EVERYDAY... PLAY OUTSIDE

Since children are naturally active, if you take them outside they will play. Find a safe place for them and keep an eye on them, or better yet, play with them.

Explore the different seasons. Stomp through Spring puddles, run through the sprinkler, jump into piles of autumn leaves, build a snow fort. In cold weather it will be easier if you keep everyone's outdoor clothes organized. During summer it's helpful to keep sunscreen, hats and water handy.

Try these ideas:

- Put a plastic mat or piece of cardboard on the floor near the door for wet or snowy boots.
- Put up some hooks for jackets and snow pants.
- Give each child a box, bin or basket for their hats, scarves, heavy socks and mittens. (Your child can have fun decorating her box.)
- Get a plastic water bottle for each member of the family and write their names on them.

NOW YOU'RE DRESSED AND READY TO GO OUT TO PLAY, SNOW OR SHINE!

Cold Weather Activities

dress warmly and go outside! go dashing through the snow build a snow family make snow angels sled, snowshoe or ski around the yard catch snowflakes collect leaves, acorns or pinecones hunt for frozen animal tracks walk through the bare woods

Warm Weather Activities

put on sun screen and go outside! walk to the playground ride a tricycle or bike play ball build sandcastles make mudpies splash in a wading pool hike up a hill do cartwheels and somersaults in the vard

EVERYDAY ACTIVITIES

Take advantage of your child's natural activity level by teaching him to help you inside or outside. Helping around the house teaches children responsibility and respect. Children like being helpful! At first it will take some effort on your part, but it will pay off in the long run. Helping around the house is a good alternative to watching TV. And keeping the house and vard picked up leaves a clear space for kids to play safely!

The helping activities listed below are perfect for your 3 to 5-year-old. Start with the easiest ones and work your way up to harder jobs. Look in the next section of the book (Skill-Building Physical Play) for ways to turn routine housework into games.

TASKS YOUR CHILD CAN HELP WITH

Indoor Helping Activities

pick up toys make beds (pull up the covers, fluff the pillow) sort, fold and carry laundry help wash, dry and put away dishes, pots & pans clean floors (sweep, mop, vacuum) dust furniture carry and put away groceries help cook (wash fruit, make salad) set the table for family meals water house plants feed and care for pets

Outdoor Helping Activities

sweep the porch pick up the yard rake leaves shovel snow hang out the laundry carry out the trash and recycling wash the car or brush off the snow stack firewood or pick up kindling walk the dog plant, weed and water the garden



FEBRUARY



Use a calendar to plan ahead for special activities.

- Write in the name, time and place of the upcoming event on the appropriate date on the calendar.
- Invite a friend. Make a play date.
- Check the calendar each morning to help you organize your day.

Use the calendar as a place to track your child's daily physical activity.

Let your child mark off or put a sticker on each day that she was physically active for at least 60 minutes. You can also check off days when you were able to help him with skill building play for 60 minutes or more.

Mark your calendar!

January

Healthy Weight Week (third full week) Read Ezra Jack Keats's The Snowy Day, then go outside and build a

February

snowman.

American Heart Month National Children's Dental Health Month Play Shadow Tag on Groundhog Day.

March

National Nutrition Month Make instruments and march in your own St. Patrick's Day parade.

April

National Public Health Week (week of first Monday) National Library Week TV-Turnoff Week World Health Day (7th) Earth Day (22nd) National Kite Month Make paper kites and go fly them! See instructions on pages 13 & 14.

May

National Physical Fitness and Sports Month Mother's Day (second Sunday)

Cinco de Mayo — make sombreros and do a Mexican Hat Dance. Then read The Cat in the Hat to settle down.

June

Dairy Month Father's Day (third Sunday)

Farm to Family (farmers' market coupons) begins Plant a smal vegetable garden in the yard or in pots. Read Growing Vegetable Soup by Lois Ehlert.

July

Make red, white and blue stick ponies and gallop in the fourth of July parade.

August

World Breastfeeding Week (1st-7th)

Set up a backyard water park with your hose, sprinkler and wading pool.

September

National 5 A Day Month Family Health and Fitness Day (last Saturday) Grandparent's Day (Sunday after Labor Day) Take a nature walk and collect colored leaves to press, rub or make pictures with.

October

Family Health Month Children's Health Month and Day (first Monday) Kids Walk to School Week and Day Remember to use your Farm to Family coupons! Rake big piles of leaves and jump in them!

November

National Children's Book Week (week before Thanksgiving) Great American Smoke Out (third Thursday) Take a family walk before and afer Thanksgiving

December

dinner.

Celebrate the first snowstorm — go out and catch snowflakes on your tonque!

LET'S GO FLY A KITE!

Kite flying is a perfect family activity for Spring! National Kite Month starts April 1st. You and your family can celebrate by making one of the kites described below. Take your homemade kites out to the yard or park, away from any power lines, trees or other unsafe obstacles. Run and let your kite catch the wind! Get together with friends for a kite parade, or play follow-the-leader in the sky.

Making a kite can help you teach your child about art and science. Flying a kite gives your child a chance to practice important physical skills. Remember to follow the 3 C's of kite safety — caution, courtesy and common sense. Get outside and enjoy the weather — go fly a kite!

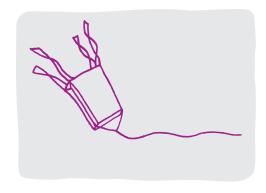
For more information about kite flying and National Kite Month, visit www.nationalkitemonth.org.

Paper Bag Kite

What you need: Paper bag, crepe paper or ribbon, hole punch (optional), string, scissors

How to: Decorate a paper bag using crayons, markers, stickers, etc. Glue a crepe paper streamer or ribbon to each bottom corner. Punch a hole in 2 opposite sides of the bag, near the top. Tie a short piece of string through the holes to make

a loop. Attach a long string for a flying line to the loop.



Paper Kite

What you need: (1) 81/2 x 11" piece of paper; (1) 8" wooden skewer, chopstick or dowel; 6–10 feet of ribbon; masking tape or other tape;

6-10 feet of string, scissors, hole punch (optional), (1) small piece of cardboard (use an empty cereal box to cut out a 1" x 3" piece)

How to: Fold a sheet of 81/2" x 11" brightly-colored or decorated paper in half to $8^{1/2}$ " x $5^{1/2}$ " (fig. 1). Draw a diagonal line, AB as in figure. 2; then fold again along the diagonal line AB in Figure 2.

Open one side forming kite shape in Figure 3. Place tape firmly along fold line AB to stiffen the spine of the kite.

Place wooden skewer from point C to D and tape it down firmly (fig. 4).

Cut off 6-10 feet of ribbon and tape it to the bottom of the kite at B (fig. 5).

Flip kite over and fold the flap back and forth if needed until it is perpendicular to the front of the kite (fig. 6).

Punch a hole in the flap at E, about 1/3 down from the top point A (fig. 6).

Tie one end of the string to the hole and wind the other end around a small piece of cardboard that will be your string winder (fig. 6).

