





2021 Substance Use Disorder Treatment Initiation and Engagement Data Pages

Vermont Department of Health Vermont Department of Health Access

January 2023



Table of Contents

Se	Section		
1.	What is treatment initiation and engagement? How is it calculated?	4	
2.	Vermont treatment initiation and engagement rates	6	
3.	Vermont 2021 county treatment initiation and engagement rates compared to state rates	10	
4.	Vermont 2021 county treatment initiation and engagement rate distribution and change compared to 2020	13	
5.	How to improve treatment initiation and engagement rates	19	
6.	County-level treatment initiation and engagement rate trends	22	
7.	Detailed data notes and measure descriptions	52	

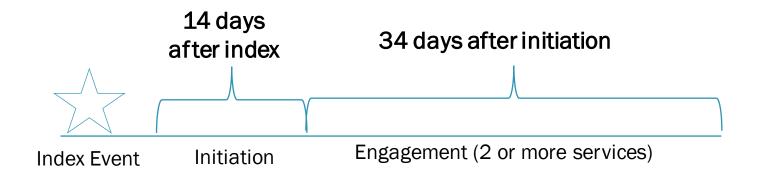
Table of Contents: Data by County

County	Slide	County	Slide
Addison	24	<u>Lamoille</u>	38
Bennington	26	<u>Orange</u>	40
<u>Caledonia</u>	28	<u>Orleans</u>	42
<u>Chittenden</u>	30	Rutland	44
<u>Essex</u>	32	Washington	46
<u>Franklin</u>	34	<u>Windham</u>	48
Grand Isle	36	Windsor	50

What is treatment initiation and engagement? How is it calculated?

Initiation and Engagement (IET) Measurement

 Standardized Measure Used by the Centers for Medicare And Medicaid Services based on the <u>Healthcare Effectiveness Data Information Set (HEDIS)</u>



 Many index events occur in the medical system (primary care, hospitals) so regional coordination care between providers and provider types is essential to improving initiation and engagement

Vermont treatment initiation and engagement rates

Treatment initiation and engagement among Vermonters diagnosed with substance use disorder is low

Index Event: A person is diagnosed with a substance use disorder

4,821 index events in VT in 2021

Initiation: Percent who received a treatment service within 14 days of index event



44% of VT index events in 2021 initiated treatment services

Engagement: Percent getting 2+ treatment services in the 34 days after initiation



23%

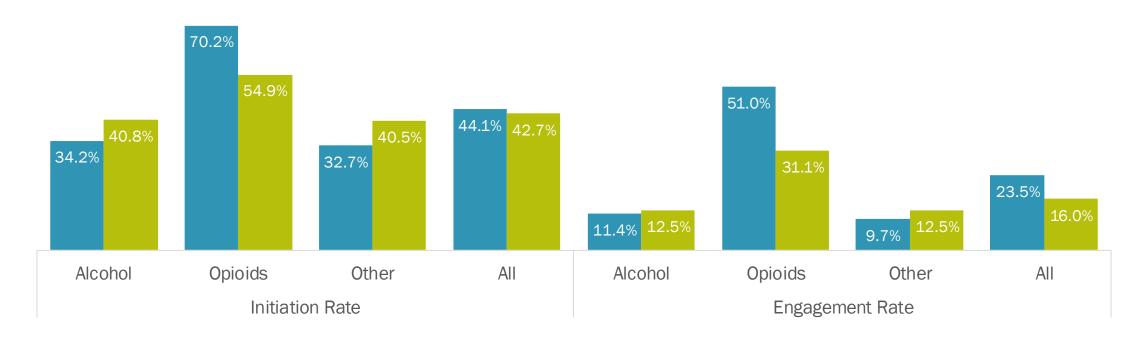
of VT Index Events engaged in 2+ treatment services in 34 days after initiation

Data Source: Medicaid Claims. Measure is based on the 2021 Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) initiation and engagement in treatment methodology modified to accommodate Vermont-specific billing mechanisms.

Vermont's Medicaid initiation and engagement rates

Initiation and engagement rates based on Medicaid Claims from Vermont compared to the United States

■ VT Adults 18+ (2021) ■ US Adults 18+ (2020)



Index events increased between 2020 and 2021. Alcohol continues to be the most frequently-reported substance followed by opioids.

13.5%

increase in index events between 2020 and 2021

(4,248 in 2020 and 4,821 in 2021)

ALCOHOL

remains the substance most frequently associated with index events – accounting for nearly 1/2 of all index events

(45% in 2020 and 46% in 2021)

OPIOIDS

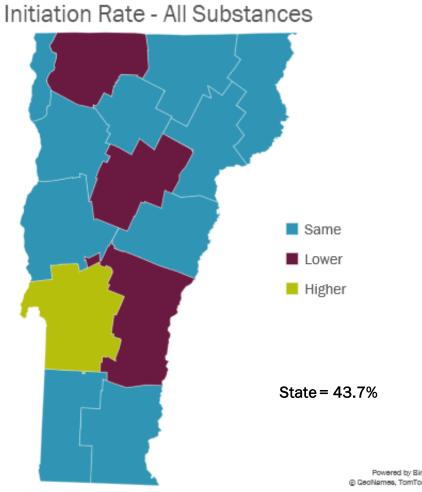
remain a substance frequently associated with index events – accounting for about

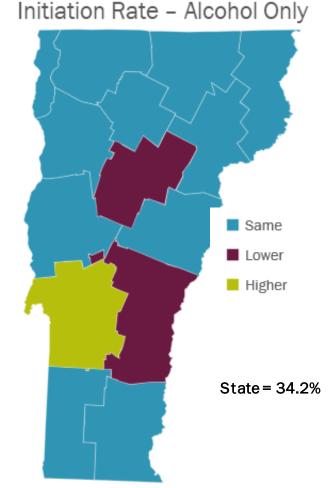
1/3 of all index events.

(34% in 2020 and 32% in 2021)

Vermont 2021 county treatment initiation and engagement rates compared to state rates

Treatment initiation rates in most counties were statistically similar to state treatment initiation rates in 2021

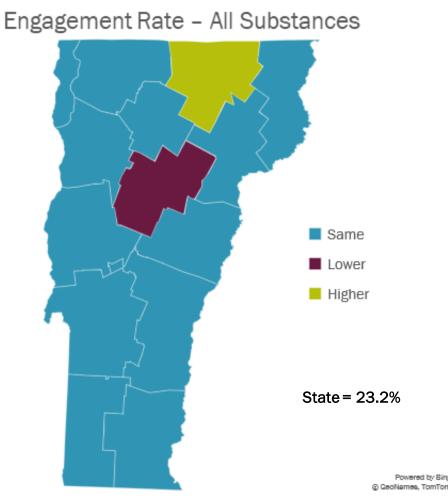


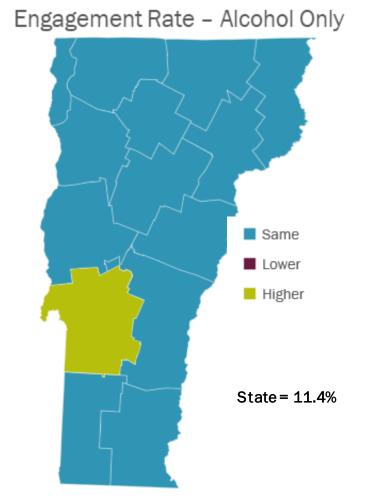


Powered by Bir @ GeoNames, TomTo

11

Treatment engagement rates in most counties were statistically similar to state treatment engagement rates in 2021

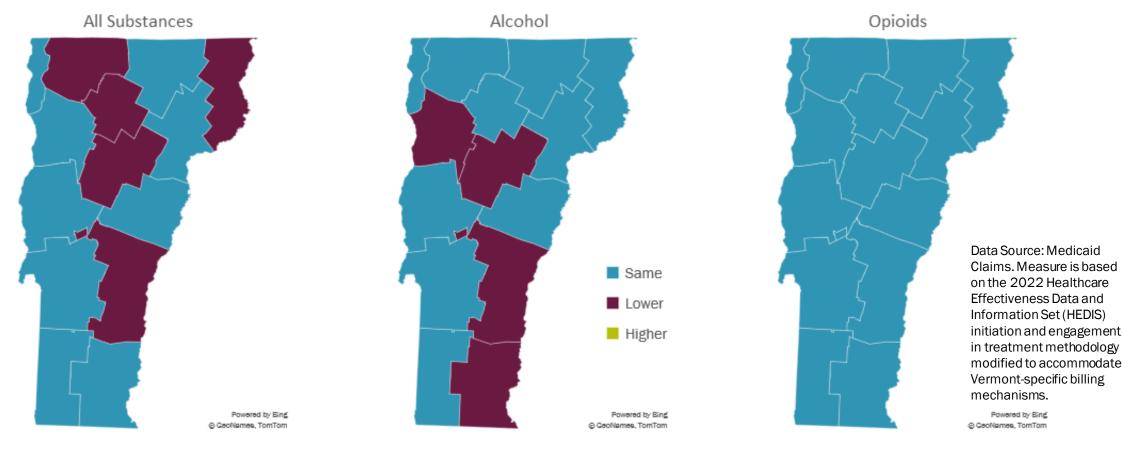




Vermont 2021 county treatment initiation and engagement rate distribution and change compared to 2020

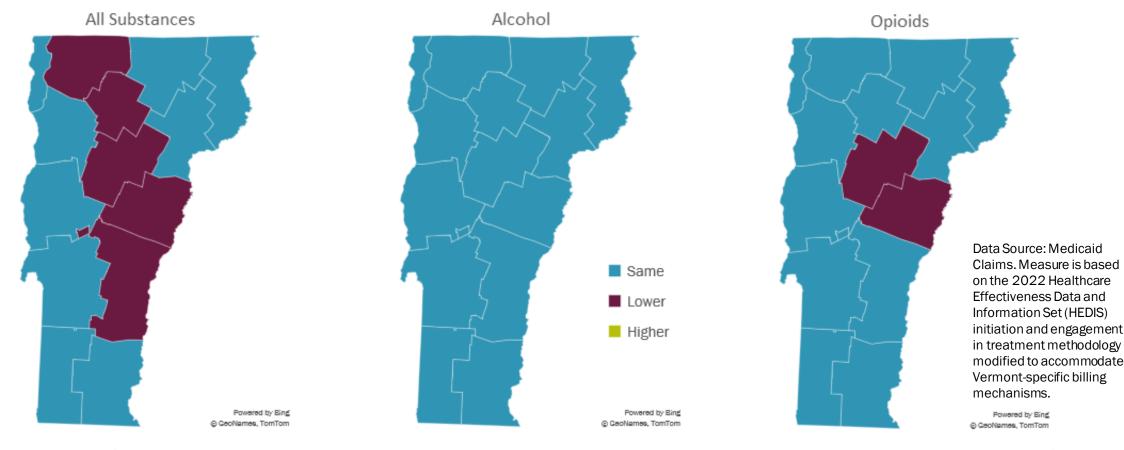
Treatment initiation rates for all substances and alcohol were lower in 2021, while there was no statistical change for opioids

Change in Initiation Rate Between 2020 and 2021



Treatment engagement rates for all substances and opioids were lower in 2021 than 2020 in some counties while there was no statistical change for alcohol.

Change in Engagement Rate Between 2020 and 2021

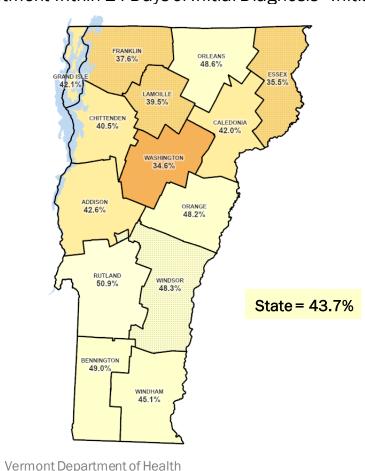


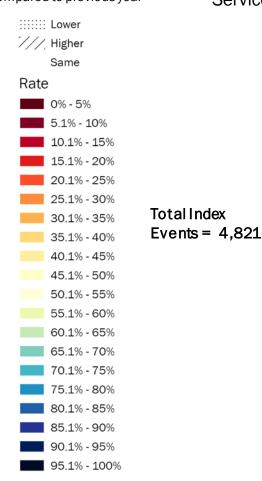
There were some changes in treatment initiation and engagement rates for substance use disorder between 2020 and 2021

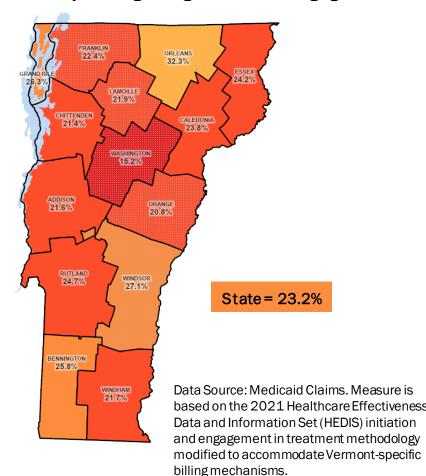
Percent of Index Events for Substance Use Disorder Beginning Treatment within 14 Days of Initial Diagnosis - Initiation

Statistical significance compared to previous year

Percent Index Events for Substance Use Disorder Receiving 2+ Services within 34 Days of Beginning Treatment - Engagement

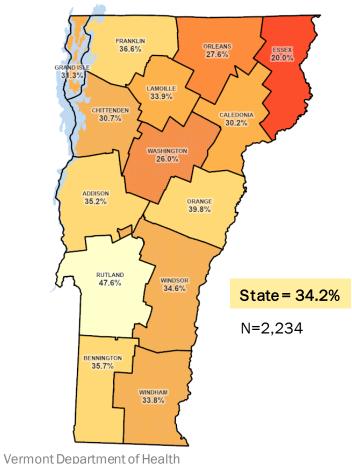




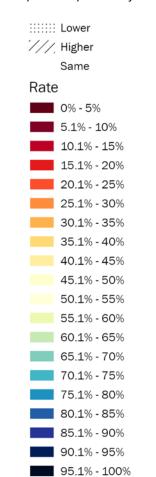


2021 treatment initiation rates for opioid use disorder are more than two times higher than initiation rates for alcohol use disorder

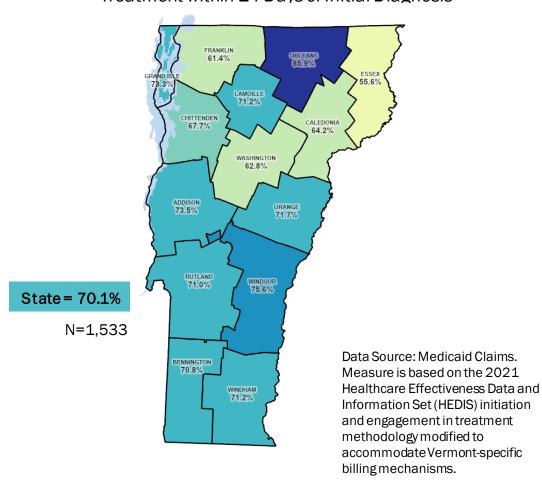




Statistical significance compared to previous year

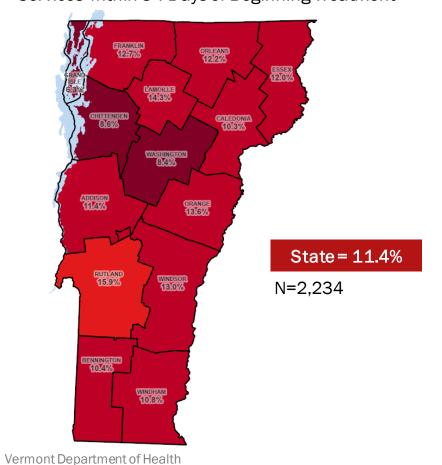


Percent of People with **Opioid** Use Disorder Beginning Treatment within 14 Days of Initial Diagnosis



2021 treatment engagement rates for opioid use disorder are about 4.5 times higher than engagement rates for alcohol use disorder

Percent of People with **Alcohol** Use Disorder Receiving 2+ Services within 34 Days of Beginning Treatment



Statistical significance compared to previous year

::::::: Lower
//// Higher
Same

Rate

0% - 5% 5.1% - 10% 10.1% - 15% 15.1% - 20%

> 20.1% - 25% 25.1% - 30%

30.1% - 35%

35.1% - 40%

40.1% - 45%

45.1% - 50%

50.1% - 55%

55.1% - 60%

60.1% - 65%

65.1% - 70% 70.1% - 75%

75.1% - 80%

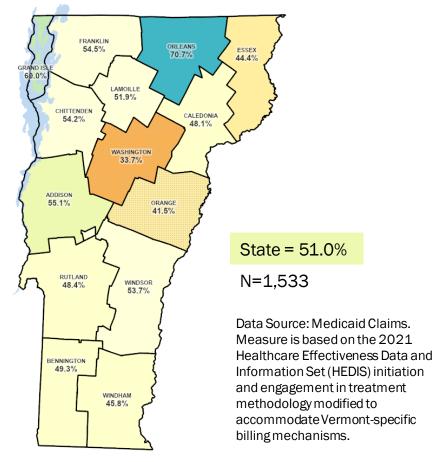
80.1% - 85%

85 1% - 90%

90.1% - 95%

95.1% - 100%

Percent of People with **Opioid** Use Disorder Receiving 2+ Services within 34 Days of Beginning Treatment



How to improve treatment initiation and engagement rates

Strategies and best practices to improve treatment initiation and engagement

The Department of Vermont Health Access and the Department of Health Division of Substance Use Programs completed a Performance Improvement Project resulting in these strategies and best practices identified as improving initiation and engagement of alcohol and other drug treatment in clinical and community settings:

- Strengthen the substance use disorder referral and evaluation systems at the community-level
- Increase the capacity to treat all substance use disorders in the community
- Strengthen partnerships between medical, substance use disorder treatment providers, and recovery support services
- Build relationships to improve communication and collaboration
- Strengthen peer support services and build connections for individuals to access those services
- Develop workforce through partnerships with local colleges and universities
- Establish policies and procedures to assess and treat clients at risk for or experiencing a substance use disorder that incorporate principles of harm reduction and the social determinants of health
- Establish and integrate principles of harm reduction and the social determinants of health into all new and existing programs that address substance use across the system (e.g., needle exchange programs, naloxone overdose prevention programs)

Improving regional initiation and engagement rates

- The Health Department has supported regional and state initiatives to improve initiation:
 - RAM Rapid Access to Medication for Opioid Use Disorder
 - RTA Rapid Treatment Access for Alcohol Use Disorder
 - Vermont Helplink Connects individuals to the alcohol and drug services they need
- Regional providers are working to:
 - Build agreements and pathways to improve timely referral between providers:
 - Hospitals/Emergency Departments
 - Primary care practices
 - Local specialty substance use disorder treatment providers
 - Identify people with substance use disorder through screening/assessment
 - Use Certified Peer Recovery Coaches to support people through referrals
 - Commit to maintaining capacity that allows rapid access to treatment
 - Use data to improve processes that support rapid access to care

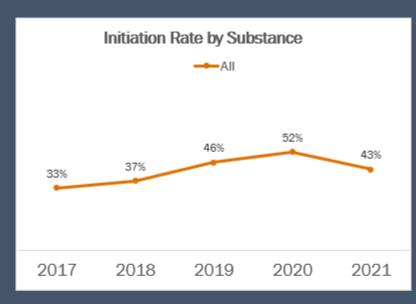
County level treatment initiation and engagement rate trends

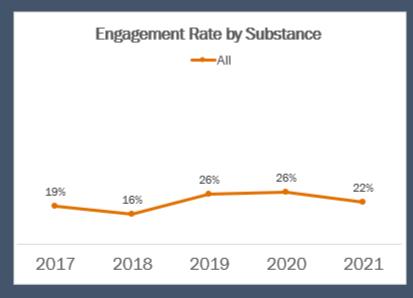
Trends over time by county

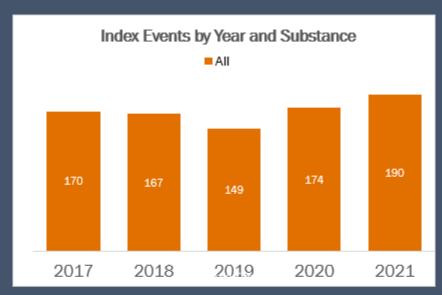
- The following slides summarize treatment initiation and engagement trends for each county compared with Vermont trends
- There are separate slides for overall IET rates and IET rates by substance for each county
- County-level data may be used to monitor the effectiveness of new initiatives regions have undertaken to connect people with substance use disorder to care

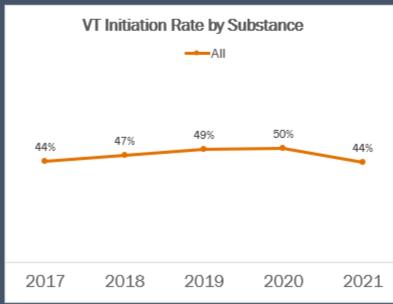
ADDISON

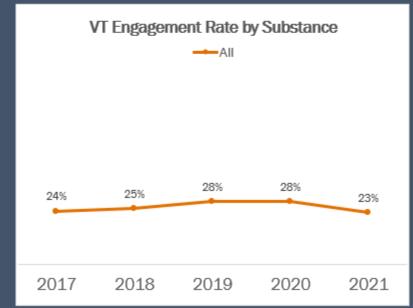
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

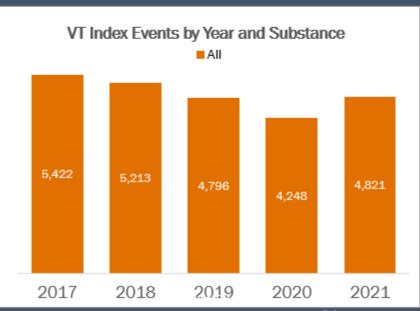






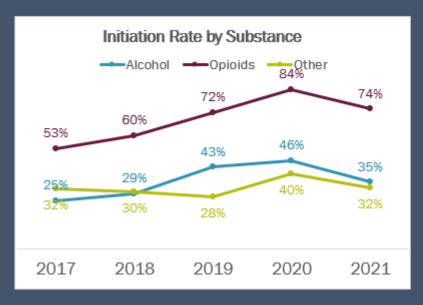


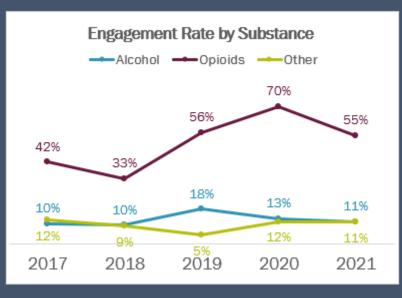


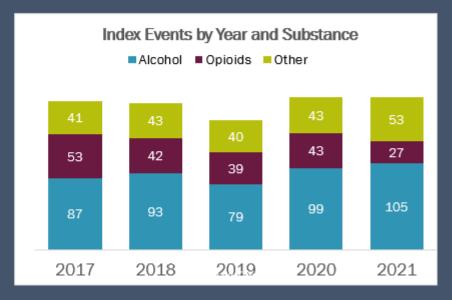


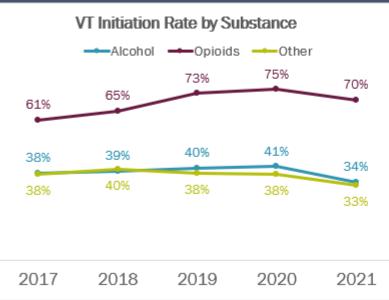
ADDISON

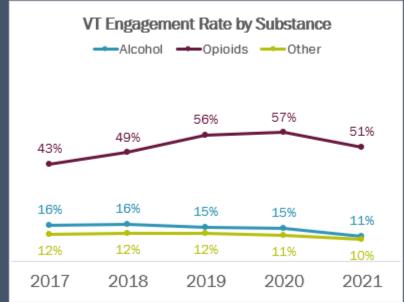
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

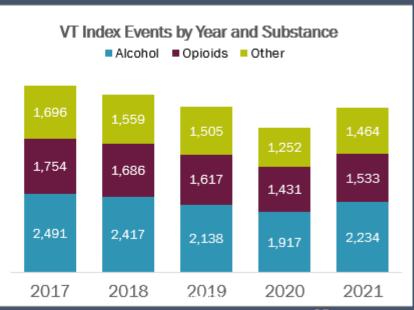






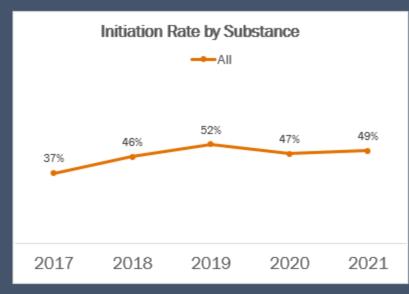


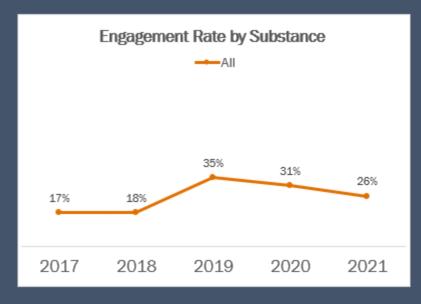


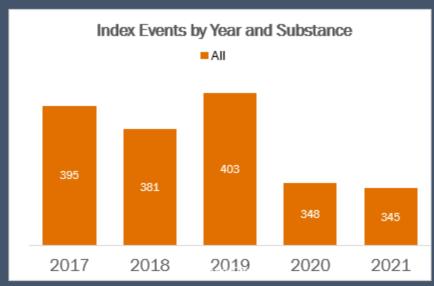


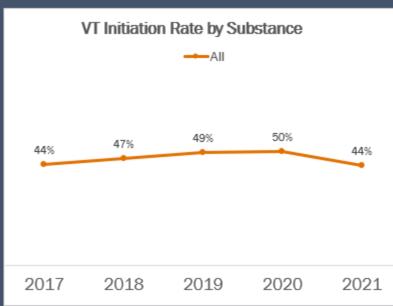
BENNINGTON

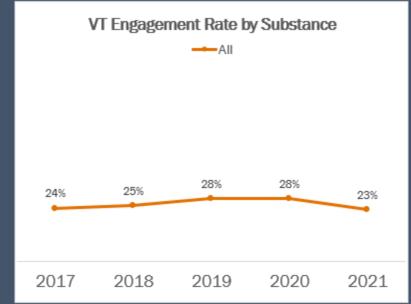
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

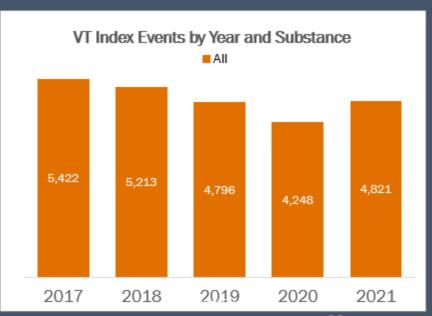






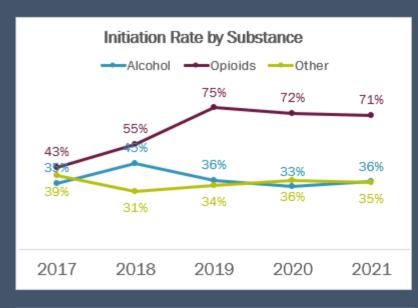


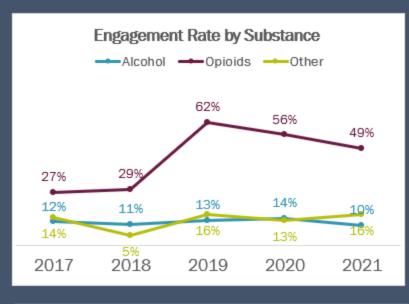


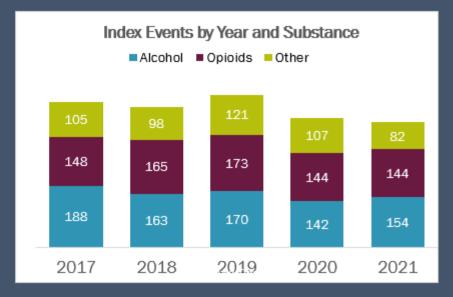


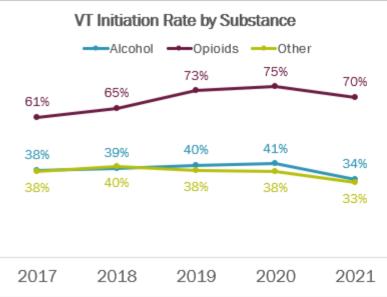
BENNINGTON

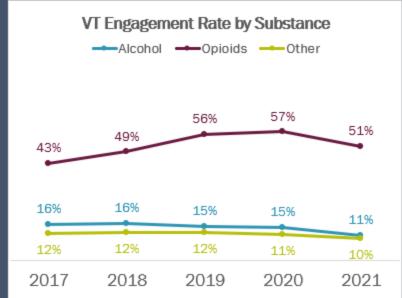
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

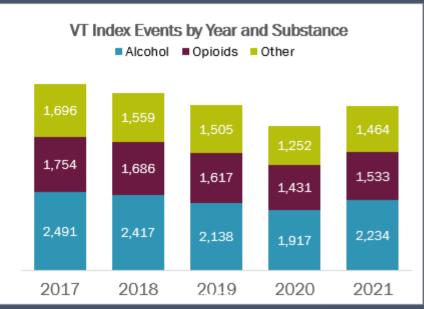






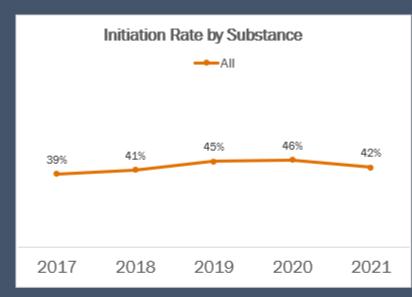


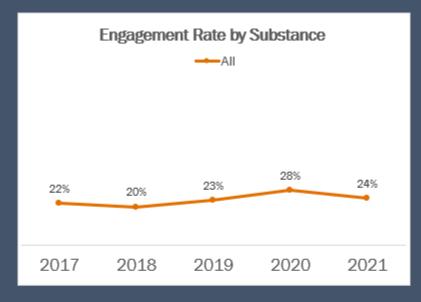


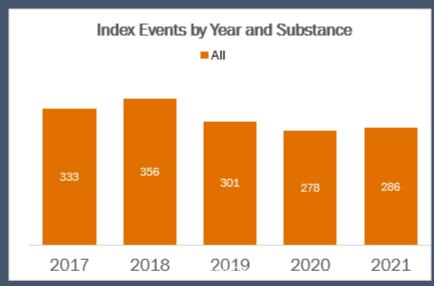


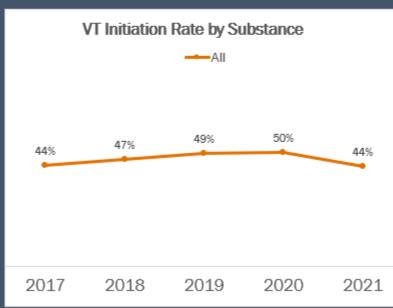
CALEDONIA

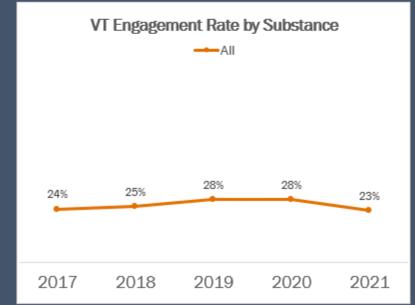
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

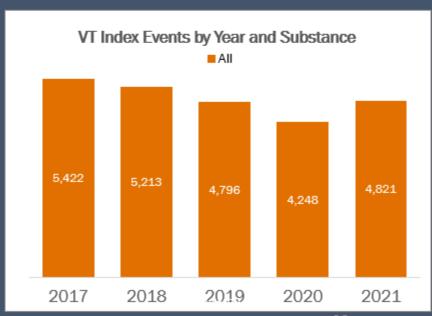






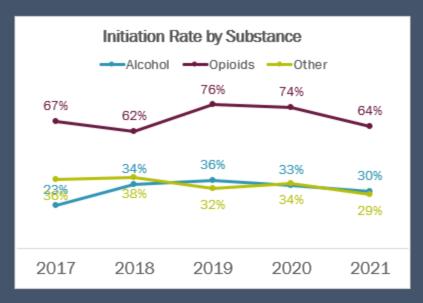


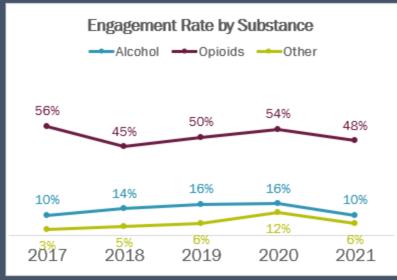


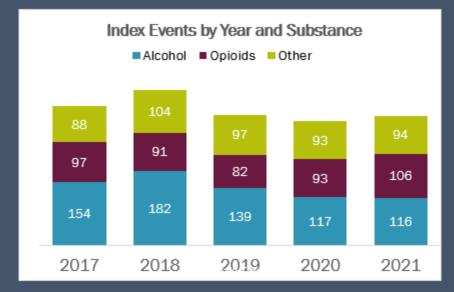


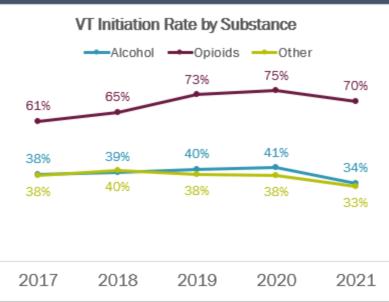
CALEDONIA

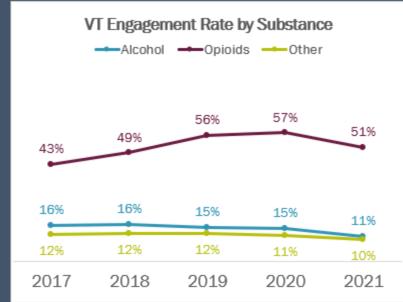
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

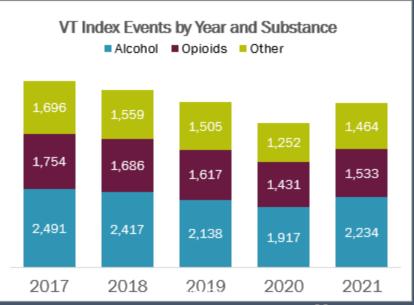






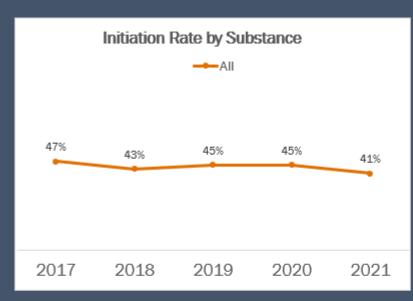


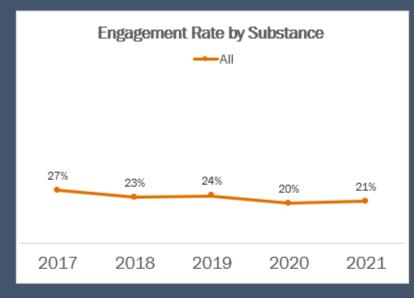


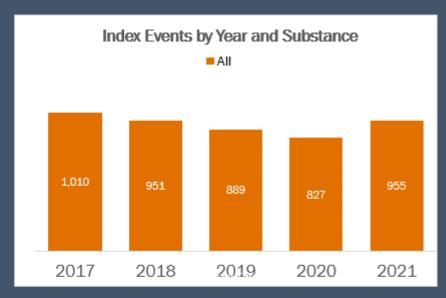


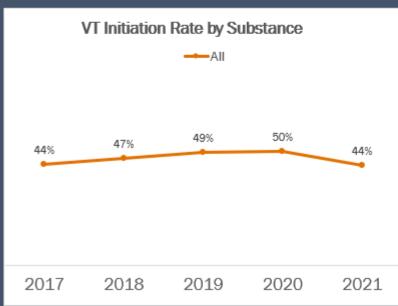
CHITTENDEN

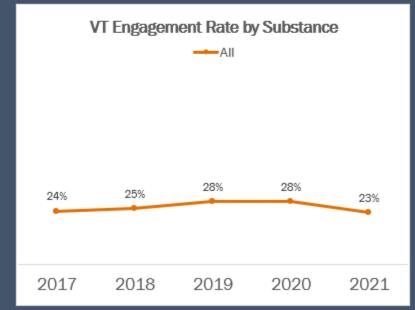
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

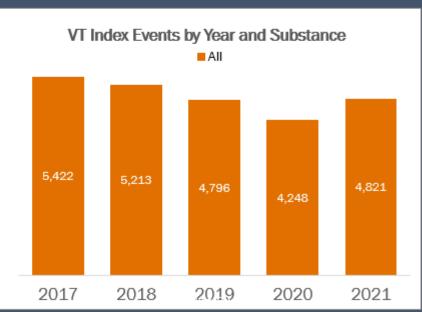






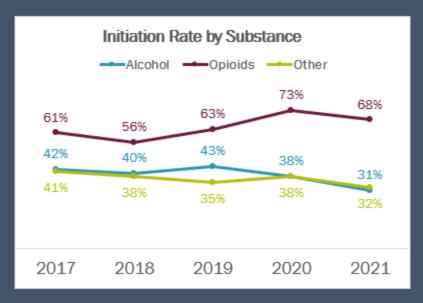


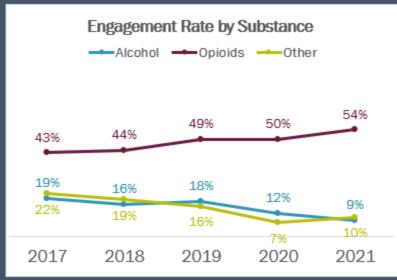


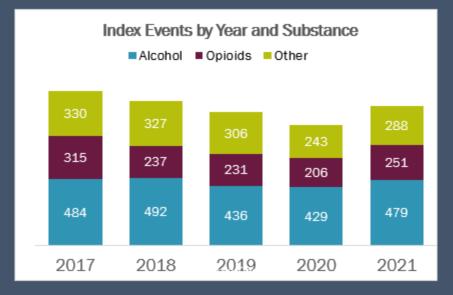


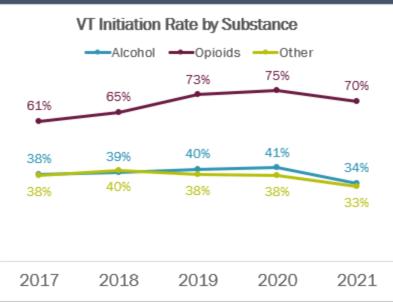
CHITTENDEN

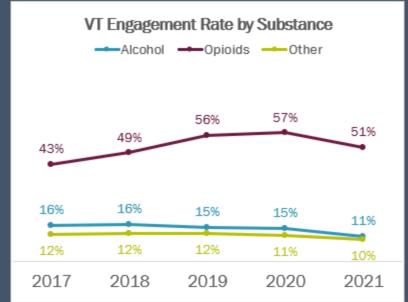
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

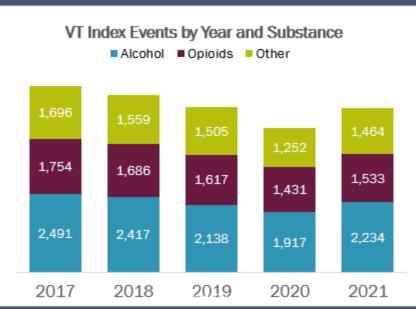






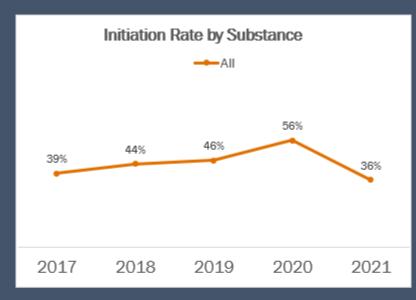


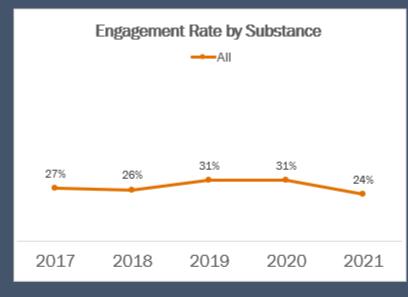




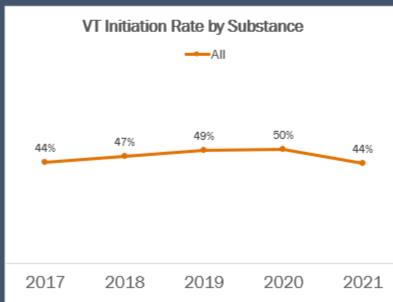
ESSEX

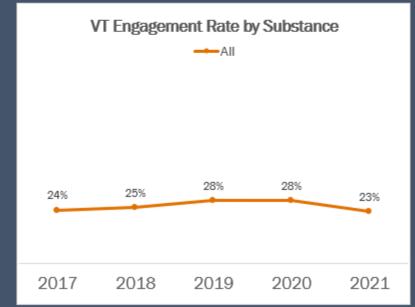
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

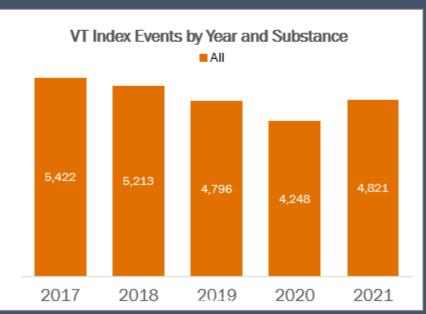








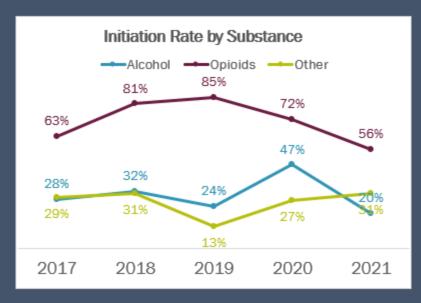


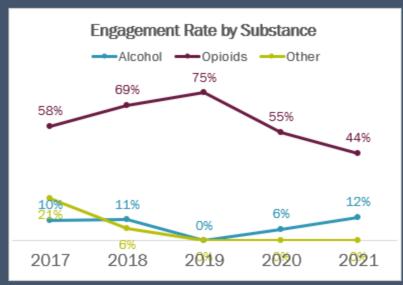


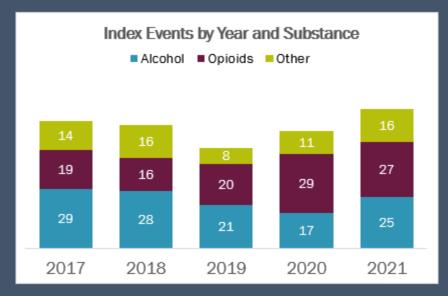
ESSEX

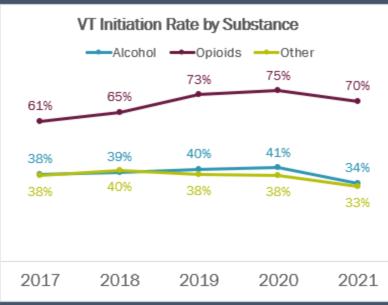
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

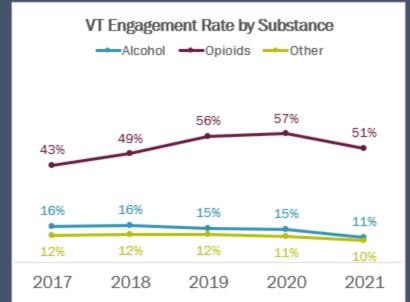
Source: Medicaid Claims. Measure is based on HEDIS initiation and engagement in treatment methodology modified for VT billing

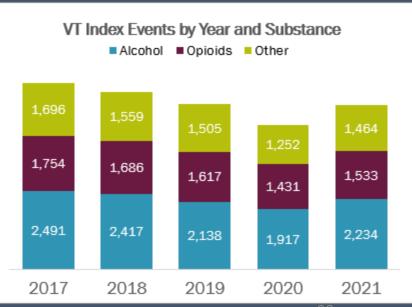








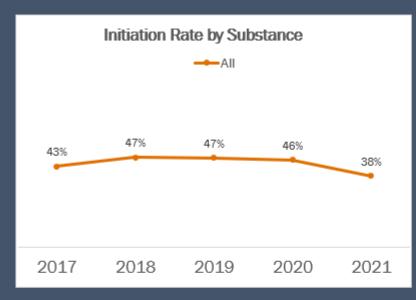


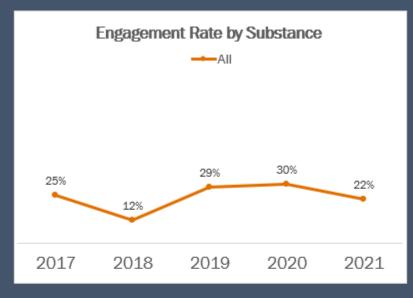


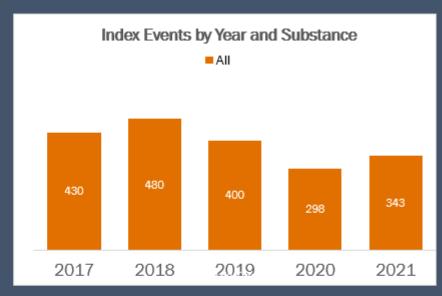
33

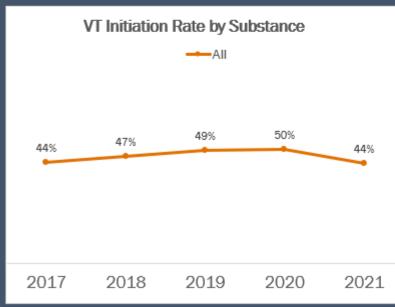
FRANKLIN

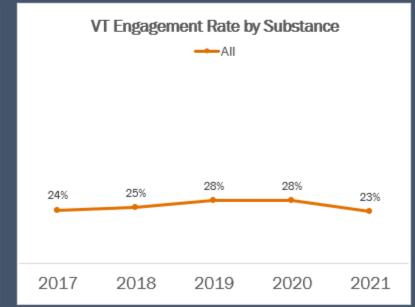
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

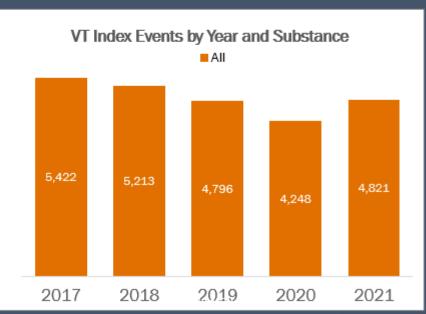






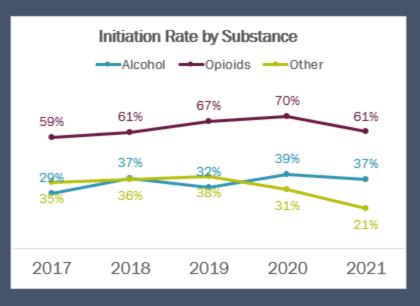


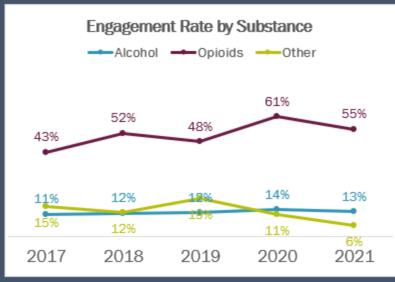


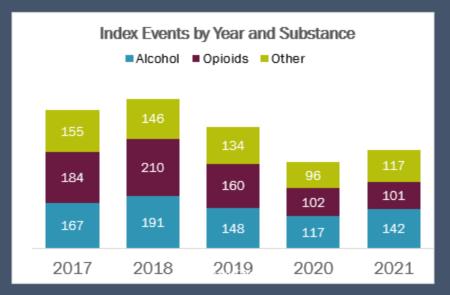


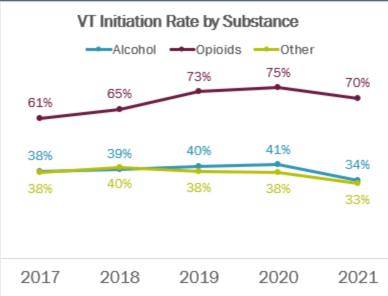
FRANKLIN

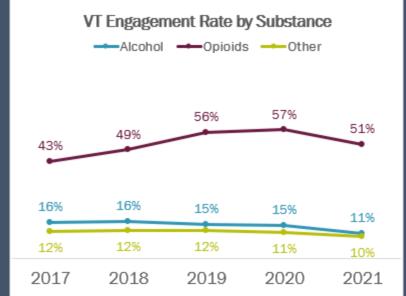
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

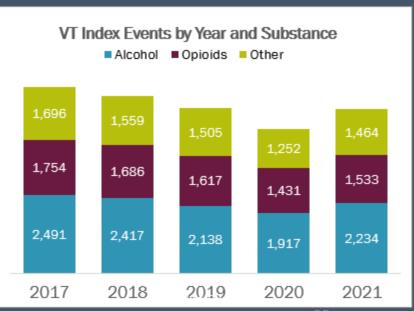






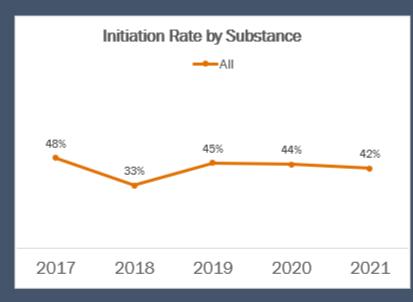


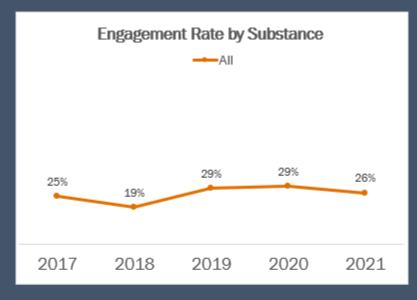


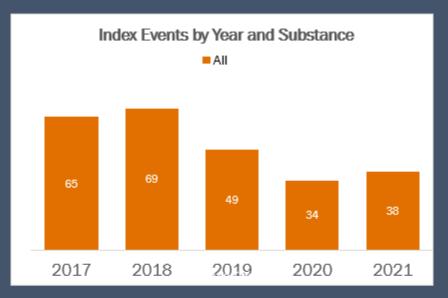


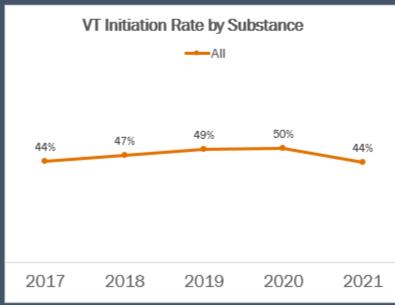
GRAND ISLE

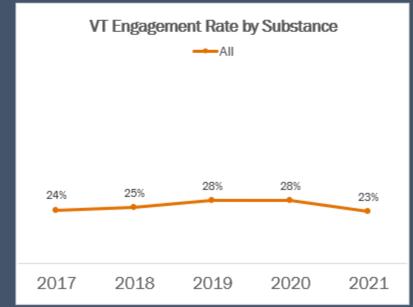
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

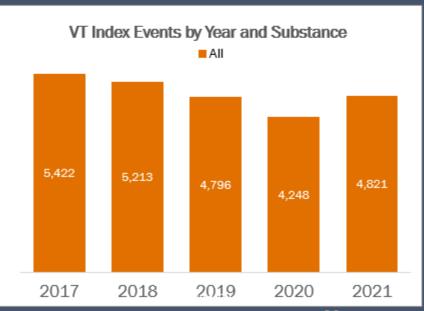






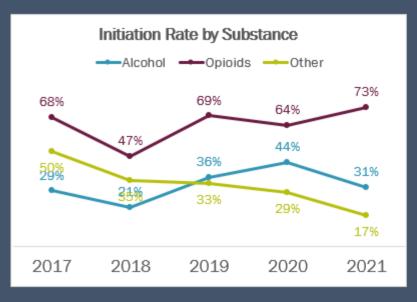


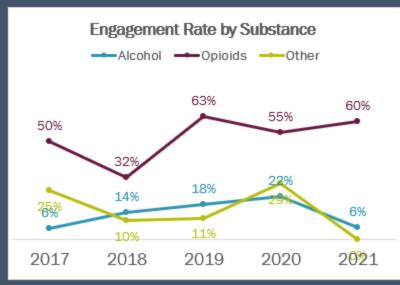


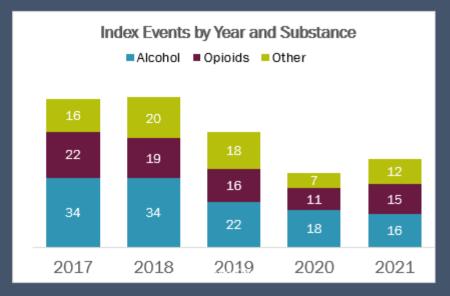


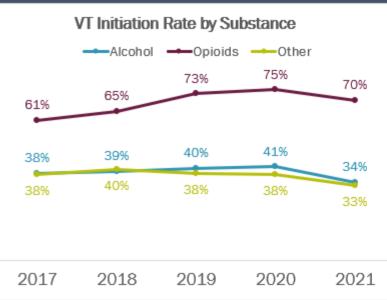
GRAND ISLE

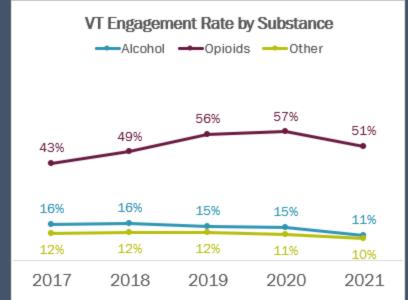
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

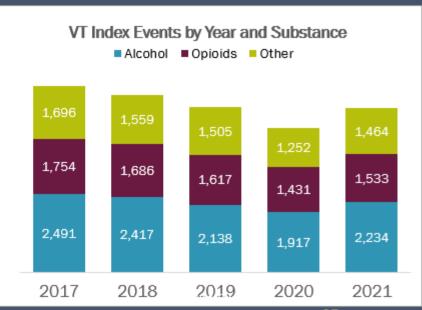






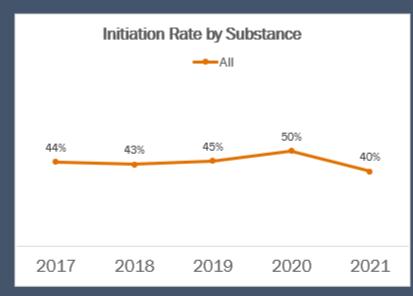


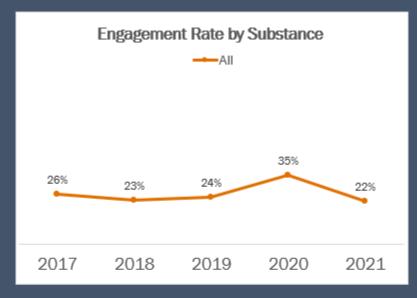


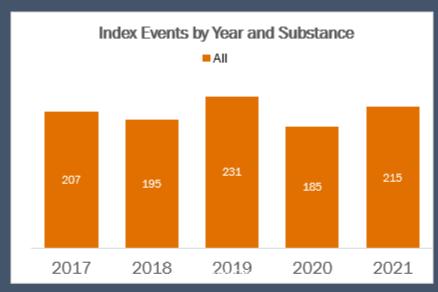


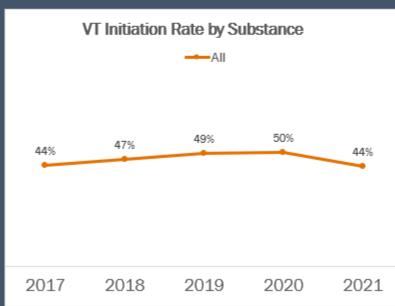
LAMOILLE

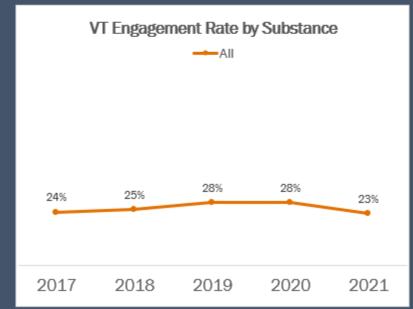
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

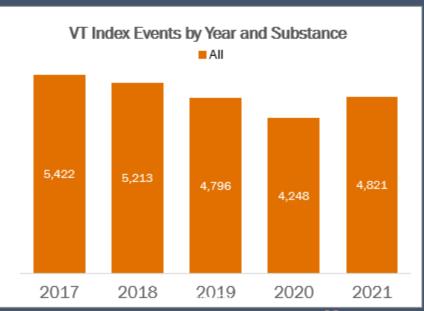






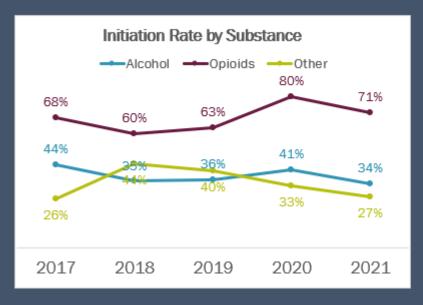


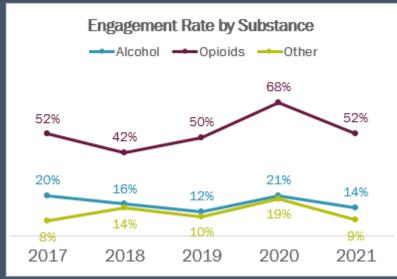


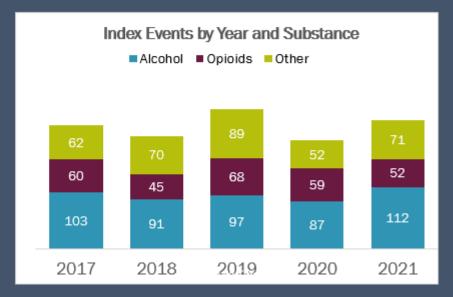


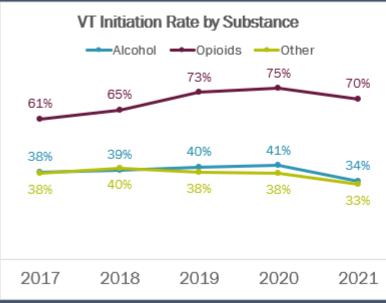
LAMOILLE

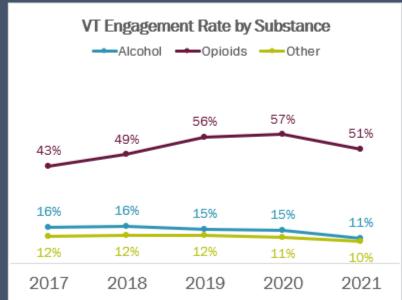
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

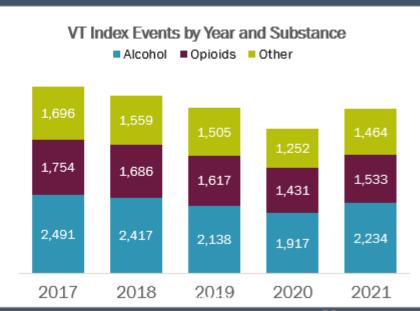






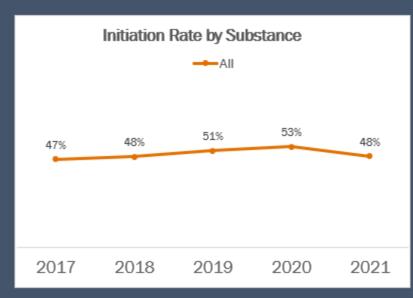


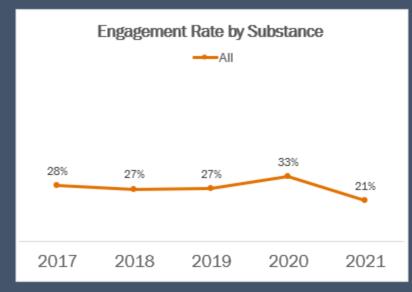


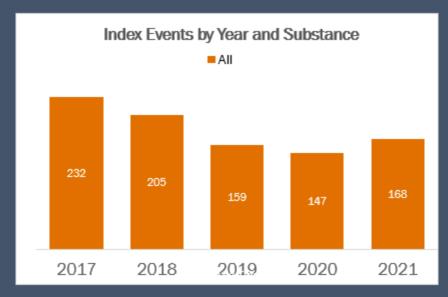


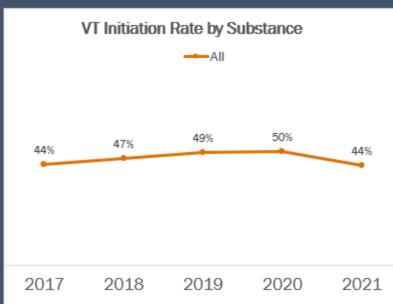
ORANGE

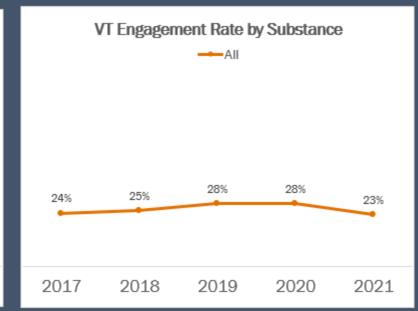
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

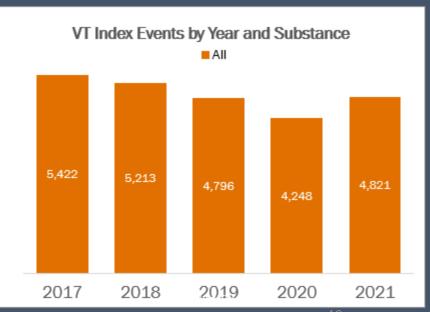






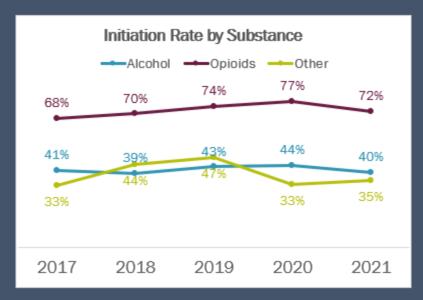


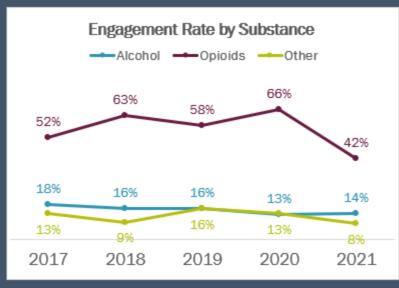


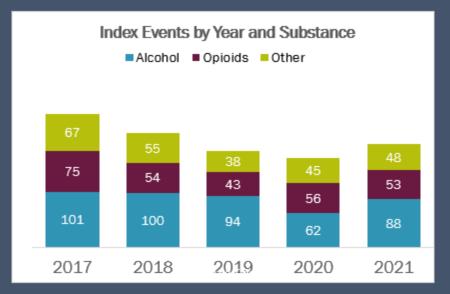


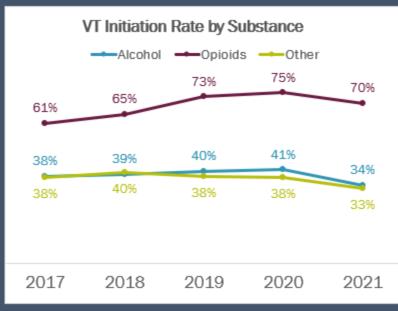
ORANGE

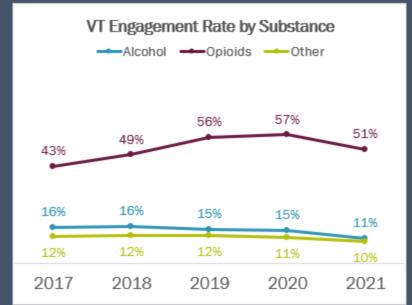
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

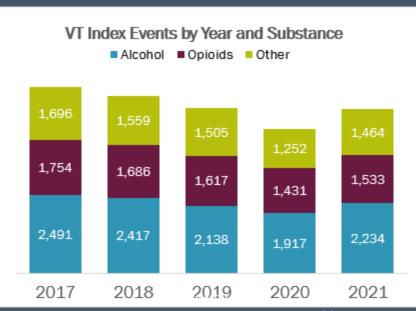






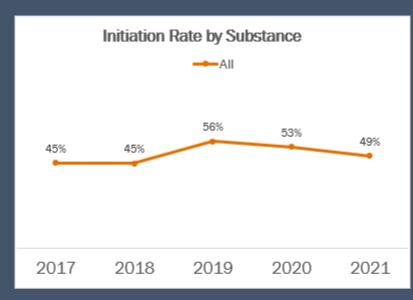


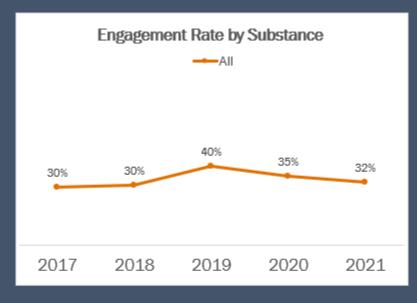


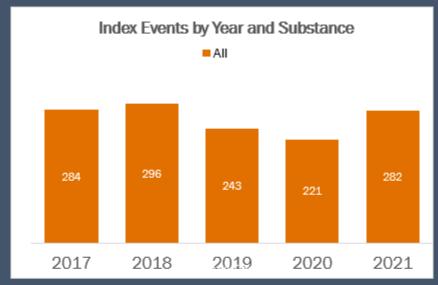


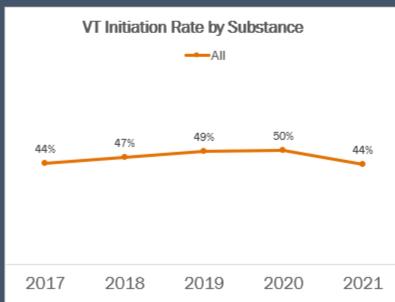
ORLEANS

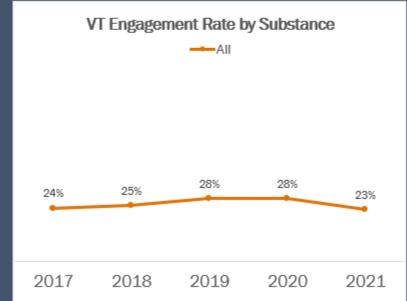
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

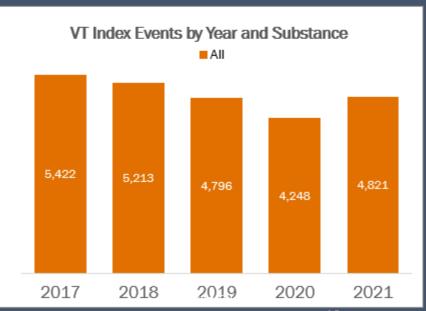






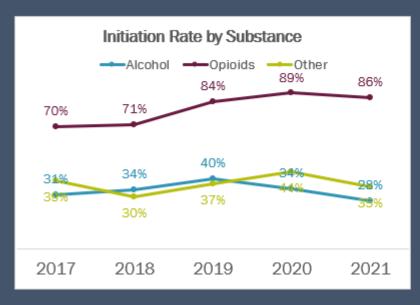


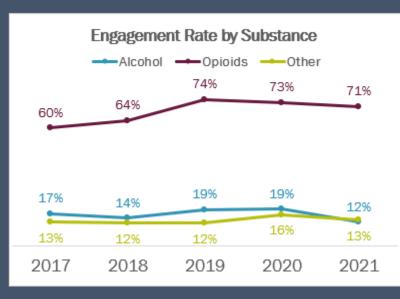


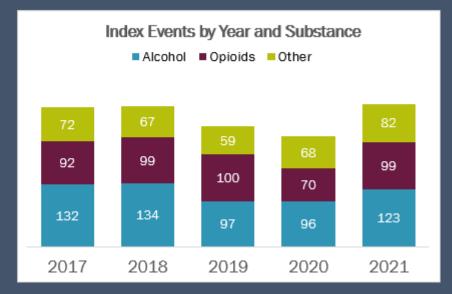


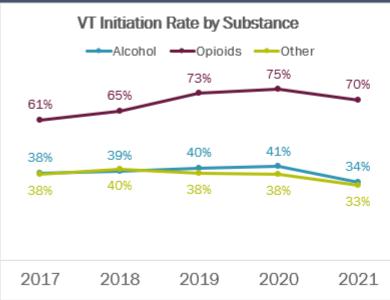
ORLEANS

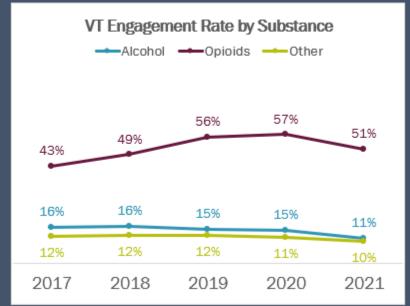
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

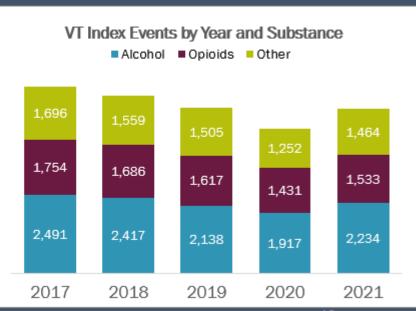






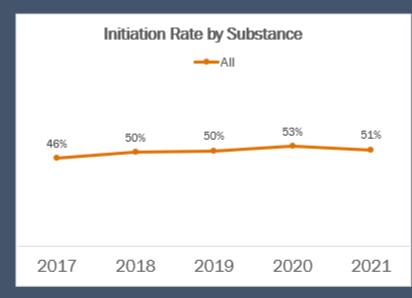


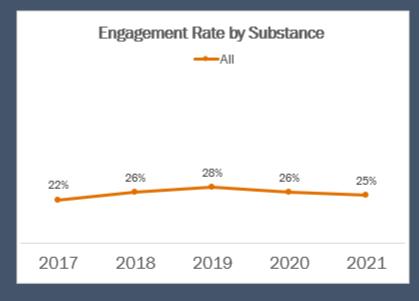


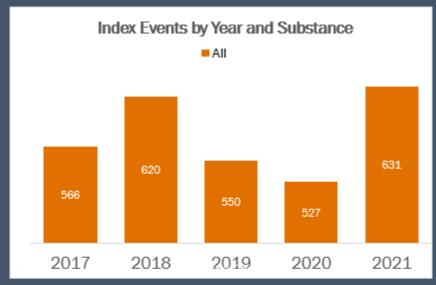


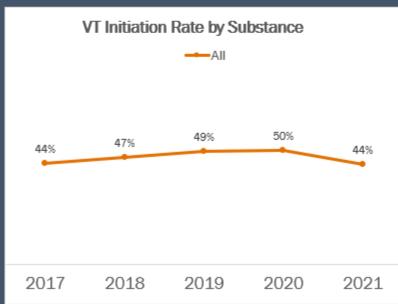
RUTLAND

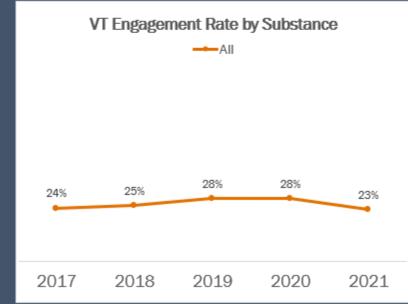
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

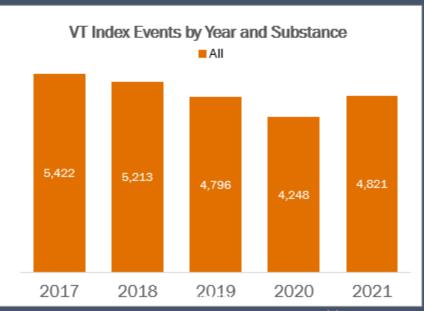






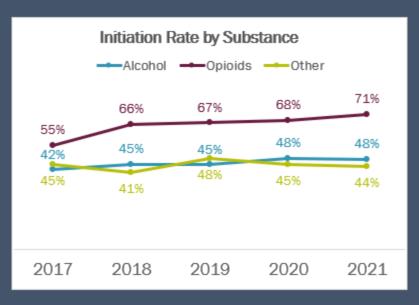


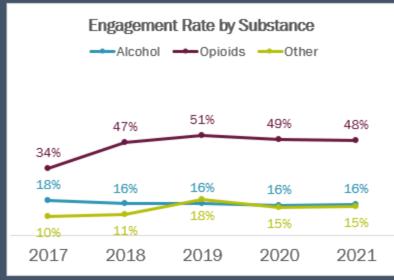


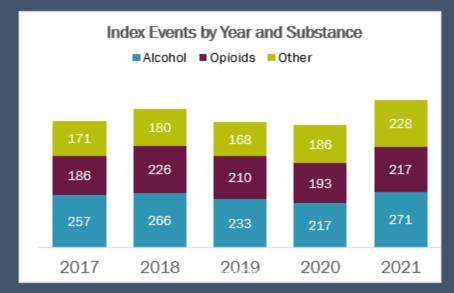


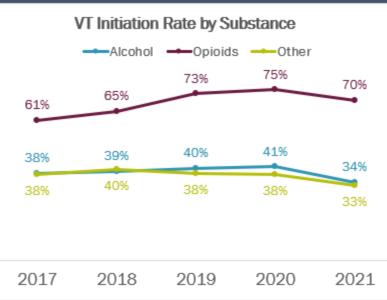
RUTLAND

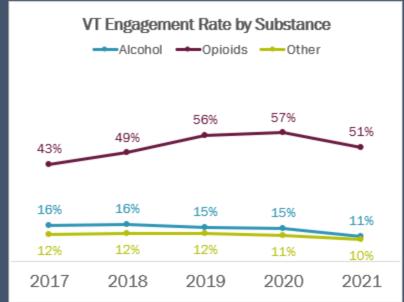
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

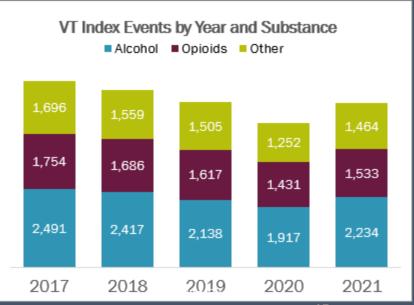






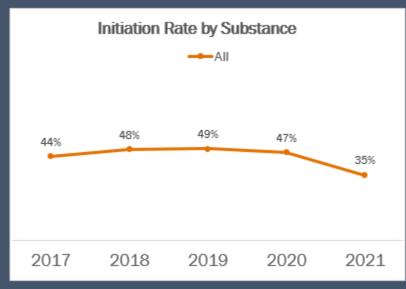


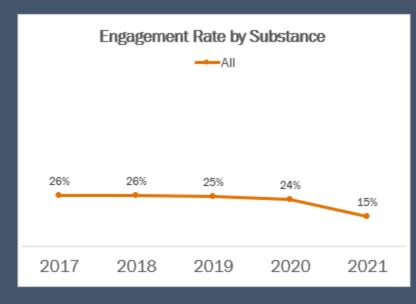


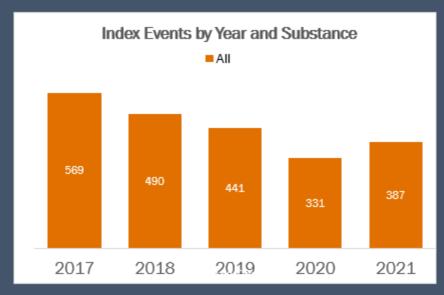


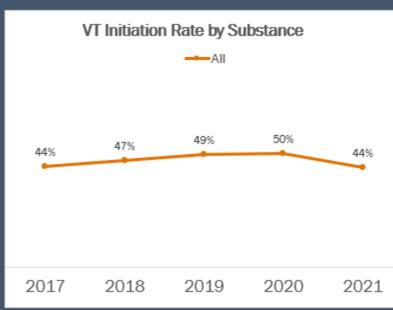
WASHINGTON

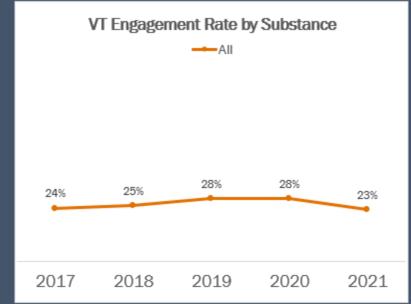
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

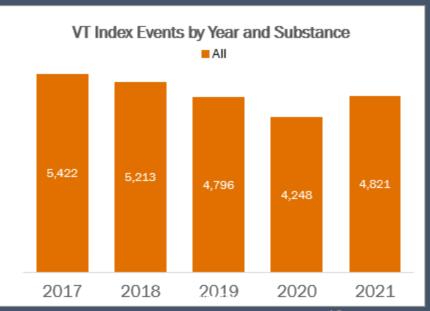






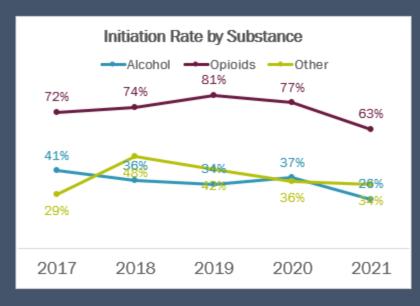


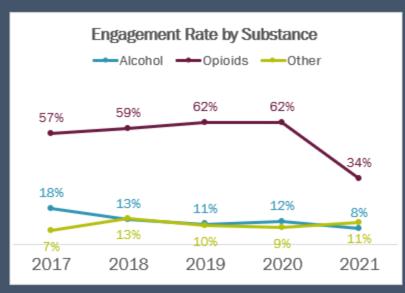


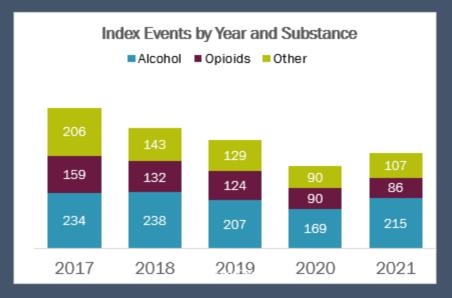


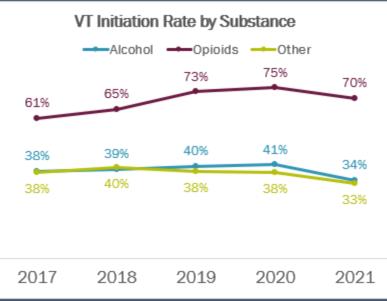
WASHINGTON

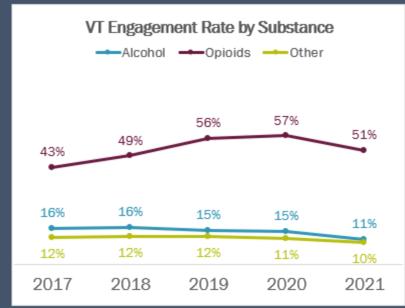
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

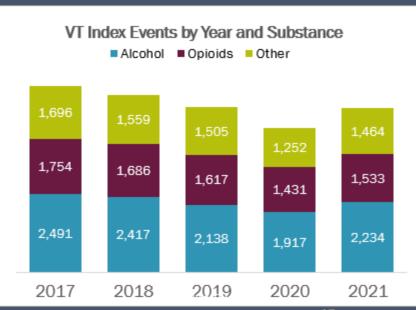






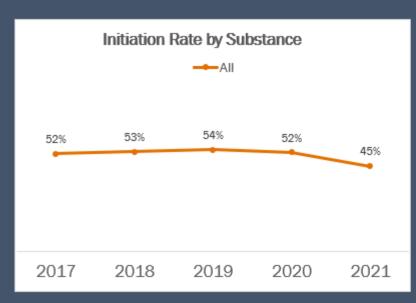


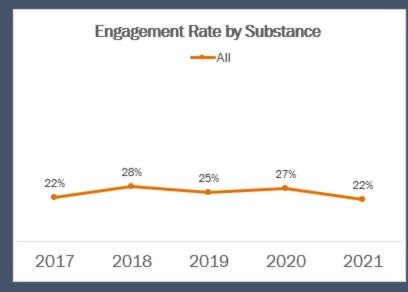


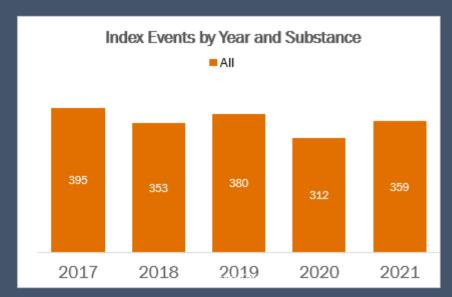


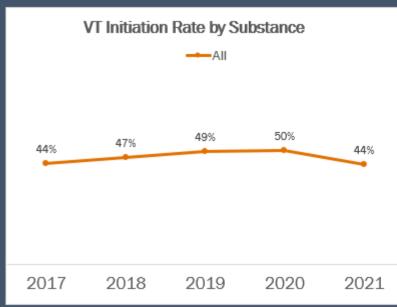
WINDHAM

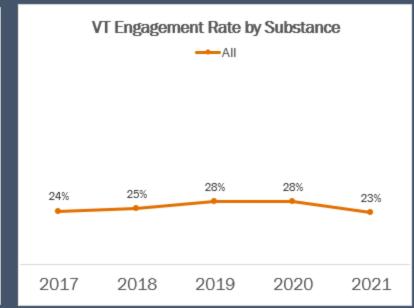
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

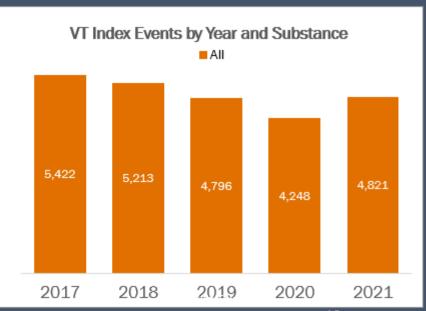






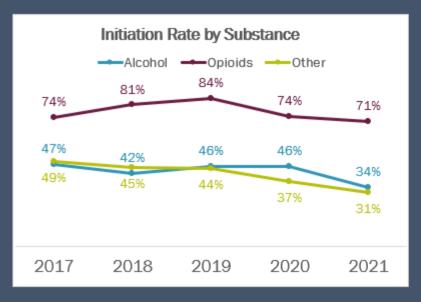


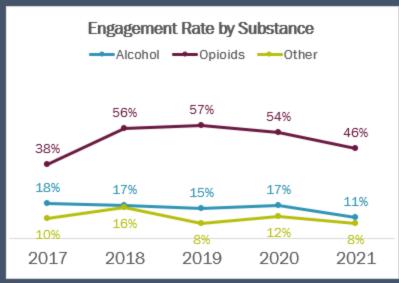


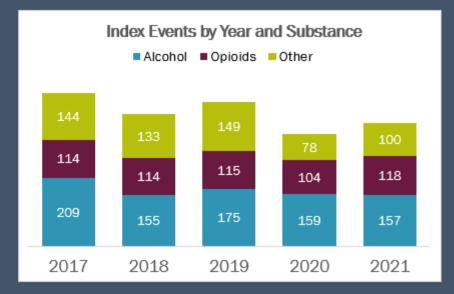


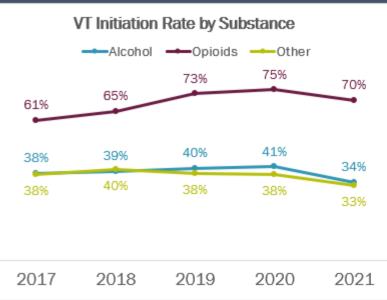
WINDHAM

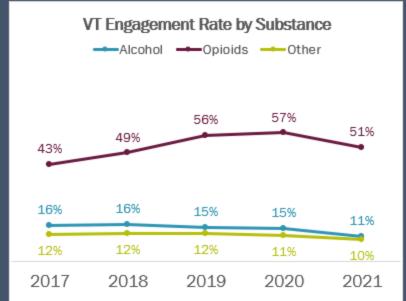
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

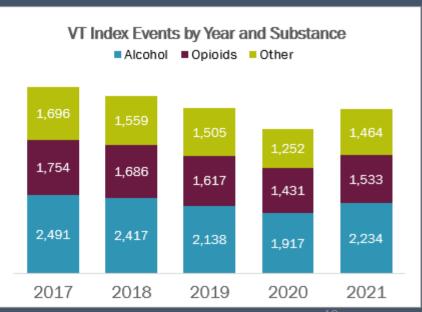






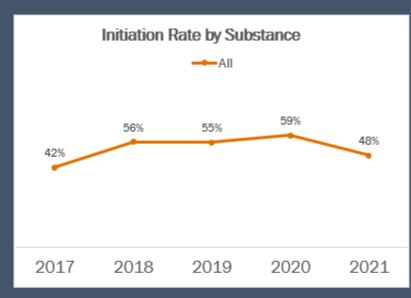


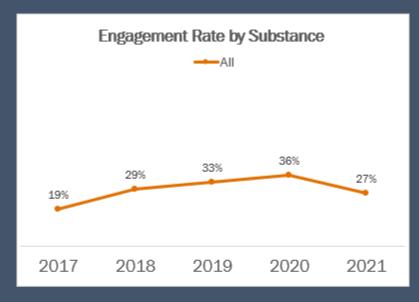


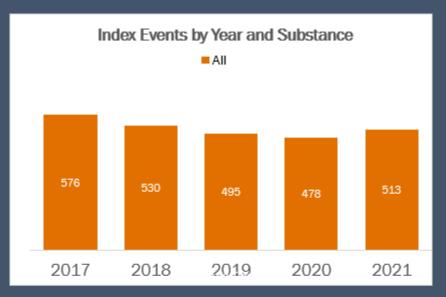


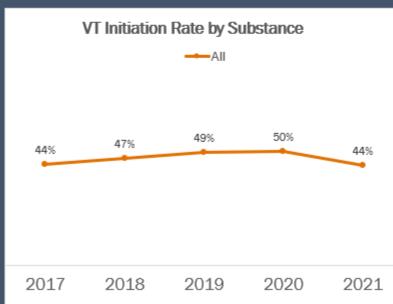
WINDSOR

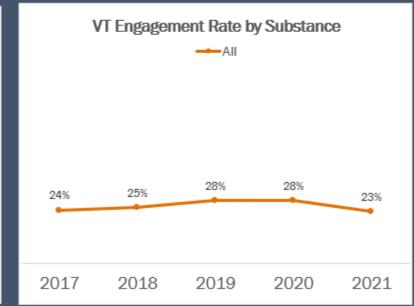
ANNUAL RATES - ALL SUBSTANCES

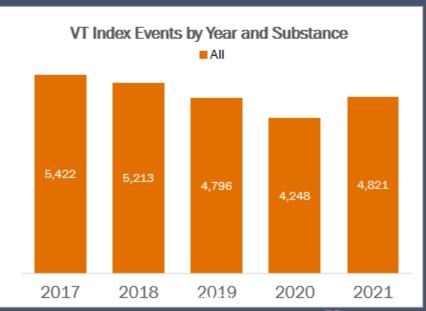






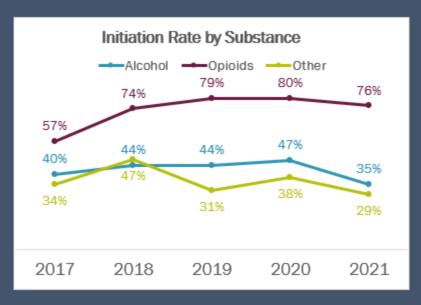


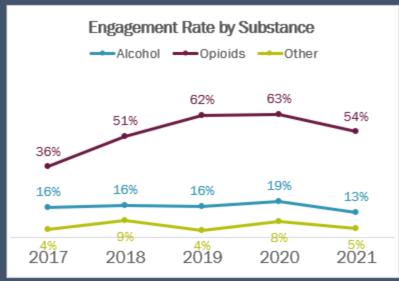


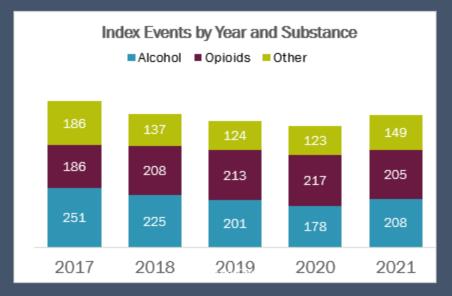


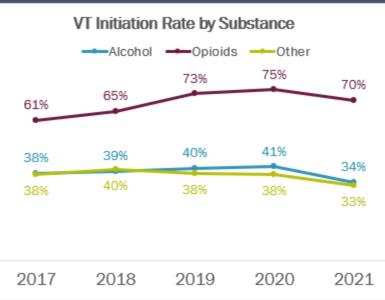
WINDSOR

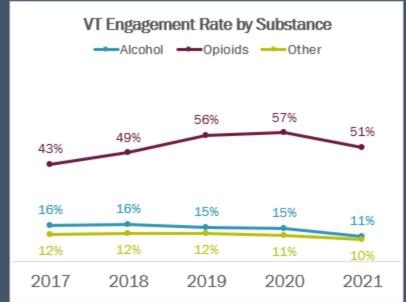
ANNUAL RATES - BY SUBSTANCE

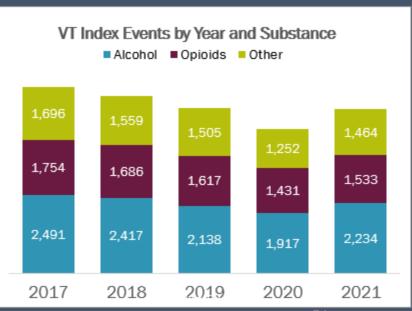












Detailed data notes and measure descriptions

Data Notes

- The data source for the initiation and engagement calculations presented is Medicaid claims.
- The year of the data presented in this document refers to the year the services were provided. Please note that this is different than how Healthcare Effectiveness Data Information Set (HEDIS) data are reported. HEDIS 2022 data is based on 2021 claims.
- Medicaid data are used because it includes claims that span multiple provider and services types, allowing the calculations to be made across providers and systems.
- "Other" used to describe substances in this report include any drug other than alcohol or opioids. This includes but is not limited to substances such as cocaine/crack, methamphetamines, cannabis, etc.
- The county calculations are based on the Medicaid recipient's county of residence.
- Vermont modified the measure specifications to accommodate VT-specific billing mechanisms.
- IET is used widely to monitor treatment for substance use disorders:
 - CMS' Core Quality Measure Set for Medicaid Adults
 - Vermont Medicaid's Global Commitment Core Measure Set
 - VMNG ACO payment measure
 - Vermont's Substance Abuse 1115 Waiver
 - All Payer Model measure
 - Former Medicaid ACO Shared Savings Program measure
 - Blueprint annual report measure

Data Details

Learn more about the IET measures and access this Medicare and Medicaid technical assistance resource.

Definitions used for IET are modified annually to reflect the intent of the measure and coding changes

Index Event: Medicaid patients who were diagnosed with a new episode of alcohol, opioid, or other drug abuse or dependency during a visit between January 1 and November 14 of the measurement period.

- New episode = Medicaid patients with a previous active diagnosis of alcohol, opioid or other drug abuse or dependence in the 60 days prior to the first episode of alcohol or drug dependence
- Exclude patients whose hospice care overlaps the measurement period

Initiation: Initiation of treatment includes either an intervention or medication for the treatment of AOD abuse or dependence within 14 days of the diagnosis (index event)

Engagement: Engagement in ongoing treatment includes two additional interventions or a medication for the treatment of AOD abuse or dependence within 34 days of the initiation visit. For patients who initiated treatment with a medication, at least one of the two engagement events must be a treatment intervention (i.e., engagement for these members cannot be satisfied with medication treatment alone).

Vermont modifications due to unique billing mechanisms and coding

In Vermont Medicaid, medication for opioid use disorder (MOUD) in hubs is currently billed as one unit per month. The HEDIS IET specification looks for one service within 14 days of index event to count as initiation and two services within 34 days of initiation for engagement. An adjustment to the IET rate was used to count the multiple visits each week occurring at the hubs. Also, VT billing codes for behavioral health residential substance use disorder treatment facilities do not match the IET measure, so for this measure are counted as sub-acute facility visits.

Please note that treatment services are offered through Community Health Teams and Spoke Staff that may not be reflected in these numbers because the funding mechanism for these teams does not require the generation of a service claim. Since the measure is based on Medicaid claims data, the numbers likely under-represent the rates of initiation and engagement in treatment.



Thank you!

Questions?

Email: AHS.VDHDSU@vermont.gov

Web: www.healthvermont.gov

Social: @healthvermont