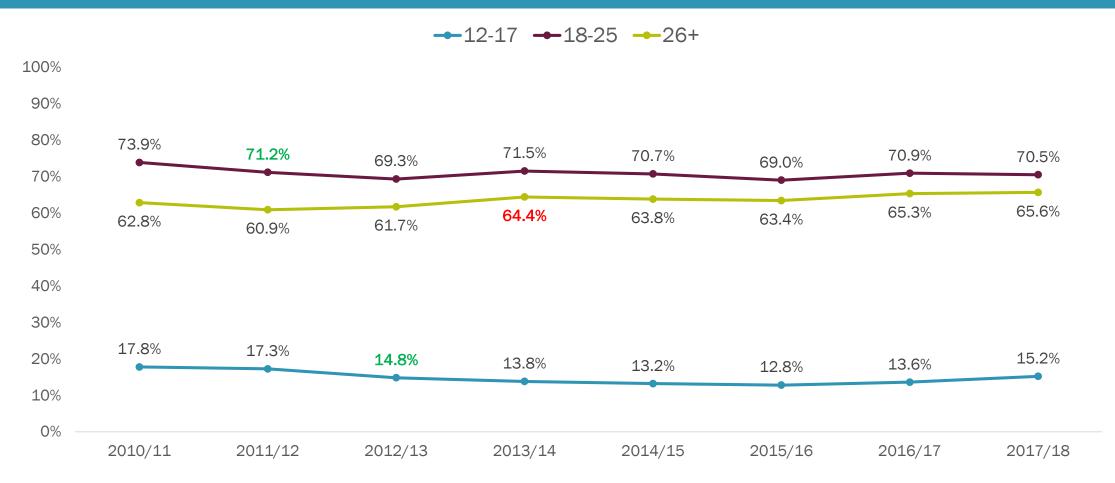




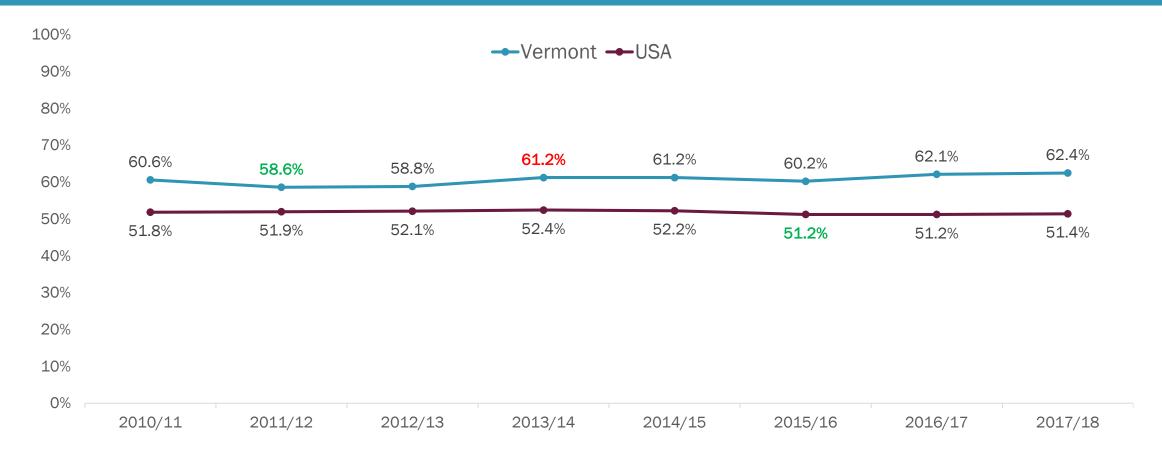


*VT is statistically higher than both the Northeast and US

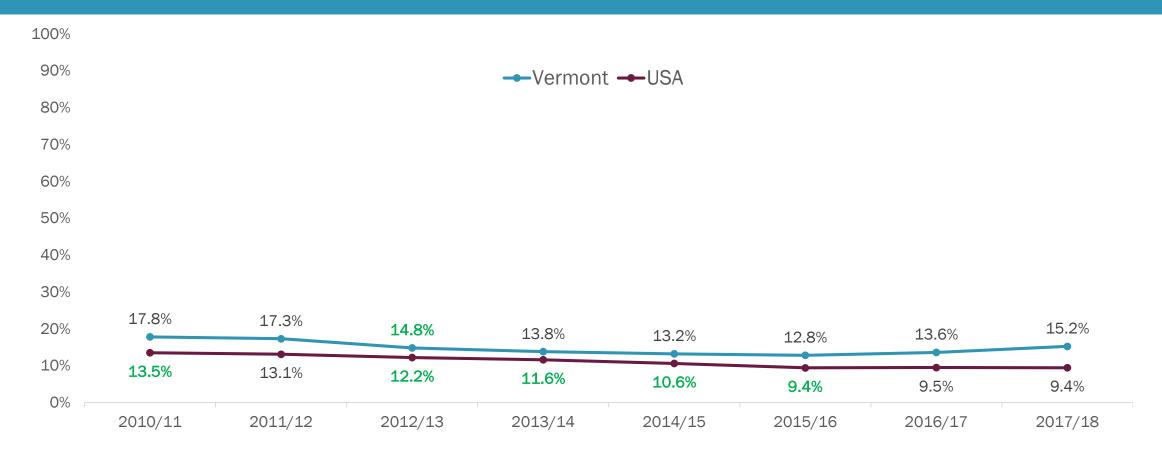
The percentage of Vermonters age 18-25 using alcohol in the past month is consistently higher than that of other age groups



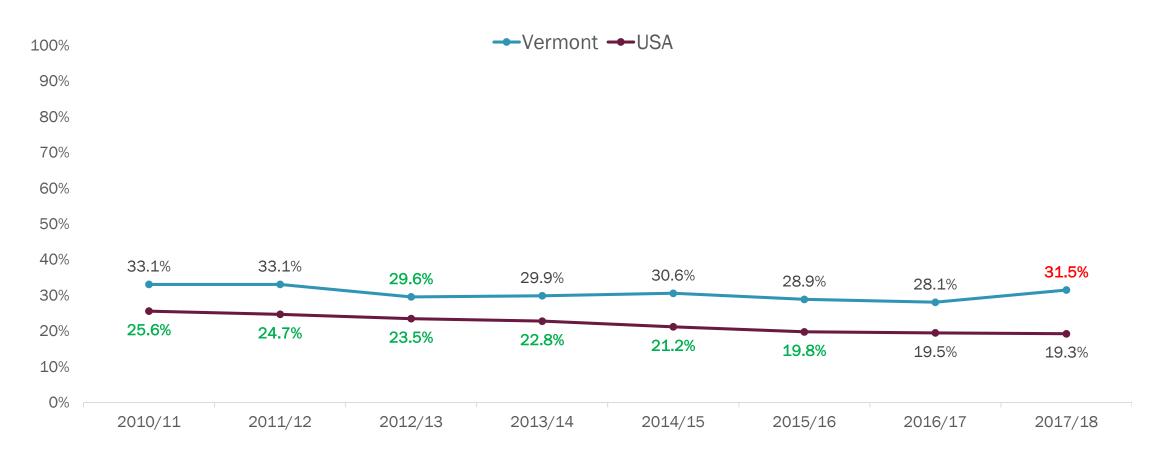
The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ using alcohol in the past month is consistently higher than the national average.



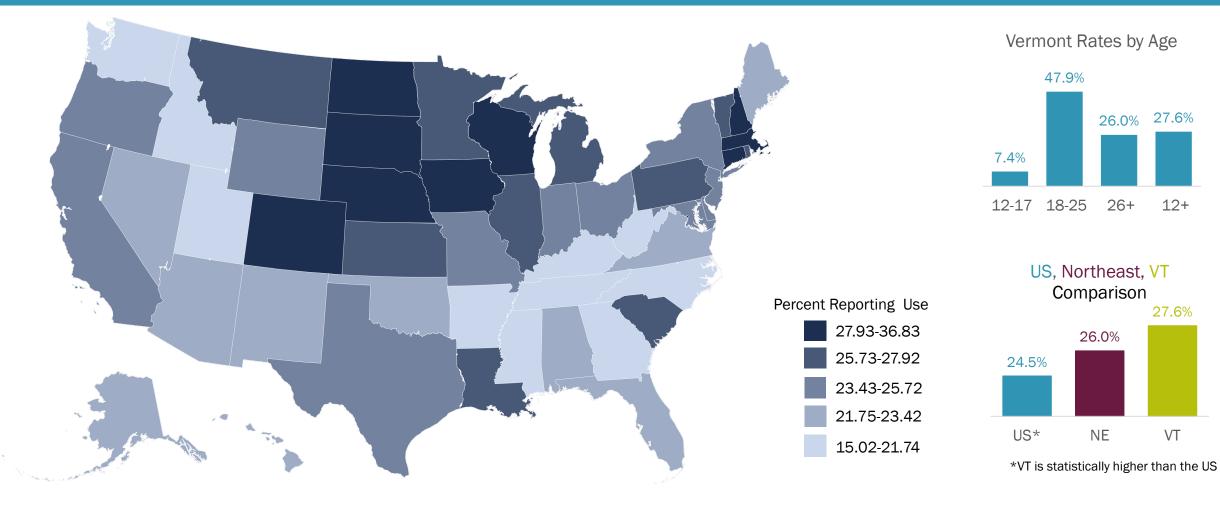
The percentage of Vermonters age 12-17 using alcohol in the past month is consistently higher than the national average



The percentage of underage (12-20) Vermonters using alcohol in the past month is consistently higher than the national average

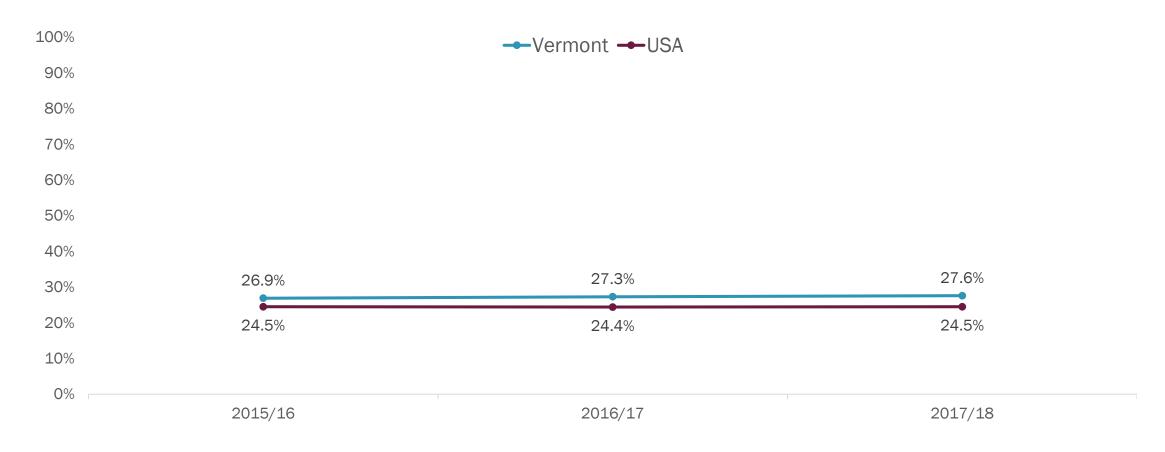


Past month binge alcohol use among people age 12+ in Vermont is high. (2017-2018).

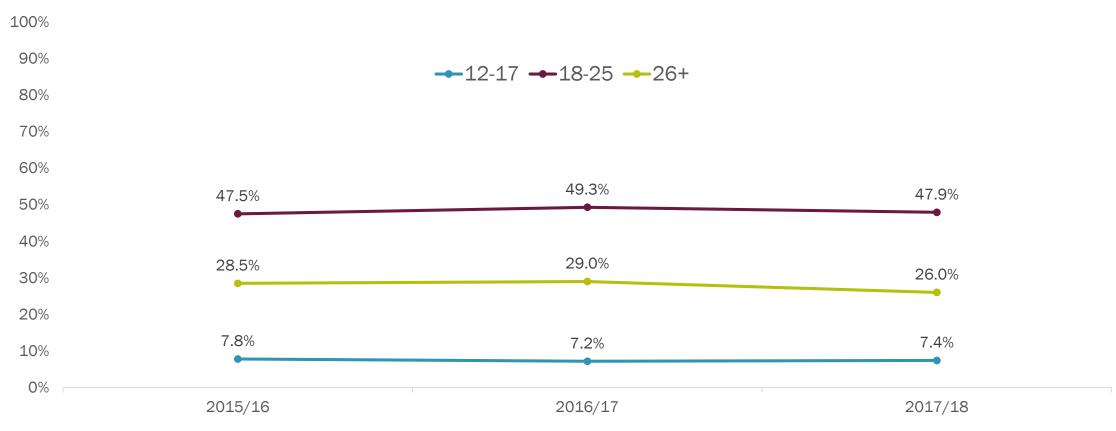


VT

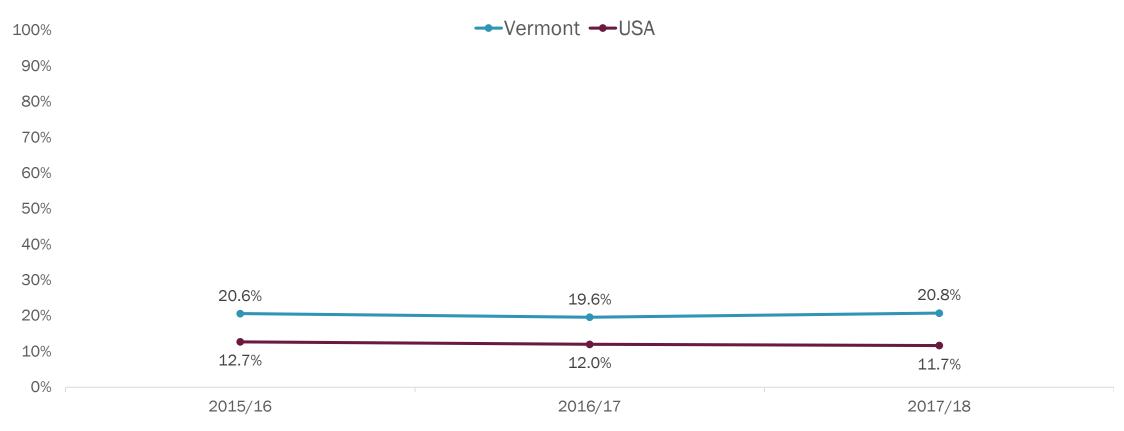
The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ binge drinking in the past month is typically higher than the national average and has not significantly changed.



The percentage of Vermonters age 18-25 binge drinking in the past month is consistently higher than that of other age groups



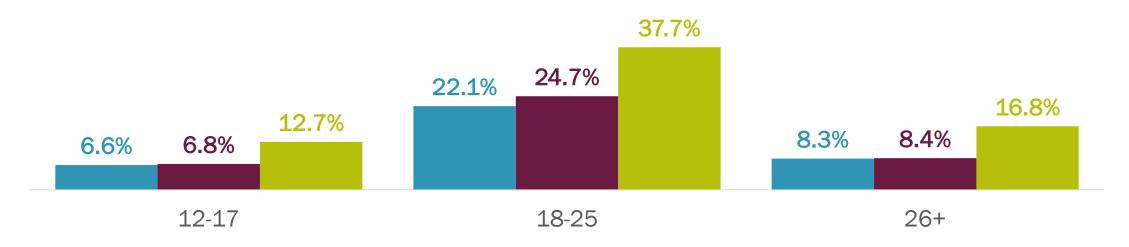
The percentage of underage (12-20) Vermonters binge drinking in the past month is consistently higher than the national average.



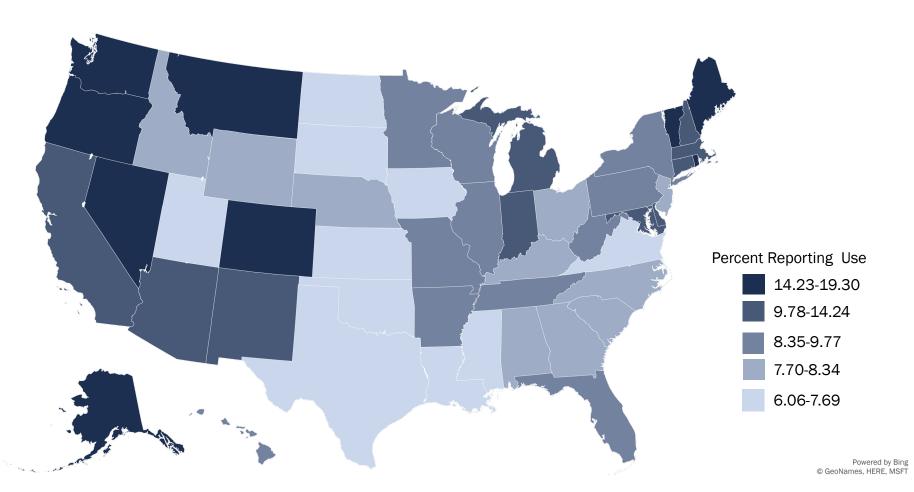
Marijuana

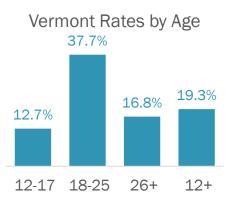
In 2017/2018 a significantly higher percentage of Vermonters used marijuana in the past month compared to the US and the Northeast, in each age group.

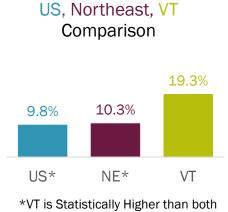




Vermont past month marijuana use among people age 12+ is among the highest in the US (2017-2018).

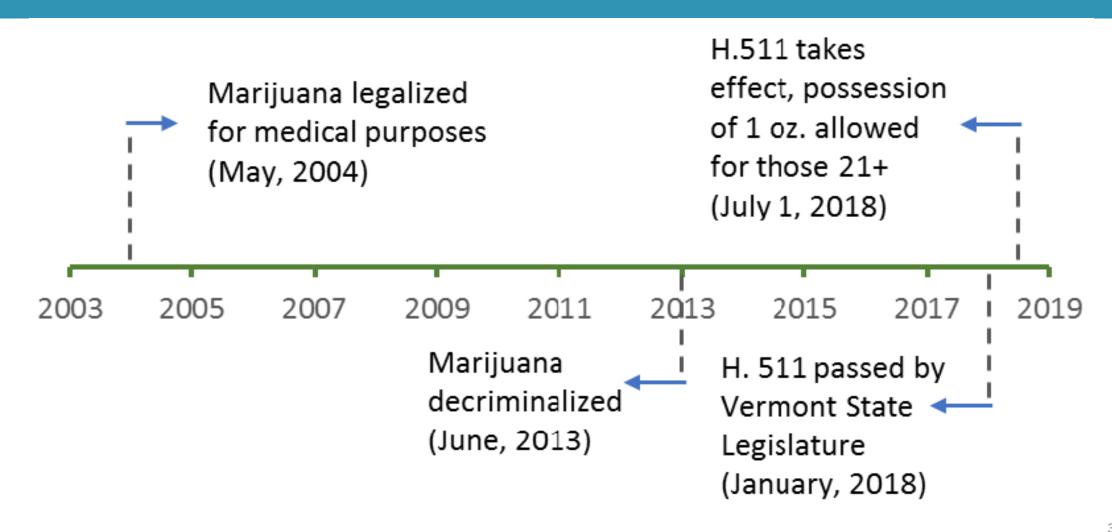




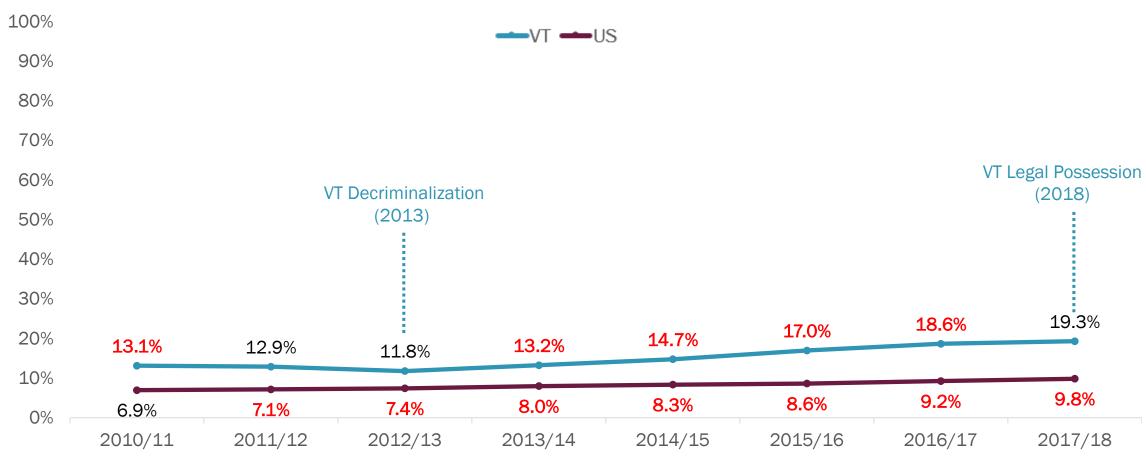


*VT is Statistically Higher than both the Northeast and US

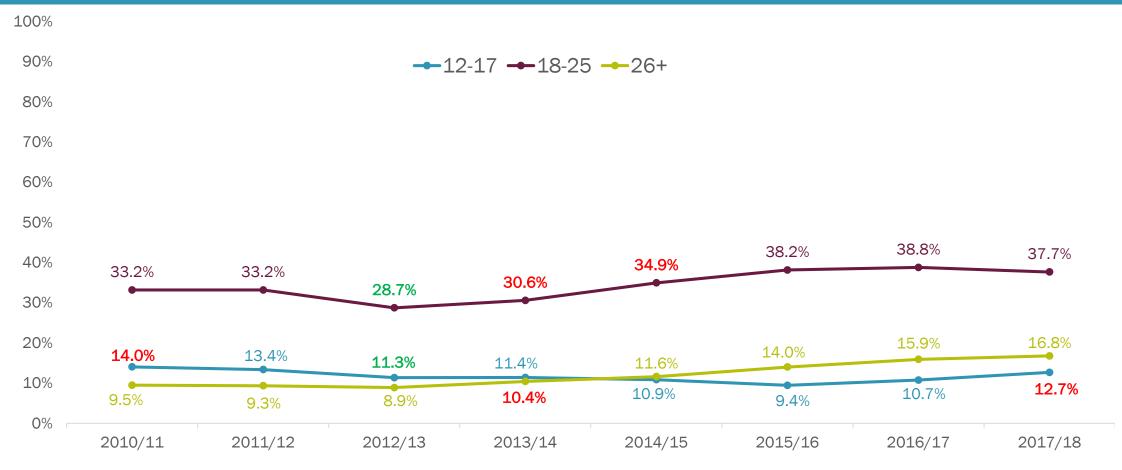
Marijuana-related legislation in Vermont began in 2004.



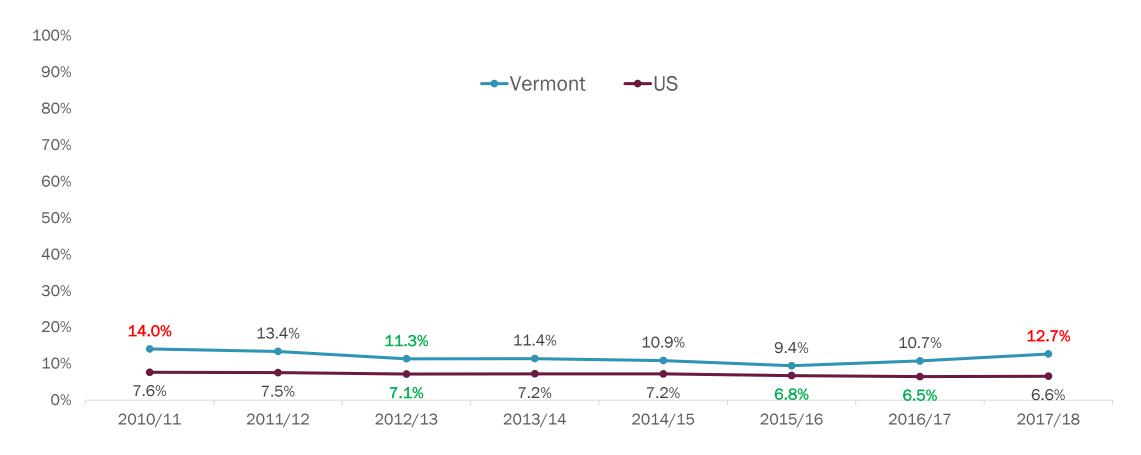
The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ using marijuana in the past month is consistently higher than the national average. Vermont and US have both had significant increases in use.



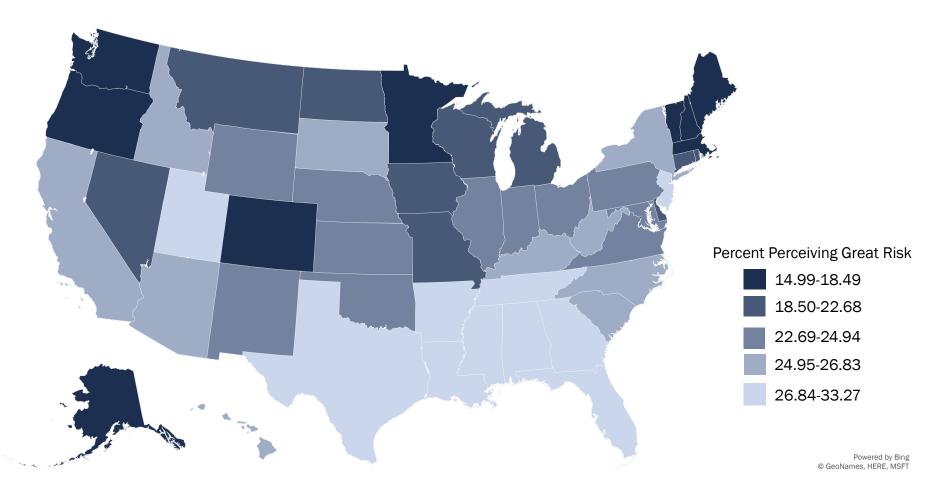
The percentage of Vermonters age 18-25 using marijuana in the past month is consistently higher than other age groups



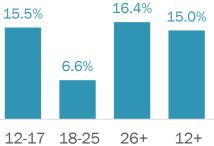
The percentage of Vermonters age 12-17 using marijuana in the past month is consistently higher than the national average.



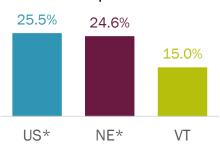
Vermonters age 12+ are less likely to perceive great risk from smoking marijuana once a month than other US states (2017-2018). This is true of all age groups.



Vermont Rates by Age

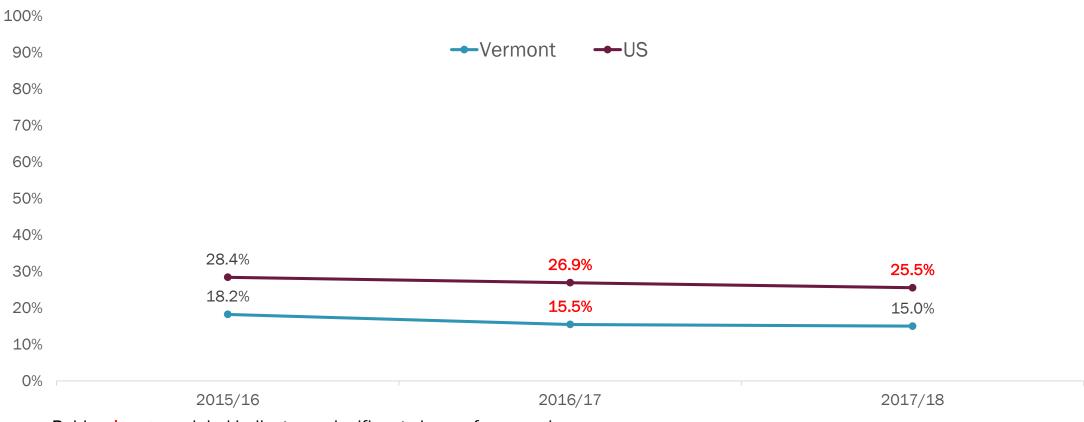


US, Northeast, VT Comparison

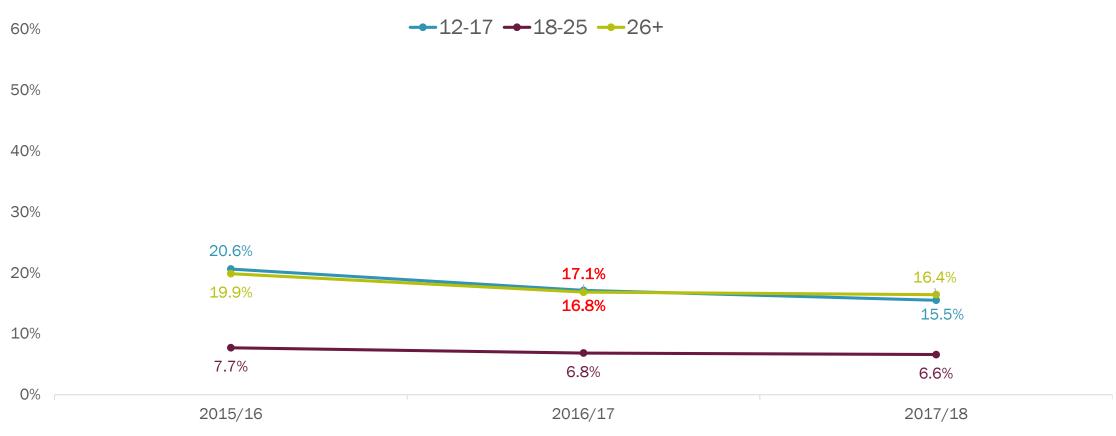


*VT is statistically different than both the Northeast and US

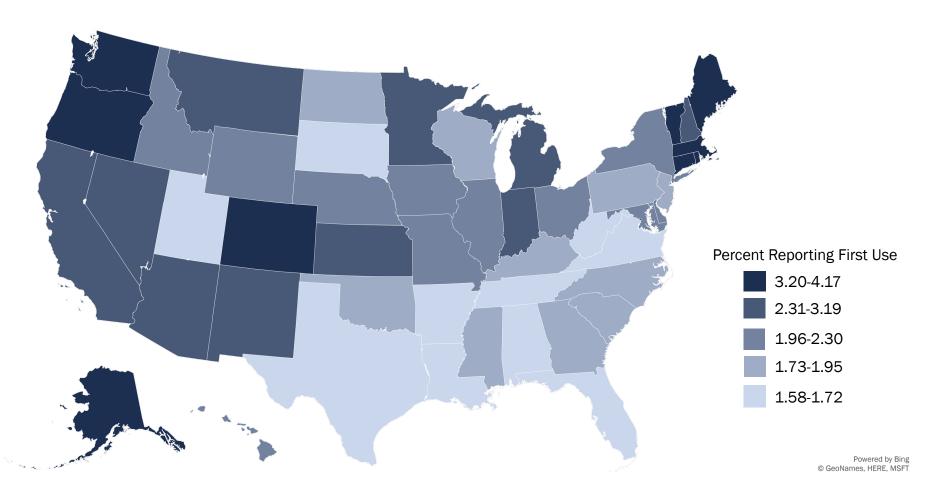
Vermonters age 12+ are less likely to perceive great risk from smoking marijuana once a month than the US as a whole.



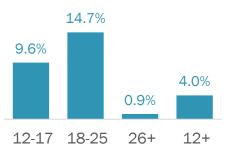
The percentage of Vermonters age 18-25 perceiving great risk from smoking marijuana in the past month is consistently lower than that of other age groups



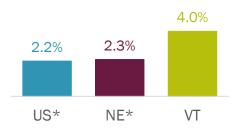
Vermonters age 12+ are more likely to try marijuana for the first time than other US states (2017-2018).



Vermont Rates by Age

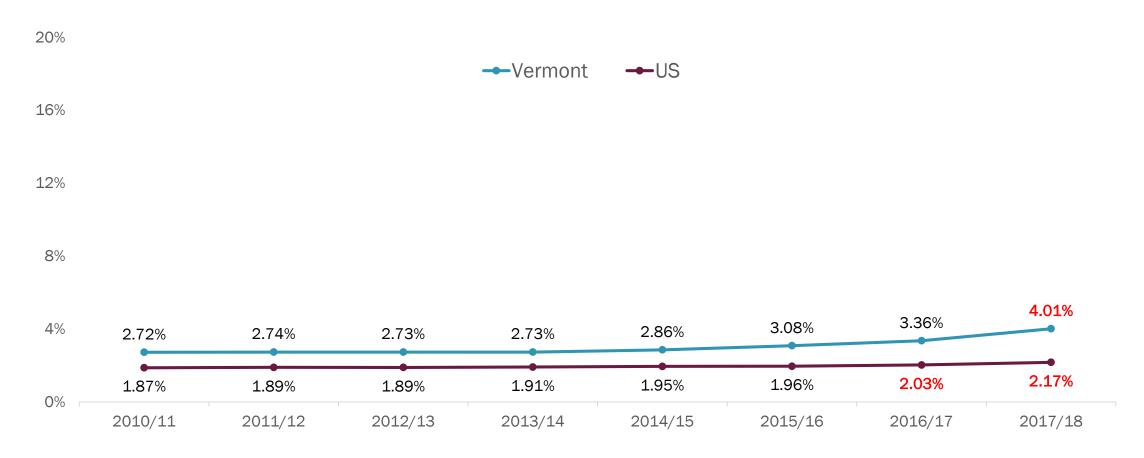


US, Northeast, VT Comparison

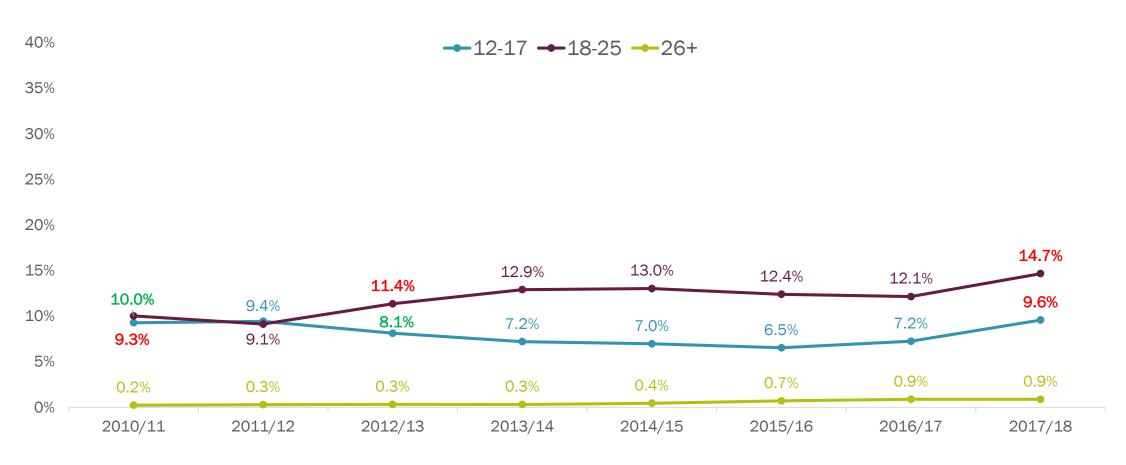


*VT is Statistically different than both the Northeast and US

The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ trying marijuana for the first time is consistently higher than the national average.



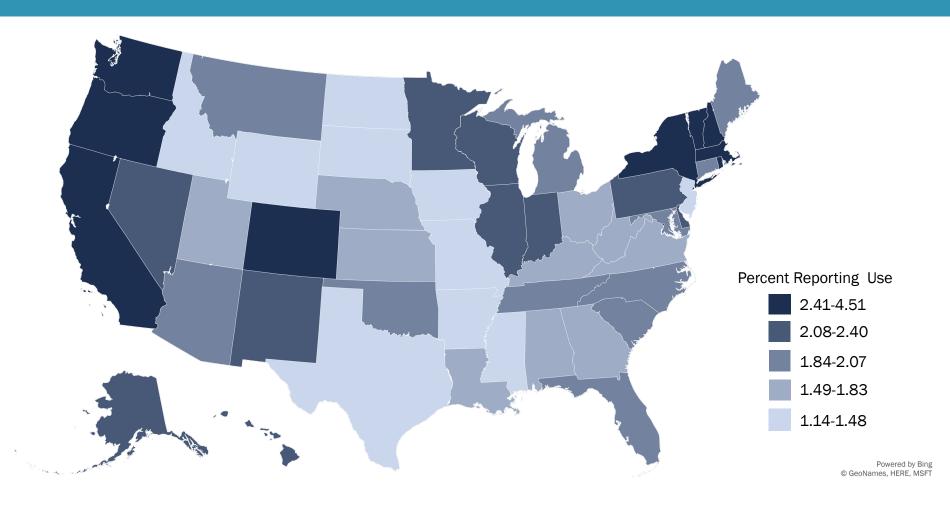
There were significant increases in the percentage of Vermonters age 12-17 and 18-25 who tried marijuana for the first time in 2017/2018.



Stimulants

Vermont Department of Health

Vermont past year cocaine use among people age 12+ is among the highest in the US (2017-2018)

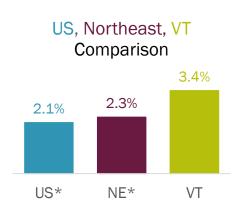


11.1% 2.3% 3.4%

26+

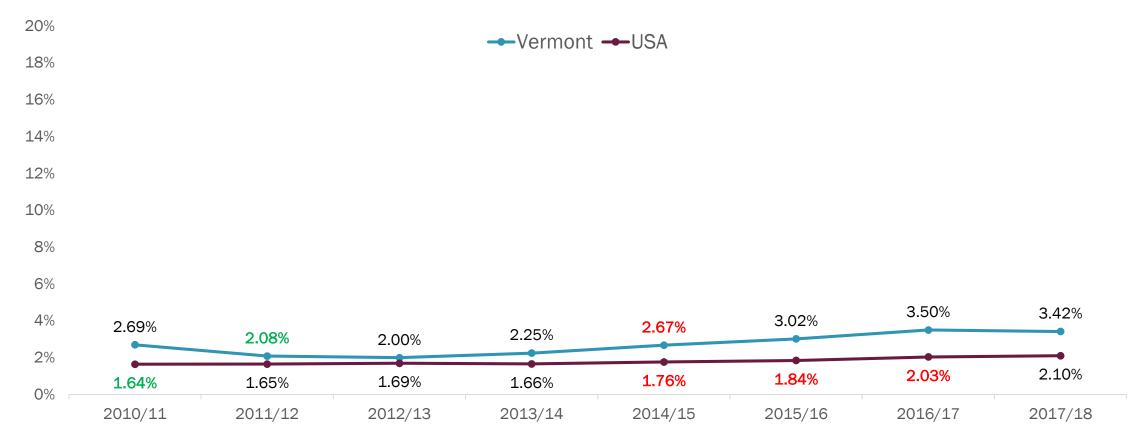
12+

12-17 18-25

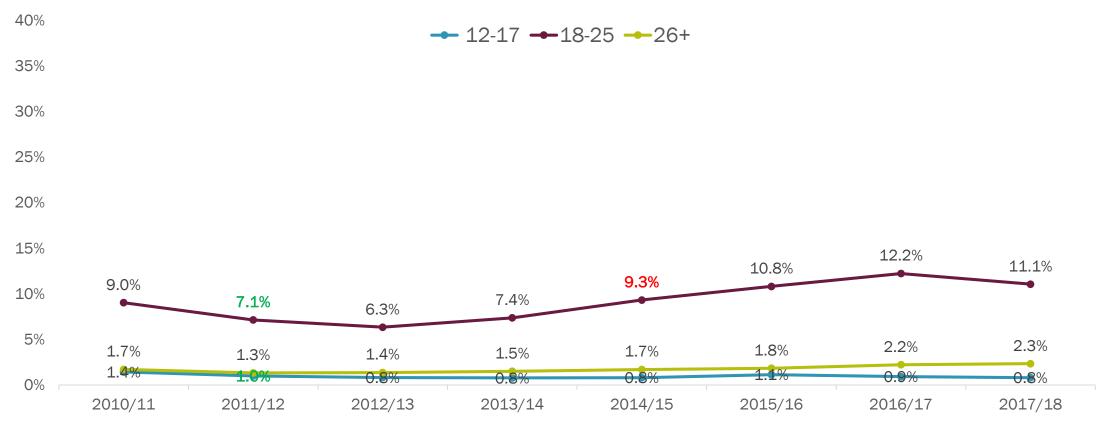


*VT is statistically higher than both the Northeast and US

The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ using cocaine in the past year is consistently higher than the national average.

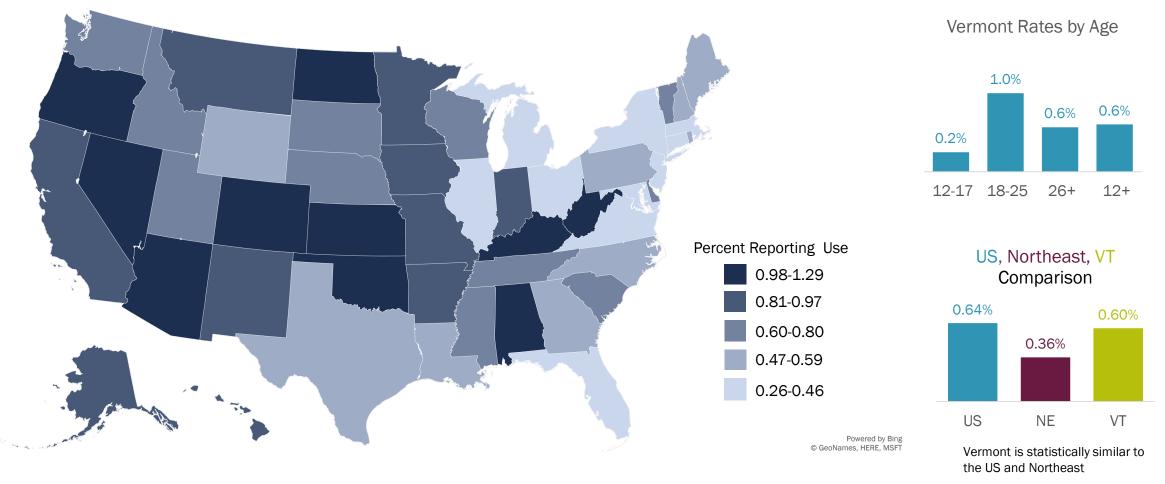


Vermonters age 18-25 are most likely to have used cocaine in the past year.

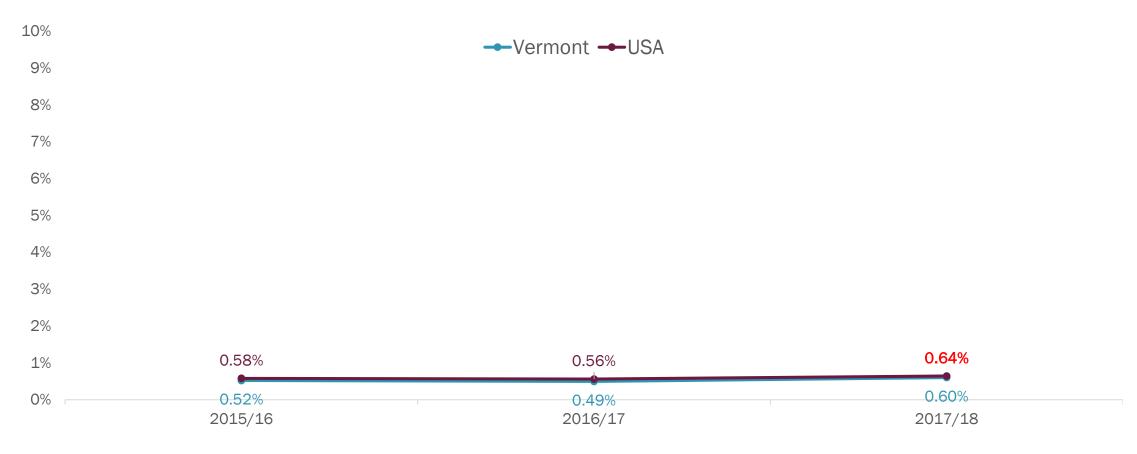


Bold red or green label indicates a significant change from previous year

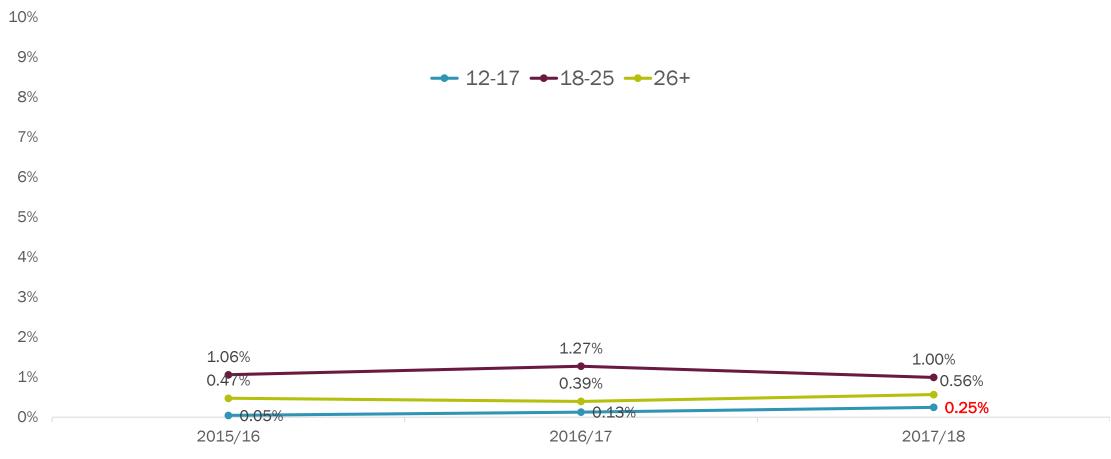
Vermont past year methamphetamine use among people age 12+ is similar to US and Northeast rates (2017-2018)



The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ using methamphetamine in the past year is similar to the national average.



Percent of Vermonters using methamphetamine in the past year is low in all age groups.



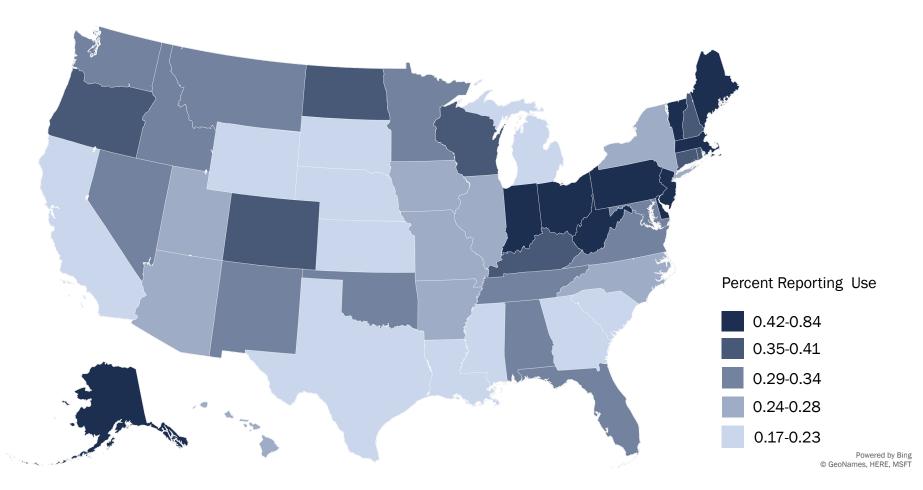
Opioids

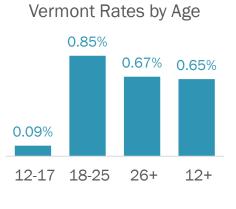
Vermont Department of Health

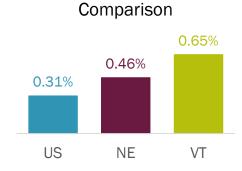
Vermont's 2017/2018 past year pain reliever misuse and heroin use among people age 12+ is statistically similar to US and the Northeast.



While Vermont appears to have one of the highest rates of past year heroin use in the US, it is statistically similar to both the US and Northeast (2017-2018)



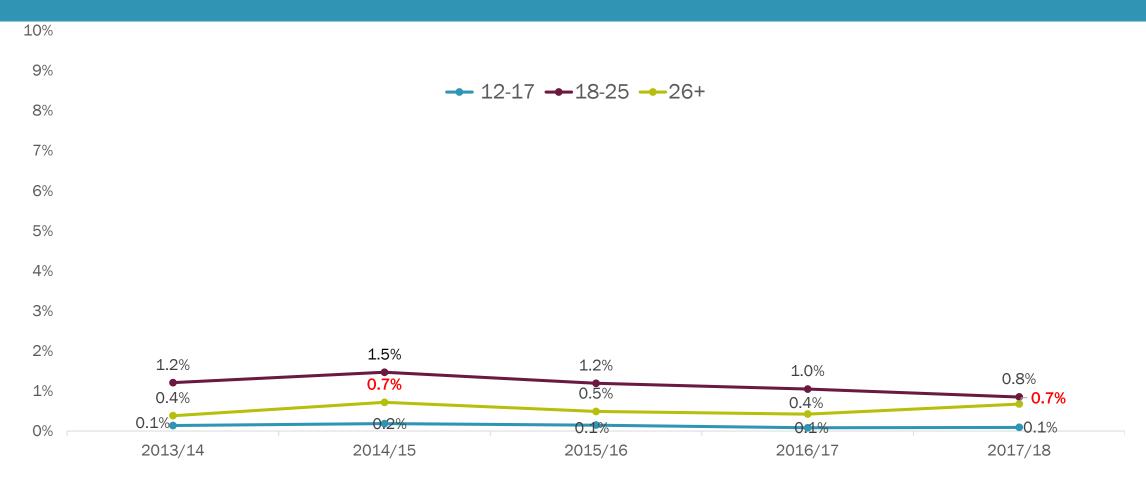




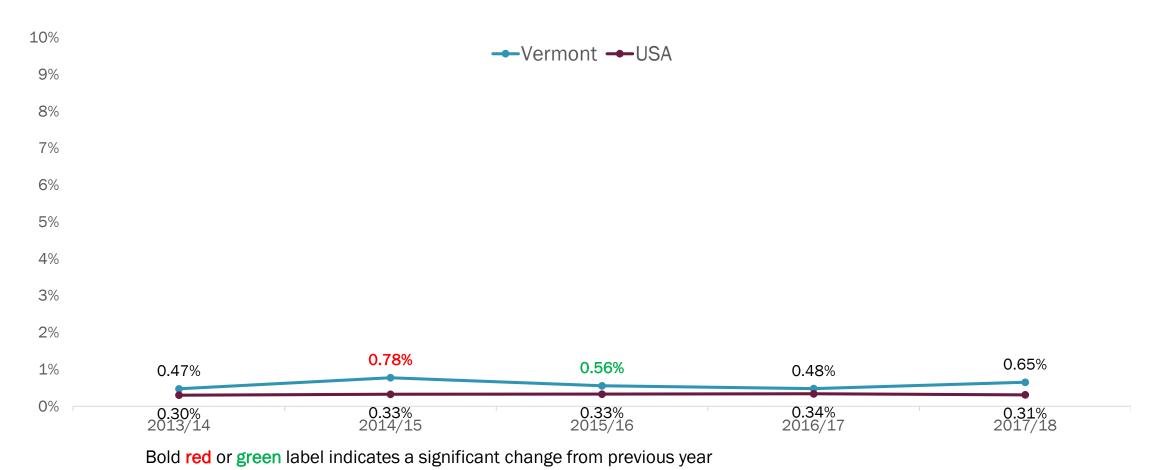
US. Northeast, VT

Vermont is statistically similar to both the US and Northeast

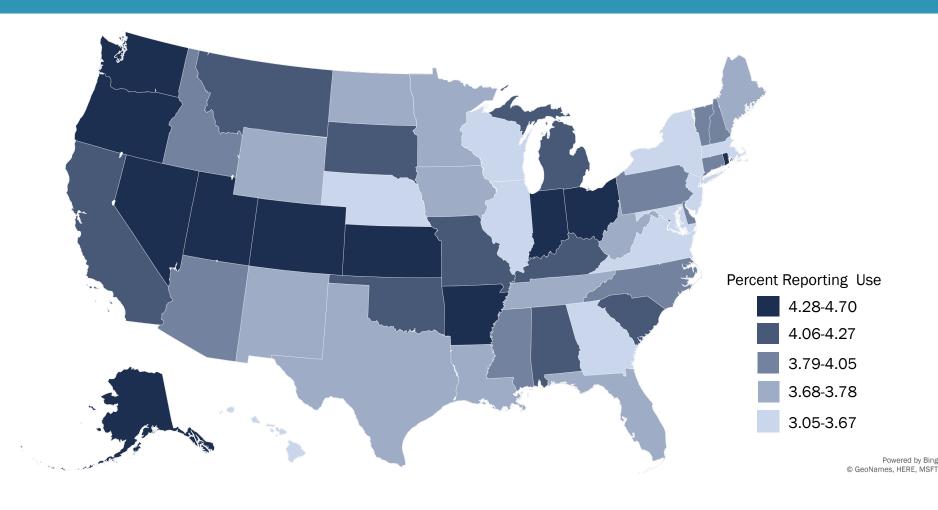
Vermonters Age 18-25 are more likely to use heroin in the past year than other age groups

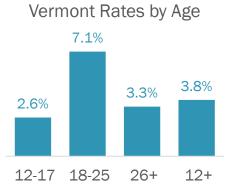


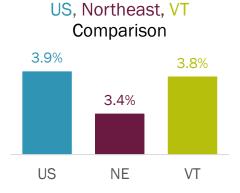
The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ using heroin in the past year is similar to the national average



Vermont past year pain reliever misuse among people age 12+ is similar to US and Northeast (2017-2018).

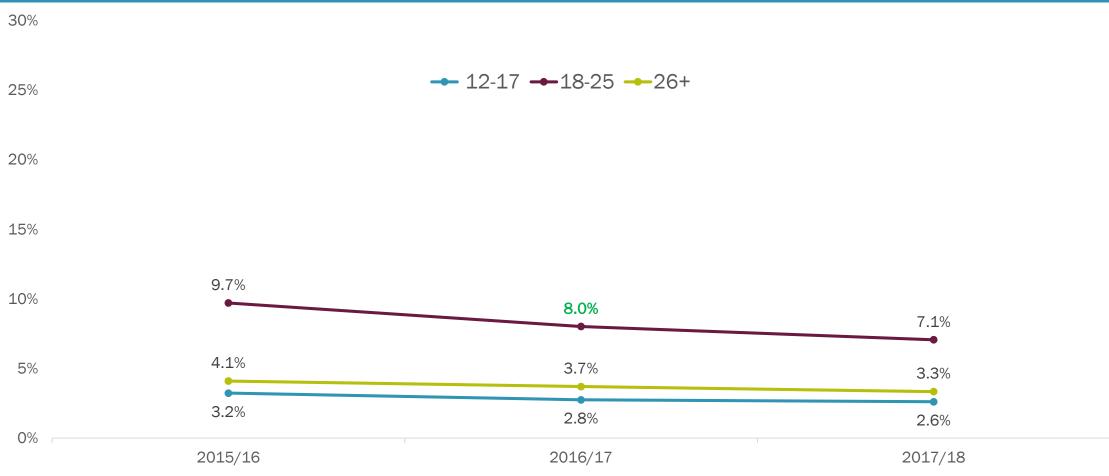






Vermont is statistically similar to both the US and Northeast

Vermonters age 18-25 are more likely to have misused pain relievers in the past year than other age groups.



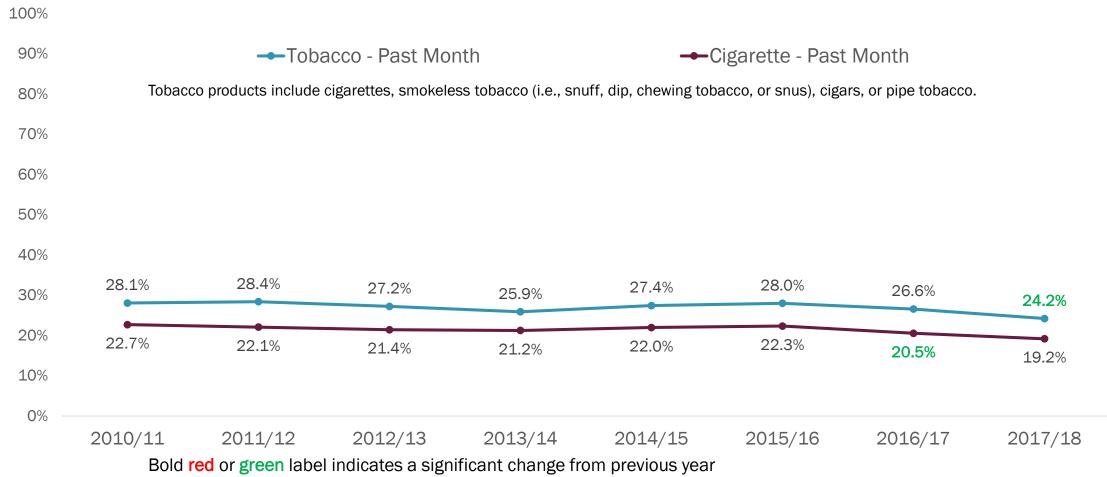
The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ misusing pain relievers in the past year is similar to the national average.



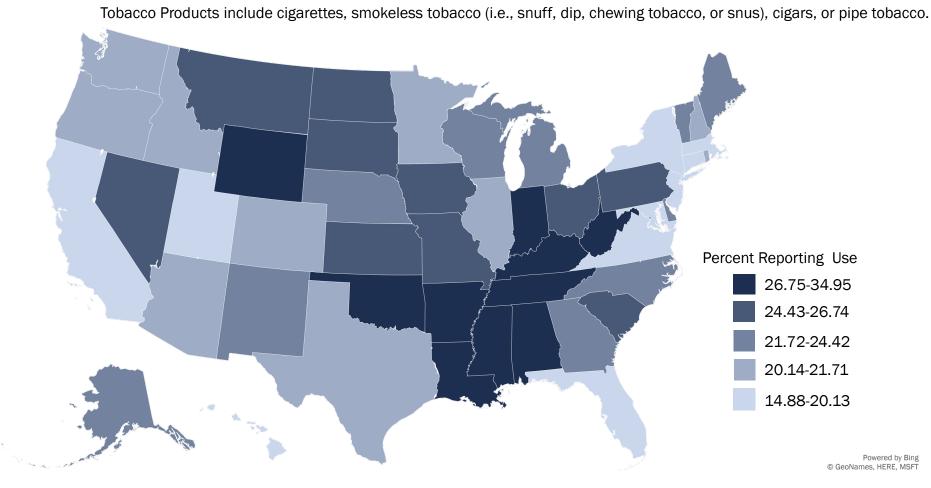
Tobacco

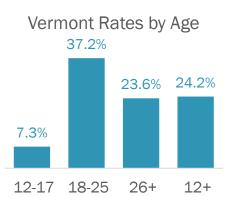
Vermont Department of Health

There has been no dramatic change in the percent of Vermonters age 12+ using any tobacco and cigarettes in the past month.



Vermont past month use of any tobacco among people age 12+ is higher than Northeast and similar to US (2017-2018).



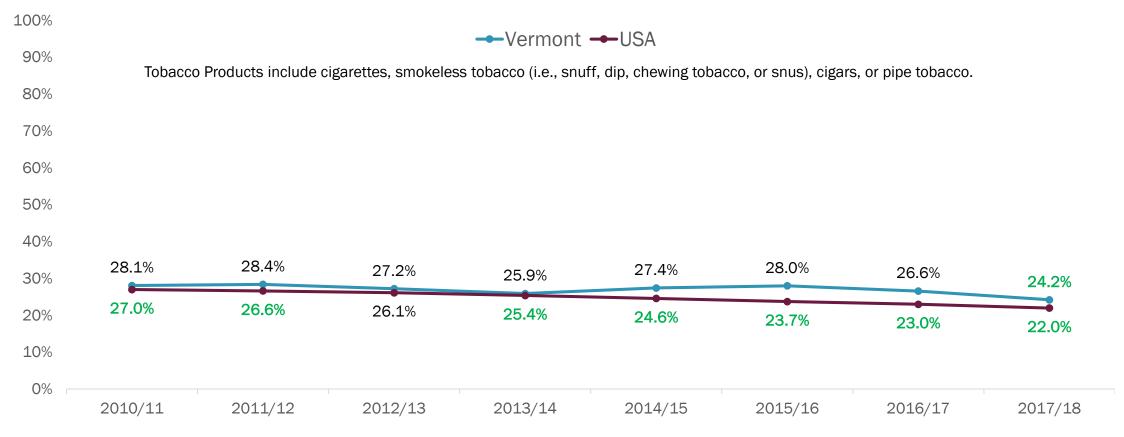




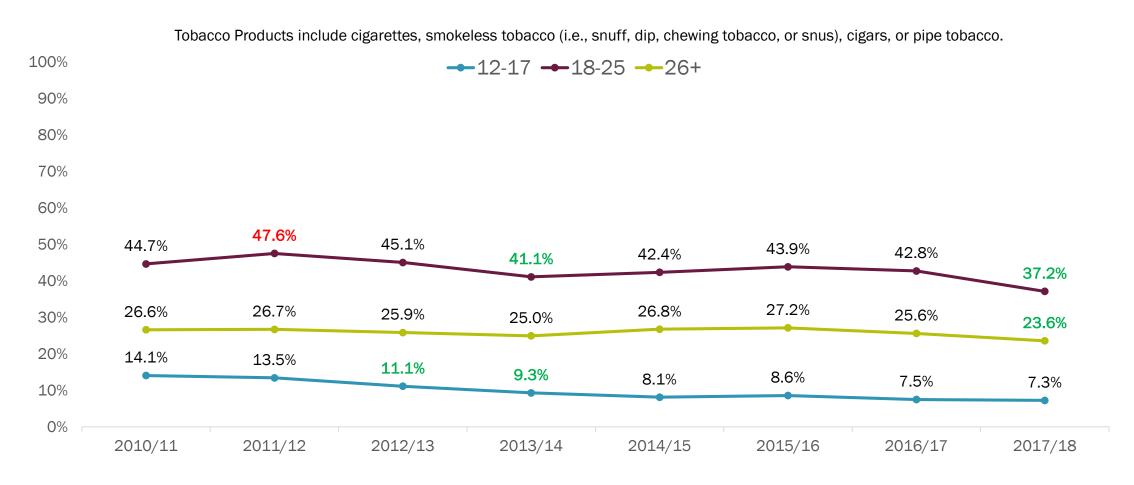
US. Northeast, VT

VT is statistically higher than the Northeast

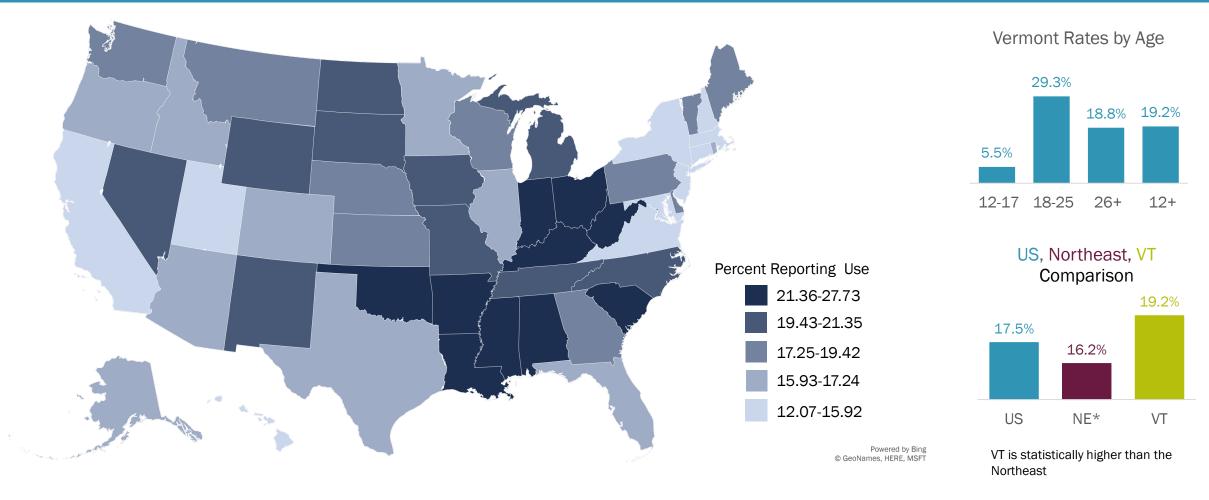
The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ using any tobacco in the past month is higher than the national average.



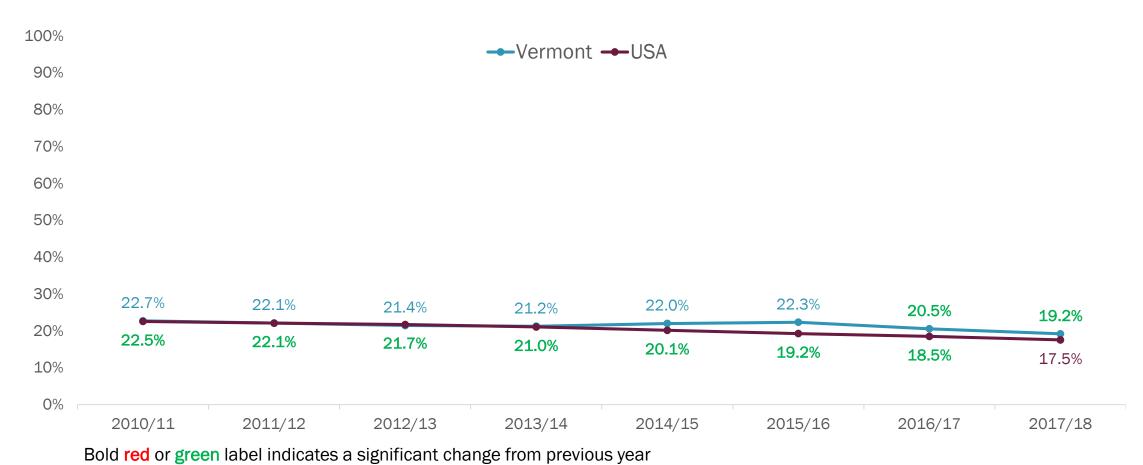
The percentage of Vermonters age 18-25 using any tobacco product in the past month is consistently higher than other age groups.



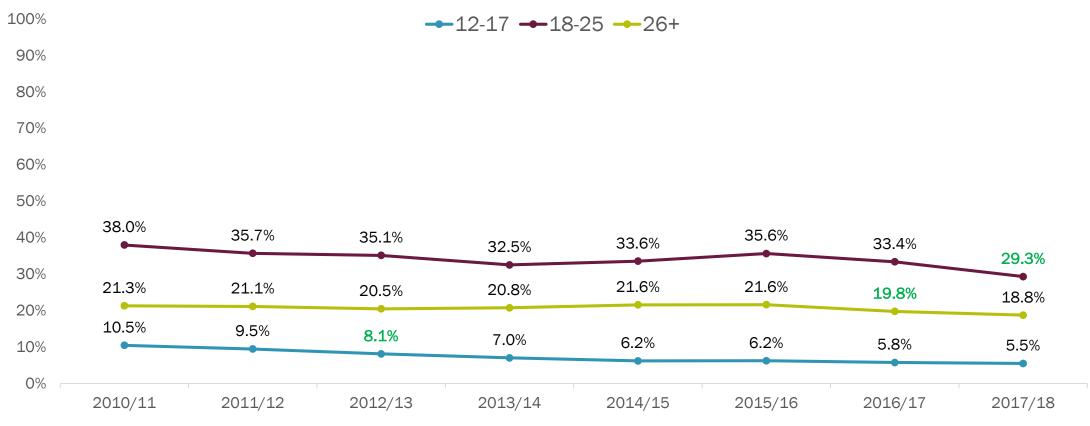
Vermont past month use of cigarettes among people age 12+ is higher than Northeast use and similar to US (2017-2018).



The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ using cigarettes in the past month is slightly higher than the national average.

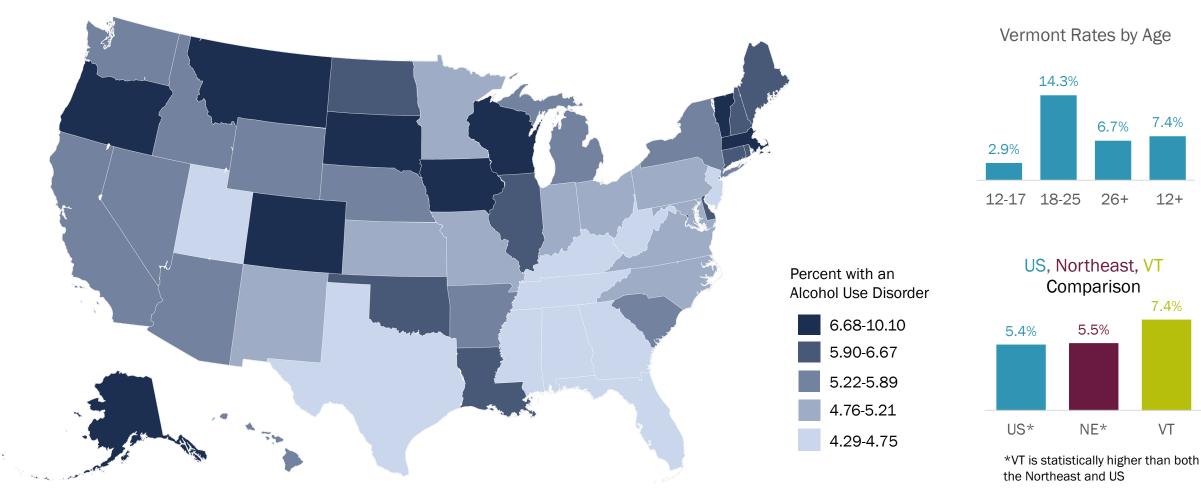


The percentage of Vermonters age 18-25 using cigarettes in the past month is consistently higher than that of other age groups



Substance Use Disorder

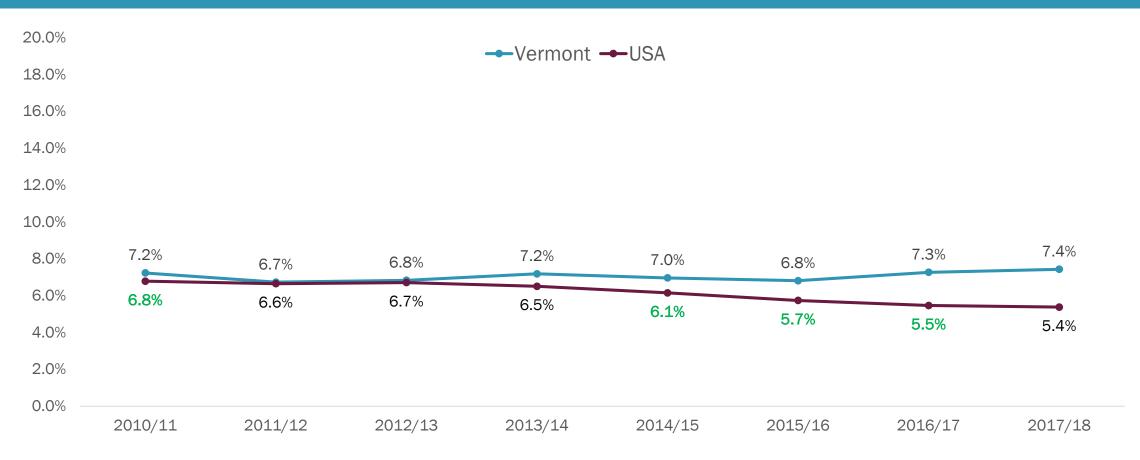
Vermont alcohol use disorder in the past year among people age 12+ is among the highest in the US (2017-2018).



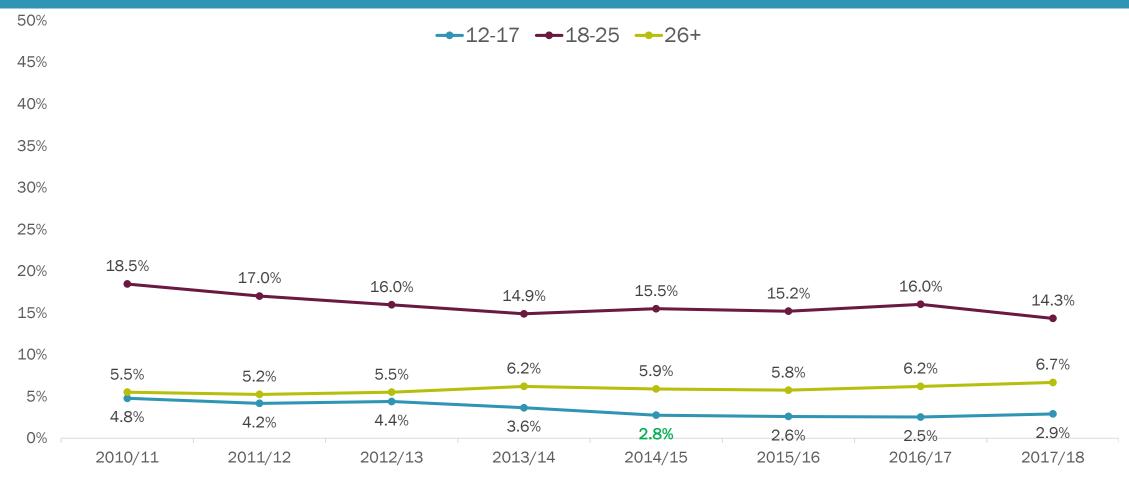
VT

7.4%

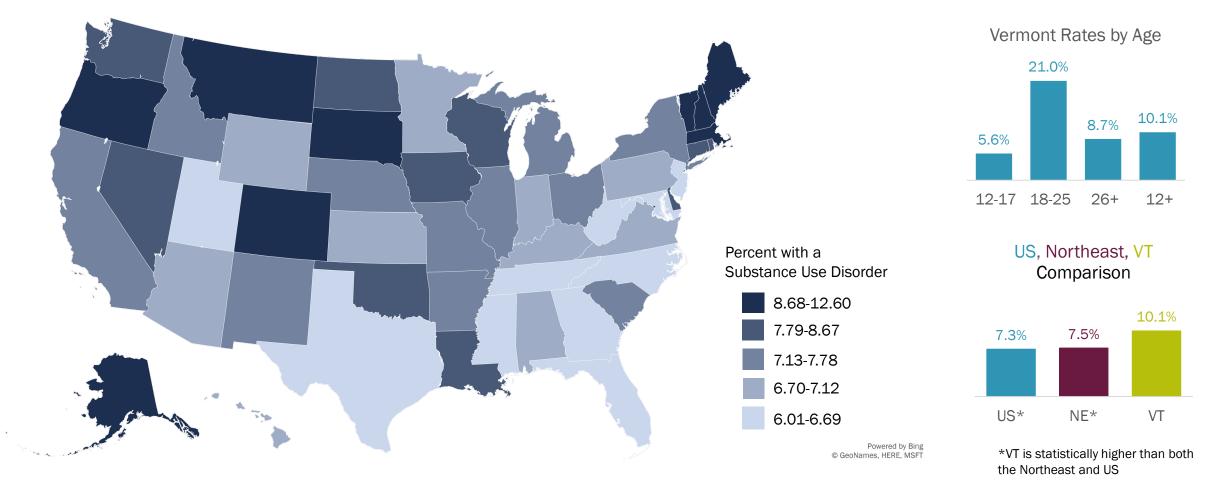
The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ with alcohol use disorder in the past year continues to remain above the decreasing national average.



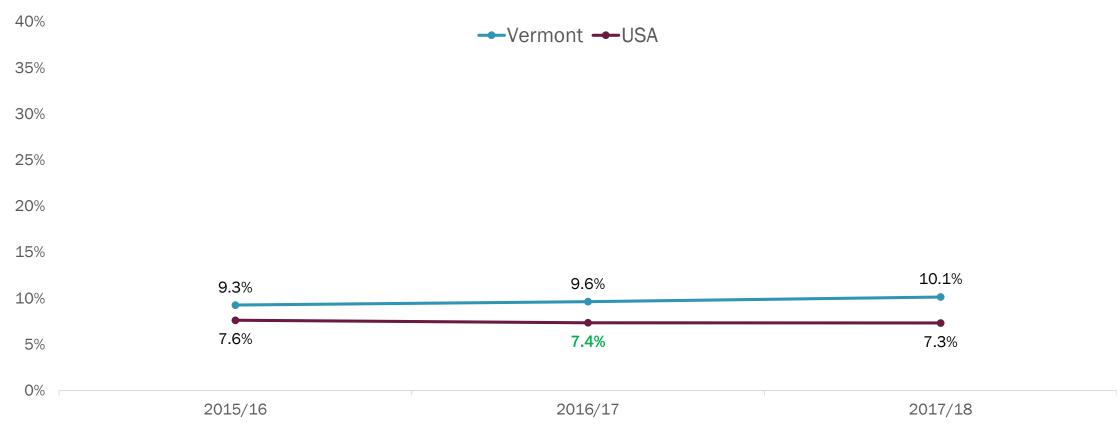
The percentage of Vermonters age 18-25 with alcohol use disorder is consistently higher than other age groups.



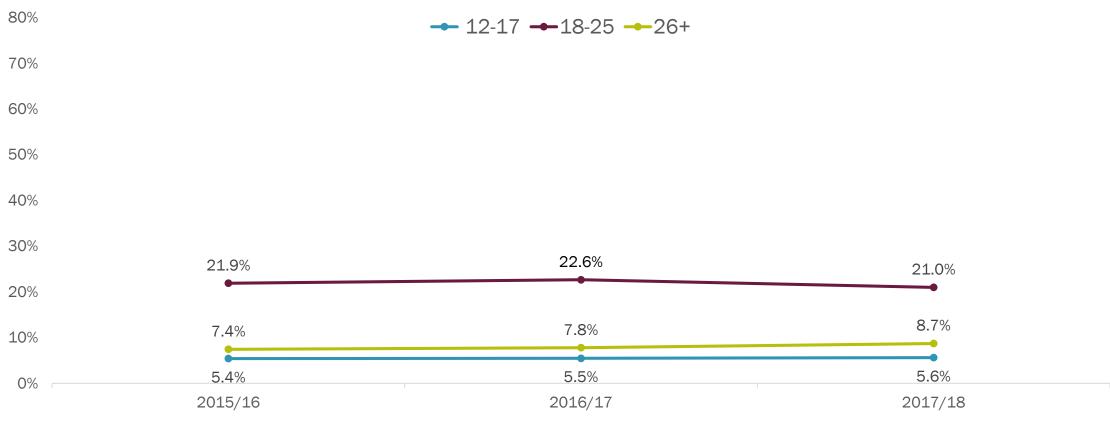
Vermont past year any substance use disorder among people age 12+ is among the highest in the US (2017-2018).



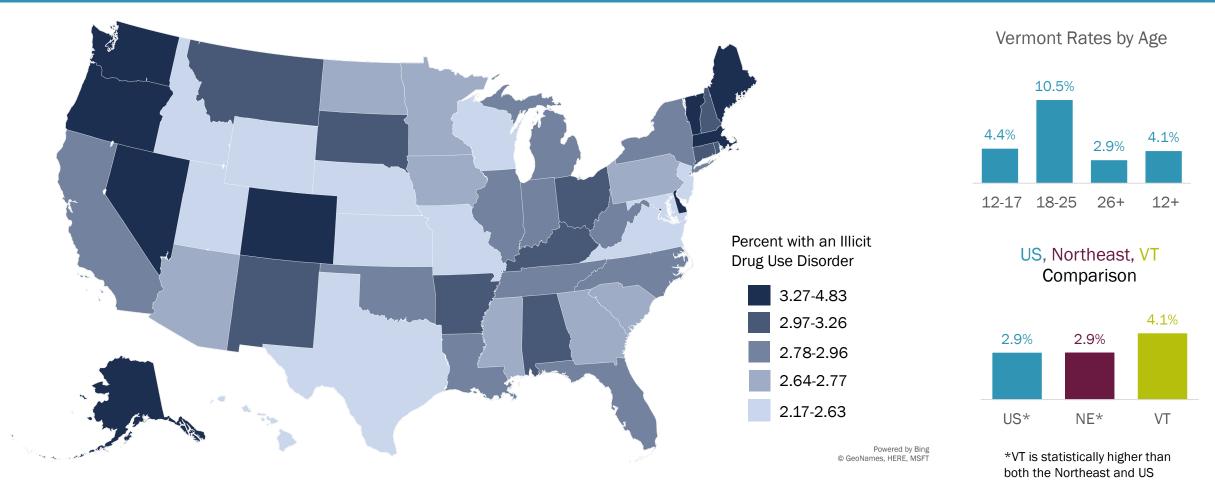
The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ with any substance use disorder in the past year is consistently higher than the national average.



Vermonters age 18-25 are most likely to have a substance use use disorder in the past year.

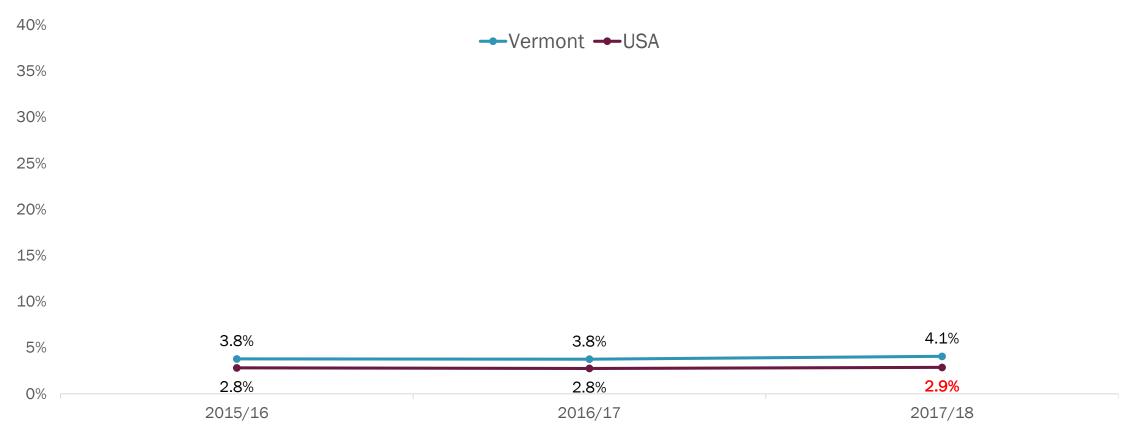


Vermont past year illicit drug use disorder among people age 12+ is among the highest in the US (2017-2018).

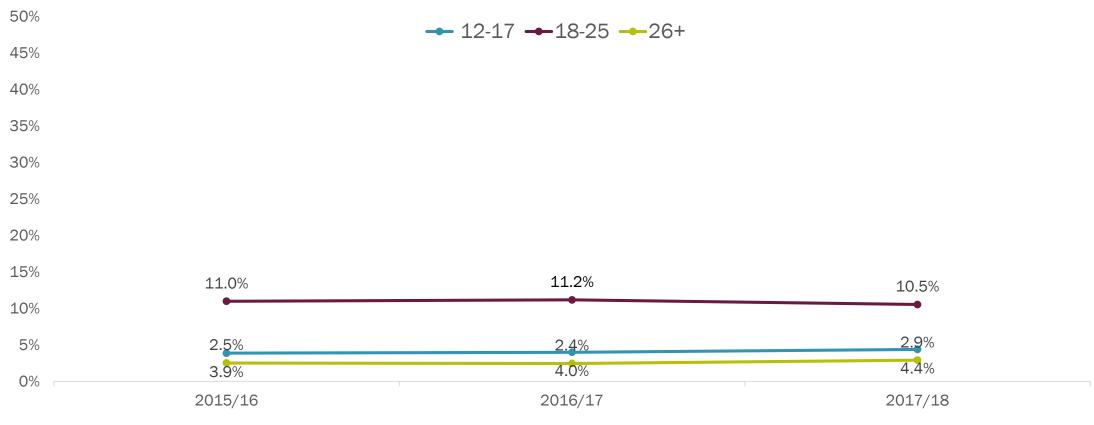


Vermont Department of Health

The percentage of Vermonters age 12+ with illicit drug use disorder in the past year is consistently higher than the national average.



Percent of Vermonters age 12+ with illicit drug use disorder in the past year has remained consistent.





Thank you!

Let's stay in touch.

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