# 2011 Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey Report

## **Report for Washington West Supervisory Union**

Every other year, since 1993, the Department of Health Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs and the Department of Education Student Health and Learning team sponsor the Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS). The YRBS measures the prevalence of behaviors that contribute to the leading causes of death, disease, and injury among youth.

Participation by schools and individual students is voluntary. To protect student privacy, the questionnaire and survey process are anonymous. It is impossible to identify an individual student's responses.

### **Survey Changes in 2011**

Before 2011, students in grades 8-12 took the Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey. In 2011, we conducted two surveys: a **high school survey** of students in grades 9-12, and a **middle school survey** of students in grades 6-8.

All results in the high school survey report are for grades 9-12 only. For the questions on the 2011 high school survey, we recalculated results from previous years for grades 9-12 for comparative purposes. Those results are at the end of this report.

### **About this Report**

The results appear in data tables by gender and grade unless otherwise noted. All results are percentages of students who responded affirmatively. Percentages were suppressed with an asterisk (\*) if five or fewer students reported affirmatively, either overall or by grade or gender.

#### Thank You

We thank the principals and superintendents who chose to participate, the teachers and school staff who administered or in other ways supported the survey, and the students who took the time and effort to share a piece of their lives with us. We also thank the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Division of Adolescent and School Health for sponsoring the survey through a cooperative agreement with the Vermont Department of Education, and the CDC and Westat for technical assistance.

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### How to Use the YRBS

The YRBS can detect changes in risk behaviors over time and identify differences among ages, grades, and genders. With these data, we can focus prevention efforts and determine whether school policies and community programs are having the intended effect on student behaviors.

Think of the YRBS as a tool for starting discussions, for educating the community, for planning and evaluating programs, and for comparing Vermont students with other students nationwide.

- Start the Conversation: Use the YRBS to begin a conversation with teens about the personal choices they make or about the health of their community. Ask them if the results accurately reflect what they see happening around them. How do they explain the results? From their perspective, what is or is not working? How would they promote healthy behaviors?
- Increase Awareness: The YRBS provides an opportunity to break through "denial" and make community members aware of the risks that their young people face. It can also dispel myths and correct misinformation about the "average teenager." The YRBS can accentuate the positive and celebrate the fact that many students are abstaining from behaviors that endanger their health and their ability to succeed.
- Plan and Evaluate Programs: The YRBS can serve as the basis of a community needs assessment. It can help identify strengths and weaknesses in communities, and can inform strategies to address those weaknesses.

**Remember to Look at the Positive Side:** In most cases, the majority of adolescents are NOT engaging in risky behaviors. Although most of the charts examine the prevalence of risk behaviors, please do not forget about the percentage of adolescents who are NOT engaging in these behaviors.

### A Word of Caution

The YRBS represents the most complete and most recent information available about risk behaviors among Vermont students. However, the YRBS has some limitations that you should keep in mind when interpreting the results.

- Data Quality: We take numerous precautions to ensure the reliability and validity of
  the results. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) carefully
  designed and thoroughly tested the questionnaire. The anonymous survey
  encourages students to be honest and forthright. We run over 100 consistency
  checks on the data to exclude careless, invalid, or logically inconsistent answers.
  These precautions can reduce some sources of error, but not all.
- Comparing Supervisory Unions/School Districts to Each Other and to the State: It is natural to want to know how individual supervisory unions or school districts compare to the state overall or to each other. We urge caution in making such comparisons because the statewide results are weighted and the local results are not. As a result, it is possible that apparent differences, especially small differences, are due to demographic characteristics rather than to true differences in prevalence. Furthermore, small differences may not be statistically different and may simply be a function of normal sampling error.
- What, not Why: The YRBS can indicate what students are doing. It can also suggest which groups of students are more likely to engage in these behaviors. However, the survey does not answer the most important question: Why are they doing it?

### **Personal Safety**

Feeling safe – whether at school, in a car, or in a relationship – fosters positive adolescent development. The high school and middle school surveys included questions on fighting, bullying, seat belt use, safety at school, helmet use, and suicidality. The high school survey included additional questions on driving behaviors, dating violence, and self harm.

- Physical fighting is a marker for problem behaviors<sup>1</sup> and is associated with serious injury.<sup>2,3</sup> Abuse by an intimate partner and forced sex are associated with negative psychosocial outcomes, poor mental health outcomes, and other risk behaviors among both males and females.<sup>4,5,6</sup>
- Both being a bully and being victimized by bullies have been increasingly recognized as health problems for children because of their association with a range of problems, including poor psychological adjustment,<sup>7,8</sup> poor academic achievement,<sup>8</sup> and violent behavior.<sup>9</sup>
- Motor vehicle crash injuries are the leading cause of death among youth ages 15 to 19 in the U.S.<sup>10</sup> Proper use of safety belts reduces the risk of fatal injury to front seat passengers by 45% and risk of moderate to critical injury by 50%.<sup>11</sup>
- Bicycle helmets are 85% to 88% effective at reducing the impact of head and brain injuries due to bicycle crashes.<sup>12</sup> Despite this, less than one quarter of bicyclists wear helmets.<sup>12</sup>
- In 2009, alcohol use was associated with nearly four in ten motor vehicle-related fatalities nationwide and in Vermont.<sup>13</sup> Additionally, research examining drugs other than alcohol indicates that marijuana is the most prevalent drug detected in impaired drivers, fatally injured drivers, and motor vehicle crash victims nationwide.<sup>14</sup>

### Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drugs

Early use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs is associated with myriad problems later in life. The high school and middle school surveys asked about tobacco, alcohol, marijuana, inhalant, and prescription drug use. The surveys also asked the age at which students first used alcohol, cigarettes, and marijuana. The high school survey asked additional questions on other drug use, such as heroin, methamphetamines, and hallucinogens. Both surveys asked about ease of availability of alcohol, cigarettes, and marijuana, peer disapproval of use of these substances, perceived parental disapproval of use, and the risk of harm associated with use of these substances.

- Alcohol use is a major contributing factor in about half of all homicides and sexual assaults,<sup>15</sup> and about one-third of all motor vehicle crash fatalities.<sup>16</sup> Heavy drinking among youth has been linked to violence, academic and job problems, suicidal behavior, trouble with law enforcement authorities, risky sexual behavior, and use of cigarettes, marijuana, cocaine, and other illegal drugs.<sup>17,18</sup>
- Tobacco use is the single most preventable cause of death in the United States, <sup>19</sup> contributing to more than one of every five deaths. <sup>20</sup> Cigarette smoking increases the risk of heart disease, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, acute respiratory illness, stroke, and cancers of the lung, larynx, oral cavity, pharynx, pancreas, and cervix. <sup>19</sup>
- Marijuana use is associated with smoking-related respiratory damage, temporary short-term memory loss, decreased motivation, and psychological dependence.<sup>21</sup> Other reactions include feelings of distrust, anxiety, or depression.<sup>21</sup> In Vermont, more teens enter treatment with a primary diagnosis for marijuana dependence than all other illicit drugs combined.<sup>22</sup>
- Other drug use is related to suicide, early unwanted pregnancy, school failure, delinquency, and transmission of sexually transmitted diseases (STDs), including HIV infection.<sup>23</sup>
- Multi-year results from the Monitoring the Future survey indicate that the prevalence of marijuana use among youth declines as the percentage of youth expressing disapproval of marijuana increases.<sup>24</sup> As perception of harm of using alcohol and other drugs decreases, there is a tendency for use to increase.<sup>24</sup> Increased use is also associated with the perception that substances are readily available, regardless of whether the perception is accurate.<sup>24</sup>

### **Sexual Behavior and Orientation**

Experimentation with sexual behaviors and orientation often starts during adolescence. The high school survey asked about age of first sexual intercourse, frequency, sexual partners, sexual orientation, alcohol and drug use related to sexual intercourse, contraceptive use, and HIV testing. The middle school survey did not ask any questions about sex.

- Early sexual activity and having multiple sexual partners are associated with an increased risk of unwanted pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) including HIV infection,<sup>25</sup> and negative effects on social and psychological development.<sup>26</sup> Alcohol and drug use may serve as predisposing factors for initiation of sexual activity.<sup>27</sup>
- Of the nearly 19 million new cases of STDs per year in the United States, almost half are among youth ages 15-24.<sup>28</sup> STDs may result in infertility and facilitation of HIV transmission and may have an adverse effect on pregnancy outcomes and maternal and child health.<sup>26</sup> Besides abstinence, condom use is currently the most effective means of preventing sexual transmission of HIV and other STDs.<sup>29</sup>
- Although many lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender adolescents lead happy and healthy lives, others face tremendous challenges to growing up physically and mentally healthy.
   Compared to heterosexual youth, lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender youth are at higher risk for depression, tobacco, alcohol and other drug use, suicide, and unhealthy sexual behaviors.<sup>30</sup>

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### **Body Image**

Negative feelings about weight and body image often develop in adolescence. The high school and middle school surveys included questions about weight perception and weight control. The high school survey asked for students' height and weight to calculate body mass index, and about use of artificial tanning devices.

- There are more than three times as many overweight children and adolescents in the U.S. than there were in 1980.<sup>31</sup> Obesity in childhood and adolescence is associated with negative psychological and social consequences and adverse health outcomes, including type 2 diabetes, obstructive sleep apnea, hypertension, dyslipidemia, and metabolic syndrome.<sup>32</sup> Overweight and obesity acquired during childhood or adolescence may persist into adulthood.<sup>33</sup> Approximately 400,000 deaths a year in the United States are currently associated with overweight and obesity.<sup>20</sup>
- However, overemphasis on slenderness during adolescence may contribute to eating disorders such as anorexia nervosa and bulimia.<sup>34,35</sup> Studies have shown high rates of body dissatisfaction and dieting among adolescent females, with many engaging in unhealthy weight control behaviors such as fasting and self-induced vomiting that can lead to abnormal physical and psychological development.<sup>36,37</sup>
- Indoor tanning increases risk for melanoma and non-melanoma cancers. In the U.S., the
  incidence of melanoma is increasing more rapidly than that of any other cancer, particularly
  among girls and women between the ages of 15 and 39. Some evidence suggests that
  repeated UV irradiation, and the use of indoor tanning beds specifically, may have important
  behavioral consequences, including mood changes, pain, and physical dependency.<sup>38</sup>

## **Nutrition and Physical Activity**

Nutritious eating and physical activity are two cornerstones of healthy adolescent development. The high school and middle school surveys asked about breakfast consumption, physical activity, physical education classes, and television, computer, and video game use. The high school survey also asked about consumption of fruits, vegetables, soda, and sugar-sweetened beverages.

- Fruits and vegetables are good sources of complex carbohydrates, vitamins, minerals, and other substances that are important for good health. Dietary patterns with higher intakes of fruits and vegetables are associated with a variety of health benefits, including a decreased risk for some types of cancer.<sup>39-43</sup>
- In recent years, soft drink consumption has significantly increased among children and adolescents. Consumption of sugar-sweetened drinks, including soft drinks, appears to be associated with an increased risk for being overweight in children.
- Regular physical activity builds and maintains healthy bones and muscles, controls weight, builds lean muscle, reduces fat, reduces feelings of depression and anxiety. It also decreases the risk of dying prematurely, dying of heart disease, and developing diabetes, colon cancer, and high blood pressure. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services recommends that young people ages 6–17 participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity every day. Feeling the services and muscles, controls weight, builds lean muscles, controls weight, builds lean muscles, controls weight, builds lean muscles, reduces feelings of depression and anxiety. It also decreases the risk of dying prematurely, dying of heart disease, and developing diabetes, colon cancer, and high blood pressure. Feelings of depression and anxiety. It also decreases the risk of dying prematurely, dying of heart disease, and developing diabetes, colon cancer, and high blood pressure. Feelings of the properties of the p
- By 12th grade, more than half of female students in the U.S. do not participate in vigorous physical activity regularly. School physical education classes can increase adolescent participation in physical activity and help adolescents develop the knowledge, attitudes, and skills they need to engage in lifelong physical activity.<sup>47-50</sup>
- Television viewing is the principal sedentary leisure time behavior in the U.S. Studies have shown that television viewing in young people is related to obesity<sup>51</sup> and violent or aggressive behavior.<sup>52-54</sup> Using the computer for fun and playing video games have become increasingly common sedentary leisure time activities among young people as well.

### **Measures of Youth Assets**

Adolescent achievement requires sources of positive influence. The high school and middle school surveys asked about school and community connectivity as well as parental conversations about school. The high school survey asked additional questions about volunteerism and grades earned in school.

- Above-average school performance is one of many developmental assets, or factors promoting positive development. Studies have shown that students who get higher grades in school are less likely to use cigarettes, alcohol, or marijuana, and are more likely to postpone sexual intercourse.<sup>55</sup>
- One of the strongest predictors of students' success in school is the extent to which their parents stay involved with their schoolwork.<sup>56</sup> A national study of adolescent health found that youth who reported a "connectedness" to their parents/family and school were the least likely to engage in risky behaviors.<sup>57</sup> Parental expectations regarding school achievement were also associated with lower levels of risk behaviors.<sup>57</sup>
- Research shows that involvement in constructive, supervised extracurricular activities is associated with reduced likelihood of involvement in risky behaviors such as school failure, drug use, and delinquency.<sup>58</sup> In addition, evidence is emerging that students who participate in such activities are also more likely to engage in other "thriving" behaviors.<sup>59</sup>
- Youth are not simply objects of adult efforts to modify their behaviors. Rather, if given
  the opportunities, they can make significant contributions to their families, schools,
  and communities. Adolescents, especially, need to exercise decision-making power
  in as many settings as is practical, so that they can develop into competent adults.
  Schools are a natural setting for youth to share in decisions that affect their lives.

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# 2011 Vermont High School Youth Risk Behavior Survey

# **Results for Washington West SU**

Participation Rates

		Gra	ade		Gender				
	9	10	11	12	F	М	All		
Participated	136	130	111	100	234	241	484		
Enrolled	152	156	142	162	295	317	612		
Participation Rate	89%	82%	78%	60%	79%	76%	79%		

Based on October 1, 2010 enrollment. Some students did not indicate grade or gender.

# Demographics

Age

	2011
14 or younger	14%
15	29%
16	27%
17	23%
18 or older	8%

## Race and Ethnicity

	2011
White non-Hispanic	85%
Racial or ethnic minority	15%

### Mother's Education

	2011
High school or less	21%
Some college	12%
College graduate	41%
Graduate or professional degree after college	20%
Not sure	6%

# **Personal Safety**

Percent of students who:

	All	Grade			Sex	<	
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Ride bicycles	81%	88%	84%	78%	71%	77%	86%

Of students who ride bicycles, percent who wear helmets:

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Always	21%	23%	17%	21%	24%	20%	22%
Most of the time	21%	24%	23%	20%	13%	20%	22%
Sometimes	12%	12%	9%	20%	9%	16%	9%
Rarely or never	46%	42%	51%	40%	54%	45%	47%

# **Personal Safety**

Percent of students who wear seatbelts when riding in a car:

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Always	61%	64%	47%	69%	64%	62%	59%
Most of the time	24%	24%	33%	18%	20%	25%	23%
Sometimes	9%	8%	10%	9%	8%	7%	11%
Rarely or never	6%	4%	10%	*	8%	6%	7%

Percent of students who, in the past 30 days:

	All	Grade				Sex	
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Rode in a car or other vehicle driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol	28%	23%	36%	26%	28%	29%	27%
Drove a car or other vehicle after drinking	6%	*	6%	9%	9%	4%	8%
Rode in a car or other vehicle driven by someone who had been smoking marijuana	28%	13%	33%	30%	38%	30%	26%
Drove a car or other vehicle after smoking marijuana	9%	*	7%	15%	17%	7%	11%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

# **Personal Safety**

	All	Grade				Se	x
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Carried a weapon such as a gun, knife or club on school property, past 30 days	7%	4%	7%	*	11%	3%	10%
Did not go to school because they felt unsafe, past 30 days	5%	5%	*	7%	5%	6%	5%
Were threatened or injured with a weapon at school, past 12 months	7%	*	7%	9%	8%	5%	8%
Were in a physical fight, past 12 months	23%	26%	24%	18%	25%	18%	29%
Were in a physical fight on school property, past 12 months	9%	10%	9%	9%	10%	5%	14%
Were hit, slapped, or physically hurt on purpose by a boyfriend or girlfriend, past 12 months	7%	4%	6%	8%	10%	5%	9%
Were physically forced to have sexual intercourse, ever	6%	4%	*	8%	9%	8%	5%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

### **Personal Safety**

Percent of students who:

	All		Gra	Sex	<		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Were bullied, past 30 days	19%	30%	17%	13%	16%	21%	18%
Bullied someone else, past 30 days	19%	19%	20%	15%	20%	15%	23%
Were electronically bullied, past 12 months	13%	12%	17%	12%	9%	19%	7%
Caused purposeful harm to themselves such as by cutting or burning, past 12 months	17%	16%	18%	17%	20%	25%	10%
Felt sad or hopeless almost every day for two weeks or more in a row, past 12 months	23%	25%	20%	17%	31%	29%	17%
Made a suicide plan, past 12 months	10%	11%	6%	9%	13%	11%	8%
Made a suicide attempt, past 12 months	5%	6%	*	*	5%	7%	3%

For the purposes of the Vermont YRBS, bullying was described as occurring when, on many occasions, a student or group of students say or do unpleasant things to another student to make fun of, tease, embarrass, or scare him/her, or purposefully exclude him/her. Bullying can occur before, during, or after the school day; on school property; on a school bus; or at a school-sponsored activity. It is not bullying when two students of about the same strength and power argue or fight, or when teasing is done in a friendly way. Electronic bullying includes through e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, Web sites, or texting.

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

	All	Grade				Sex	ĸ
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Ever drank alcohol other than a few sips	59%	39%	61%	70%	70%	57%	60%
Had first drink other than a few sips before age 13	13%	14%	14%	7%	16%	10%	15%
Drank alcohol, past 30 days	38%	21%	41%	47%	48%	38%	38%
Had five or more drinks of alcohol in a row, past 30 days	23%	13%	25%	26%	33%	21%	26%
Drank alcohol on 3 to 9 of the past 30 days	15%	7%	19%	16%	18%	16%	13%
Drank alcohol on 10 or more of the past 30 days	6%	4%	*	7%	10%	4%	7%
Binged on 3 or more of the past 30 days	9%	*	9%	14%	15%	7%	12%
Drank alcohol on school property, past 30 days	3%	*	5%	*	*	*	5%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

Among students who drank in the past 30 days:

Usual type of beverage consumed, past 30 days

	All	Grade				Sex	
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Liquor, such as rum, gin, vodka, or whiskey	55%	61%	50%	54%	56%	63%	46%
Beer	30%	21%	31%	31%	32%	13%	47%
Other alcoholic beverages, such as Smirnoff Ice, Bacardi Silver, Mike's Hard Lemonade, or Twisted Tea	12%	*	15%	*	*	18%	*
Wine	4%	*	*	*	*	*	*

Usual source of alcohol, past 30 days

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Someone gave it to me	44%	43%	45%	49%	37%	45%	42%
Gave someone money to buy it for me	36%	32%	35%	33%	42%	35%	36%
Got it or stole it from home	13%	21%	14%	*	*	15%	11%
Purchased from a store, liquor store; or restaurant	7%	*	*	*	*	*	8%
Stole it from a store or restaurant	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

	All		Gr	ade		Sex	<b>(</b>
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Ever smoked a whole cigarette	20%	9%	21%	24%	28%	19%	20%
Smoked before age 13	7%	6%	7%	*	11%	5%	8%
Smoked cigarettes, past 30 days	11%	5%	10%	12%	20%	13%	9%
Smoked on 20 or more of the past 30 days	4%	*	*	*	12%	*	6%
Smoked every day, past 30 days	3%	*	*	*	8%	*	4%
Used chewing tobacco, past 30 days	4%	*	*	6%	8%	*	8%
Smoked cigars, past 30 days	11%	4%	10%	16%	17%	7%	16%
Used snus, ever	7%	*	8%	6%	14%	*	12%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

Among students who smoked in the past 30 days:

Usual source of cigarettes, past 30 days

	All		Grade			Sex	
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Bought them in a store or from a vending machine	24%	*	*	*	42%	*	36%
Gave someone else money to buy them for me	22%	*	*	*	*	*	27%
Borrowed (or bummed) them from someone else; Person 18 years or older gave them to me; took them from a store or family member	47%	71%	58%	54%	26%	59%	32%
Some other way	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Percent who tried to quit, past 12 months

	All		Gra	ade		Sex	
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Tried to quit	47%	*	42%	50%	43%	44%	50%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

	All		Gra	ade		Sex	<b>K</b>
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Were in the same room with someone who was smoking, past 7 days	35%	25%	41%	34%	44%	33%	37%
Were in the same car with someone who was smoking, past 7 days	27%	23%	32%	24%	30%	27%	27%
Were asked about smoking by a health professional, past 12 months	36%	26%	33%	45%	44%	39%	34%
Discussed dangers of smoking with parents or guardian, past 12 months	29%	39%	28%	25%	20%	27%	30%
Think that out of 100 Vermont high school students, 56 or more smoke cigarettes	10%	11%	11%	5%	13%	10%	10%

	All	Grade				Sex	
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Used marijuana, ever	40%	25%	40%	45%	55%	38%	42%
Used marijuana before age 13	7%	4%	9%	*	9%	3%	10%
Used marijuana, past 30 days	26%	15%	31%	33%	29%	23%	29%
Used marijuana on 3 to 9 of the past 30 days	6%	*	6%	6%	8%	5%	7%
Used marijuana on 10 or more of the past 30 days	10%	*	13%	12%	15%	9%	12%
Used marijuana on school property, past 30 days	6%	*	8%	6%	6%	5%	6%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

	All		Gra	ade		Sex	<b>(</b>
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Used cocaine, past 30 days	4%	*	*	*	8%	3%	5%
Used inhalants, ever	8%	9%	9%	7%	7%	9%	7%
Used heroin, ever	3%	*	*	*	*	*	3%
Used methamphetamines, ever	3%	*	*	*	6%	*	4%
Used hallucinogens, ever	10%	*	8%	12%	20%	8%	12%
Used the prescription stimulant Ritalin or Adderall not prescribed to them, ever	6%	*	6%	*	11%	5%	6%
Used a prescription pain reliever such as OxyContin, Vicodin, or other prescription pain reliever not prescribed to them, ever	9%	8%	9%	7%	13%	10%	8%
Used a prescription pain reliever or a prescription stimulant not prescribed to them, ever	11%	8%	13%	7%	16%	11%	10%
Were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property, past 12 months	20%	14%	28%	20%	17%	15%	25%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

## Attitudes and Perceptions about Alcohol, Cigarette, and Marijuana Use

Percent of students who think their parents would think it is wrong or very wrong for them to:

	All	Grade				Sex	
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Smoke cigarettes	88%	92%	87%	89%	80%	90%	85%
Drink alcohol	70%	82%	70%	65%	57%	73%	67%
Smoke marijuana	75%	87%	69%	72%	68%	79%	71%

Percent of students who think it would be wrong or very wrong for someone their age to:

	All		Gra	Sex			
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Smoke cigarettes	75%	86%	75%	77%	55%	79%	71%
Drink alcohol	44%	64%	42%	28%	36%	45%	43%
Smoke marijuana	51%	66%	42%	43%	50%	53%	49%

# Attitudes and Perceptions about Alcohol, Cigarette, and Marijuana Use

Percent of students who think people their age greatly risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they:

	All	Grade				Sex	
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day	63%	66%	57%	67%	61%	65%	61%
Have five or more drinks of alcohol once or twice each weekend	32%	45%	25%	22%	33%	35%	29%
Smoke marijuana regularly	29%	43%	25%	22%	24%	36%	22%

Percent of students who report that it would be easy or very easy to get:

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Cigarettes	68%	49%	69%	72%	88%	64%	71%
Alcohol	77%	68%	79%	83%	81%	80%	74%
Marijuana	68%	47%	74%	75%	83%	64%	72%

### **Sexual Behavior and Orientation**

	All	Gr	ade	Sex	(
	2011	9 and 10	11 and 12	Female	Male
Had sexual intercourse, ever	34%	24%	46%	33%	34%
First had sexual intercourse before age 13	3%	3%	4%	*	4%
Had sexual intercourse with four or more people during their life	7%	3%	12%	6%	8%
Had sexual intercourse at least once in the past three months	25%	17%	36%	27%	24%
Had oral sex, ever	41%	32%	52%	37%	44%
Had a HIV test, ever	7%	*	14%	8%	6%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

### **Sexual Behavior and Orientation**

Among students who had sex in the past 3 months:

Percent of students who:

	All	Gr	ade	Sex		
	2011	9 and 10 11 and 12		Female	Male	
Used drugs or alcohol before last sexual intercourse	25%	23%	26%	23%	27%	
Used a condom for last sexual intercourse	64%	73%	58%	64%	64%	

Method used to prevent pregnancy during last sexual intercourse

	All	Gr	ade	Sex		
	2011	9 and 10 11 and 12		Female	Male	
Condoms	44%	55%	38%	41%	48%	
Prescription birth control including pills, rings, implants, injections, IUDs	42%	31%	48%	44%	39%	
No method	6%	*	*	*	*	
Withdrawal	*	*	*	*	*	
Some other method/not sure	*	*	*	*	*	

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

### **Sexual Behavior and Orientation**

### Sexual orientation

	Sex				
	Female				
Heterosexual	90%	96%			
Gay or lesbian	*	*			
Bisexual	6%	*			
Not sure	3%	3%			

With whom have you had sexual contact?

	Sex				
	Female Male				
Females	*	50%			
Males	46%	*			
Both	7%	*			
Never had sexual contact	46%	47%			

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

# **Body Image**

Percent of students who are:

	All	Grade			Sex	(	
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Overweight (85th BMI Percentile)	15%	13%	16%	18%	15%	14%	17%
Obese (95th BMI Percentile)	10%	9%	14%	8%	8%	3%	17%

BMI=body mass index; weight in kilograms divided by height in meters, squared

Percent of students who think that they are:

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Underweight	13%	16%	10%	10%	16%	8%	17%
About the right weight	59%	59%	64%	55%	57%	65%	53%
Overweight	28%	26%	27%	35%	27%	27%	30%

# **Body Image**

Percent of students who are trying to:

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Lose weight	43%	43%	40%	53%	38%	56%	31%
Gain weight	10%	15%	9%	8%	7%	3%	17%
Stay the same weight	21%	16%	25%	18%	26%	24%	19%
Not trying to do anything about weight	25%	26%	25%	21%	29%	18%	33%

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Skipped meals to lose weight or keep from gaining weight, past 30 days	21%	20%	22%	23%	19%	34%	9%
Used an indoor tanning device such as a sunlamp, sunbed, or tanning booth, past 30 days	6%	5%	4%	10%	6%	8%	4%

## **Nutrition**

Percent of students who, during the past seven days:

	All		Gra	ade		Sex	x
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Ate fruits and vegetables five or more times per day	25%	25%	24%	30%	23%	28%	23%
Ate two or more servings of fruit or fruit juice per day	36%	42%	33%	39%	27%	36%	35%
Ate three or more servings of vegetables per day	18%	16%	16%	21%	21%	19%	17%
Ate breakfast seven of the past seven days	48%	57%	41%	50%	42%	50%	46%
Ate breakfast at least three of the past seven days	81%	84%	80%	83%	75%	81%	81%
Ate breakfast zero of the past seven days	7%	8%	6%	*	11%	7%	7%
Drank a can, bottle, or glass of soda or pop at least once per day	10%	7%	8%	8%	17%	4%	15%
Drank a can, bottle, or glass of a sugar-sweetened beverage such as lemonade, sweetened tea or coffee rinks, sports drinks, energy drinks, Snapple, or Sunny Delight at least			440	1001	1001	05.4	450
once per day	11%	11%	11%	10%	12%	6%	15%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

Physical Activity

Percent of students who were physically active on:

	All		Grade			Sex	Sex	
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male	
Seven of the past seven days	18%	16%	20%	18%	19%	14%	22%	
Zero of the past seven days	13%	9%	13%	13%	19%	15%	11%	

Percent of students who attend physical education classes:

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Every day during an average school week	31%	47%	32%	20%	20%	29%	33%
At least one day during an average school week	37%	54%	38%	24%	29%	33%	42%

Percent of students who, on an average school day, watch TV, play video or computer games, or use a computer for something that is not school work:

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Three or more hours	38%	30%	45%	27%	52%	30%	46%
Five or more hours	12%	9%	13%	9%	21%	8%	17%

#### **Youth Assets**

Grades earned in school

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Mostly As	46%	46%	45%	42%	54%	54%	39%
Mostly Bs	32%	26%	31%	40%	32%	31%	32%
Mostly Cs	12%	14%	13%	13%	9%	5%	19%
Mostly Ds or Fs	5%	8%	5%	*	*	5%	4%
None/not sure	5%	7%	6%	*	*	4%	6%

Percent of students who talk with their parents about school:

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
About every day	44%	42%	45%	53%	38%	50%	39%
About once or twice a week	28%	30%	29%	22%	31%	26%	30%
About once or twice a month	10%	12%	6%	11%	8%	9%	11%
Less than once a month	10%	11%	11%	8%	10%	9%	11%
Never	8%	5%	9%	7%	13%	7%	9%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

#### **Youth Assets**

Percent of students who:

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Volunteer one or more hours in an average week	51%	52%	38%	63%	51%	55%	46%
Volunteer three or more hours in an average week	15%	14%	8%	19%	22%	17%	13%

Percent of students who agree or strongly agree:

	All	Grade			Sex		
	2011	9	10	11	12	Female	Male
Teachers really care about you and give you a lot of encouragement	49%	46%	44%	53%	56%	49%	49%
Students help decide what goes on in your school	45%	45%	38%	52%	46%	50%	40%
In your community, you feel like you matter to people	47%	44%	47%	53%	45%	46%	48%

# 2011 Vermont Middle School Youth Risk Behavior Survey Results for Washington West SU

Participation Rates

	Gra	ade	Ger	nder	All
	7	8	F	М	All
Participated	132	111	111	132	243
Enrolled	148	120	161	181	342
Participation Rate	89%	93%	69%	73%	71%

Based on October 1, 2010 enrollment. Some students did not indicate grade or gender.

## Demographics

## Age

	All
	2011
12	30%
13	43%
14 or older	26%

## Race and Ethnicity

	All
	2011
White non-Hispanic	85%
Racial or ethnic minority	15%

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## **Personal Safety**

Percent of students who:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Ride bicycles	93%	92%	95%	95%	92%

Of students who ride bicycles, percent who wear helmets:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Always	27%	35%	18%	33%	22%
Most of the time	28%	30%	27%	26%	31%
Sometimes	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Rarely or never	29%	20%	40%	26%	32%

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## **Personal Safety**

Percent of students who:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Rollerblade or skateboard	36%	31%	41%	31%	39%

Of students who rollerblade or skateboard, percent who wear helmets:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Always	20%	35%	*	18%	22%
Most of the time	18%	*	27%	21%	16%
Sometimes	20%	28%	13%	*	24%
Rarely or never	42%	30%	53%	47%	39%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

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## **Personal Safety**

Percent of students who wear seatbelts when riding in a car:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Always	65%	72%	57%	69%	62%
Most of the time	25%	22%	29%	27%	23%
Sometimes	7%	5%	9%	*	11%
Rarely or never	3%	*	*	*	*

Percent of students who ever rode in a car driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Yes	28%	20%	39%	26%	30%
No	46%	53%	39%	47%	46%
Not sure	35%	34%	37%	37%	34%

## **Personal Safety**

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Were ever in a physical fight	51%	50%	53%	38%	63%
Did not go to school because felt unsafe, past 30 days	7%	5%	8%	5%	8%
Were ever bullied on school property	49%	55%	43%	49%	49%
Were ever electronically bullied	23%	21%	24%	31%	15%
Were bullied, past 30 days	30%	33%	28%	34%	27%
Bullied someone else, past 30 days	26%	25%	26%	24%	27%
Ever seriously thought about killing themselves	14%	9%	21%	20%	9%
Ever made a suicide plan	9%	7%	11%	10%	8%
Ever attempted suicide	*	*	*	*	*

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

	All Grade		All Grade Sex		<b>Y</b>
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Ever had a drink of alcohol other than a few sips	28%	18%	38%	24%	31%
Had first drink other than a few sips before age 11	10%	9%	12%	6%	14%
Drank alcohol, past 30 days	10%	5%	17%	9%	11%
Had five or more drinks of alcohol in a row, past 30 days	5%	*	6%	*	6%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

	All Grade		Sex		
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Tried cigarette smoking, even one or two puffs, ever	9%	6%	13%	8%	10%
Smoked before age 11	*	*	*	*	*
Smoked in past 30 days	*	*	*	*	*
Used chewing tobacco, past 30 days	3%	*	*	*	5%
Smoked cigars, past 30 days	*	*	*	*	*
Used snus, ever	4%	*	*	*	5%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

	All Grade		Sex		
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Were in the same room with someone who was smoking, past 7 days	25%	24%	26%	24%	25%
Were in the same car with someone who was smoking, past 7 days	18%	18%	19%	18%	18%
Were asked about smoking by a health professional, past 12 months	14%	14%	14%	14%	14%
Discussed dangers of smoking with parents or guardian, past 12 months	44%	45%	43%	44%	44%
Think that out of 100 Vermont high school students, 56 or more smoke cigarettes	18%	16%	21%	18%	19%

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Used marijuana, ever	8%	*	13%	*	13%
Used marijuana before age 11	*	*	*	*	*
Used marijuana, past 30 days	5%	*	8%	*	9%
Used inhalants, ever	8%	7%	8%	7%	8%
Misused prescription drugs, ever	4%	*	*	*	6%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

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#### Attitudes and Perceptions about Alcohol, Cigarette, and Marijuana Use

Percent of students who think their parents would think it is wrong or very wrong for them to:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Smoke cigarettes	94%	94%	94%	95%	93%
Drink alcohol	83%	90%	74%	85%	80%
Smoke marijuana	93%	97%	89%	96%	91%

Percent of students who think it would be wrong or very wrong for someone their age to:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Smoke cigarettes	91%	95%	86%	94%	88%
Drink alcohol	79%	89%	67%	79%	79%
Smoke marijuana	88%	96%	79%	92%	85%

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#### Attitudes and Perceptions about Alcohol, Cigarette, and Marijuana Use

Percent of students who think people their age greatly risk harming themselves (physically or in other ways) if they:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day	74%	76%	72%	79%	70%
Have five or more drinks of alcohol once or twice each weekend	51%	59%	42%	56%	47%
Smoke marijuana regularly	66%	73%	58%	78%	56%

Percent of students who report that it would be easy or very easy to get:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Cigarettes	35%	26%	45%	29%	40%
Alcohol	50%	44%	56%	47%	52%
Marijuana	22%	11%	34%	17%	26%

## **Body Image**

Percent of students who think that they are:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Underweight	22%	24%	19%	16%	26%
About the right weight	58%	56%	59%	60%	55%
Overweight	21%	20%	22%	23%	18%

Percent of students who are trying to:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Lose weight	33%	38%	27%	41%	26%
Gain weight	10%	8%	12%	*	15%
Stay the same weight	24%	21%	28%	26%	22%
Not trying to do anything about weight	34%	34%	34%	29%	38%

	All	Grade 7 8		Sex	(
	2011			Female	Male
Skipped meals to lose weight or keep from gaining weight, past 30 days	15%	15% 14%		26%	5%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

#### **Nutrition**

Percent of students who ate breakfast on:

	All	Grade 7 8		Sex	<b>Y</b>
	2011			Female	Male
Seven of the past seven days	59%	60%	56%	45%	70%
At least three of the past seven days	86%	85%	87%	77%	93%
Zero of the past seven days	7%	7%	6%	10%	*

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

Physical Activity

Percent of students who were physically active on:

	All	Grade 7 8		Sex	(		
	2011			Female	Male		
Seven of the past seven days	32%	32%	31%	23%	39%		
Zero of the past seven days	7%	8% 6%		8% 6%		7%	7%

Percent of students who attend physical education classes:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7 8		Female	Male
Every day during an average school week	4%	5%	*	*	6%
At least one day during an average school week	97%	98% 96%		96%	98%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

## **Physical Activity**

Percent of students who, on an average school day, watch TV:

	All	Grade		Sex	(		
	2011	7 8		Female	Male		
Three or more hours	19%	16%	22%	15%	23%		
Five or more hours	4%	5% *		5% *		*	5%

Percent of students who, on an average school day, play video or computer games or use a computer for something that is not school work:

	All	Grade 7 8		All Grade		Sex	Sex	
	2011			Female	Male			
Three or more hours	21%	18%	25%	18%	23%			
Five or more hours	7%	6% 8%		6%	8%			

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

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#### **Youth Assets**

Percent of students who, in the past 7 days, went online for something that was not for school:

	All Gra		ide	Sex		
	2011	7	8	Female	Male	
Zero or one day	17%	21%	11%	13%	20%	
Two or three days	13%	15%	11%	16%	10%	
Four or five days	20%	20%	19%	19%	20%	
Six or seven days	51%	44%	59%	52%	50%	

Percent of students who talk with their parents about school:

	All	Grade		Sex	
	2011	7 8		Female	Male
About every day	44%	53%	34%	45%	43%
About once or twice a week	32%	24%	41%	30%	34%
About once or twice a month	8%	7%	10%	10%	7%
Less than once a month	7%	7%	7%	*	9%
Never	8%	9%	7%	11%	6%

<sup>\*</sup> Suppressed due to small cell sizes (≤ 5 students)

#### **Youth Assets**

Percent of students who agree or strongly agree:

	AII G		Grade		(
	2011	7	8	Female	Male
Teachers really care about you and give you a lot of encouragement	54%	59%	48%	55%	53%
Students help decide what goes on in your school	44%	49%	39%	42%	47%
In your community, you feel like you matter to people	52%	54%	50%	53%	51%

## **Vermont High School Youth Risk Behavior Survey**

#### **Recalculated Results for Washington West SU**

Before 2011, students in grades 8-12 took the Vermont Youth Risk Behavior Survey. In 2011, we conducted a high school survey of students in grades 9-12, and a middle school survey of students in grades 6-8.

All results in the 2011 high school survey report are for grades 9-12 only. The following pages contain rates from previous surveys recalculated for grades 9-12, overall and by gender, for comparison to 2011. Rates by grade did not change.

This section of the report includes only the variables on the 2011 YRBS. # = question was not asked that year.

## Personal Safety - All

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Always/almost always wear seat belt when riding in car	86%	85%	85%	83%	85%	84%
Rode with drinking driver, past 30 days	23%	26%	23%	29%	27%	24%
Drove after drinking, past 30 days	11%	9%	7%	10%	8%	8%
Rode with marijuana user, past 30 days	33%	33%	30%	30%	24%	27%
Drive after marijuana use, past 30 days	18%	17%	17%	15%	10%	12%
Carried a weapon on school property, past 30 days	13%	15%	9%	16%	13%	8%
Did not go to school because felt unsafe, past 30 days	4%	6%	3%	7%	4%	4%
Threatened or injured with weapon on school property, past 12 months	6%	11%	6%	10%	12%	6%
In physical fight, past 12 months	26%	34%	30%	34%	25%	27%
In physical fight at school, past 12 months	15%	20%	17%	16%	14%	13%

## **Personal Safety - Females**

			Ye	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Always/almost always wear seat belt when riding in car	93%	88%	90%	89%	90%	88%
Rode with drinking driver, past 30 days	20%	26%	18%	30%	28%	23%
Drove after drinking, past 30 days	7%	6%	2%	5%	6%	5%
Rode with marijuana user, past 30 days	26%	29%	27%	29%	25%	25%
Drive after marijuana use, past 30 days	9%	11%	12%	9%	9%	10%
Carried a weapon on school property, past 30 days	4%	3%	2%	7%	4%	5%
Did not go to school because felt unsafe, past 30 days	2%	4%	1%	5%	1%	2%
Threatened or injured with weapon on school property, past 12 months	3%	6%	3%	7%	7%	4%
In physical fight, past 12 months	13%	19%	17%	27%	18%	16%
In physical fight at school, past 12 months	5%	8%	8%	9%	8%	6%

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## **Personal Safety - Males**

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Always/almost always wear seat belt when riding in car	80%	82%	80%	77%	80%	79%
Rode with drinking driver, past 30 days	24%	26%	28%	28%	26%	26%
Drove after drinking, past 30 days	13%	11%	12%	15%	9%	12%
Rode with marijuana user, past 30 days	39%	36%	33%	32%	22%	28%
Drive after marijuana use, past 30 days	25%	23%	22%	20%	10%	14%
Carried a weapon on school property, past 30 days	20%	26%	16%	25%	20%	11%
Did not go to school because felt unsafe, past 30 days	5%	8%	4%	8%	6%	5%
Threatened or injured with weapon on school property, past 12 months	9%	16%	9%	13%	16%	9%
In physical fight, past 12 months	37%	49%	44%	40%	31%	39%
In physical fight at school, past 12 months	24%	32%	26%	22%	18%	20%

## **Personal Safety - All**

	Year						
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	
Were bullied, past 30 days	#	#	#	17%	24%	20%	
Bullied someone, past 30 days	#	#	#	21%	21%	18%	
Electronically bullied, past 12 months	#	#	#	#	#	15%	
Hit by boy/girlfriend on purpose, past 12 months	6%	10%	8%	9%	6%	5%	
Purposefully hurt self without wanting to die, ever	#	#	#	#	15%	12%	
Planned suicide, past 12 months	13%	18%	13%	13%	8%	8%	
Attempted suicide, past 12 months	6%	9%	6%	9%	3%	5%	

## **Personal Safety - Females**

	Year						
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	
Were bullied, past 30 days	#	#	#	17%	26%	20%	
Bullied someone, past 30 days	#	#	#	16%	15%	12%	
Electronically bullied, past 12 months	#	#	#	#	#	19%	
Hit by boy/girlfriend on purpose, past 12 months	7%	10%	4%	10%	4%	3%	
Purposefully hurt self without wanting to die, ever	#	#	#	#	23%	18%	
Planned suicide, past 12 months	18%	19%	15%	19%	11%	11%	
Attempted suicide, past 12 months	8%	10%	7%	12%	4%	7%	

## **Personal Safety - Males**

	Year						
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	
Were bullied, past 30 days	#	#	#	16%	22%	20%	
Bullied someone, past 30 days	#	#	#	25%	27%	24%	
Electronically bullied, past 12 months	#	#	#	#	#	11%	
Hit by boy/girlfriend on purpose, past 12 months	5%	10%	11%	8%	7%	6%	
Purposefully hurt self without wanting to die, ever	#	#	#	#	7%	6%	
Planned suicide, past 12 months	8%	16%	12%	8%	5%	6%	
Attempted suicide, past 12 months	4%	8%	5%	6%	3%	3%	

Alcohol - All

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Consumed alcohol, ever	75%	72%	71%	72%	66%	64%
Drank alcohol prior to age 13	27%	23%	23%	26%	20%	17%
Consumed alcohol, past 30 days	48%	45%	45%	48%	43%	36%
Binged on alcohol, past 30 days	31%	29%	28%	30%	27%	21%
3 or more days drinking, past 30 days	28%	27%	24%	26%	24%	15%
10 or more days drinking, past 30 days	7%	10%	6%	9%	7%	5%
3 or more days binging, past 30 days	15%	18%	12%	13%	12%	7%
Drank on school property, past 30 days	5%	7%	4%	8%	6%	3%

#### **Alcohol - Females**

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Consumed alcohol, ever	72%	69%	67%	71%	66%	61%
Drank alcohol prior to age 13	17%	17%	18%	21%	19%	13%
Consumed alcohol, past 30 days	43%	42%	43%	47%	42%	31%
Binged on alcohol, past 30 days	26%	27%	24%	27%	26%	15%
3 or more days drinking, past 30 days	20%	23%	19%	21%	24%	11%
10 or more days drinking, past 30 days	3%	7%	3%	5%	6%	4%
3 or more days binging, past 30 days	9%	13%	8%	8%	10%	5%
Drank on school property, past 30 days	2%	4%	4%	5%	4%	1%

## Alcohol - Males

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Consumed alcohol, ever	78%	74%	75%	72%	67%	68%
Drank alcohol prior to age 13	35%	29%	27%	30%	22%	21%
Consumed alcohol, past 30 days	52%	48%	47%	48%	45%	43%
Binged on alcohol, past 30 days	35%	32%	32%	34%	28%	27%
3 or more days drinking, past 30 days	34%	31%	29%	31%	24%	18%
10 or more days drinking, past 30 days	10%	13%	9%	12%	8%	7%
3 or more days binging, past 30 days	19%	23%	17%	18%	13%	9%
Drank on school property, past 30 days	7%	9%	4%	10%	7%	4%

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#### Alcohol - All

Of students who drank in the past 30 days

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Usually consumed liquor such as vodka, rum, scotch, bourbon, or whiskey	#	#	#	#	56%	44%
Willskey	#	#	#	#	30%	44 70
Usually consumed beer	#	#	#	#	28%	39%
Usually consumed alcopops	#	#	#	#	11%	12%
Usually consumed wine or wine coolers	#	#	#	#	5%	5%
Someone gave alcohol to me	#	#	#	#	#	51%
Gave someone money to buy alcohol for me	#	#	#	#	#	23%
Got or stole alcohol from home	#	#	#	#	#	17%
Bought in a store	#	#	#	#	#	4%
Stole alcohol from a store or restaurant	#	#	#	#	#	5%

#### **Alcohol - Females**

Of students who drank in the past 30 days

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Usually consumed liquor such as vodka, rum, scotch, bourbon, or	#	#	#	#	59%	54%
whiskey	#	#	#	#	59%	34%
Usually consumed beer	#	#	#	#	24%	18%
Usually consumed alcopops	#	#	#	#	12%	18%
Usually consumed wine or wine coolers	#	#	#	#	6%	10%
Someone gave alcohol to me	#	#	#	#	#	50%
Gave someone money to buy alcohol for me	#	#	#	#	#	20%
Got or stole alcohol from home	#	#	#	#	#	21%
Bought in a store	#	#	#	#	#	4%
Stole alcohol from a store or restaurant	#	#	#	#	#	4%

#### **Alcohol - Males**

Of students who drank in the past 30 days

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Usually consumed liquor such as vodka, rum, scotch, bourbon, or whiskey	#	#	#	#	53%	38%
,						
Usually consumed beer	#	#	#	#	32%	52%
Usually consumed alcopops	#	#	#	#	11%	8%
Usually consumed wine or wine coolers	#	#	#	#	4%	2%
Someone gave alcohol to me	#	#	#	#	#	52%
Gave someone money to buy alcohol for me	#	#	#	#	#	25%
Got or stole alcohol from home	#	#	#	#	#	14%
Bought in a store	#	#	#	#	#	4%
Stole alcohol from a store or restaurant	#	#	#	#	#	5%

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**Tobacco - All**This table includes only the variables on the 2011 YRBS. # = question was not asked that year.

	Year						
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	
Smoked a cigarette, ever	53%	44%	36%	33%	28%	24%	
Smoked cigarettes, past 30 days	29%	21%	16%	18%	17%	15%	
Smoked daily, past 30 days	10%	17%	5%	6%	7%	5%	
Smoked first cigarette prior to age 13	22%	15%	13%	15%	11%	10%	
Smoked 11 or more cigarettes on days smoked, past 30 days	5%	4%	3%	3%	3%	2%	
Smoked 20 or more cigarettes on days smoked, past 30 days	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	1%	
Used chewing tobacco, past 30 days	15%	12%	8%	10%	7%	8%	
Smoked cigars, past 30 days	16%	12%	10%	#	#	10%	

#### **Tobacco - Females**

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Smoked a cigarette, ever	50%	44%	31%	30%	26%	19%
Smoked cigarettes, past 30 days	27%	21%	12%	15%	15%	10%
Smoked daily, past 30 days	8%	16%	3%	4%	7%	3%
Smoked first cigarette prior to age 13	16%	10%	10%	13%	13%	8%
Smoked 11 or more cigarettes on days smoked, past 30 days	3%	4%	1%	2%	2%	1%
Smoked 20 or more cigarettes on days smoked, past 30 days	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%
Used chewing tobacco, past 30 days	10%	6%	4%	4%	3%	3%
Smoked cigars, past 30 days	8%	6%	4%	#	#	5%

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#### **Tobacco - Males**

			Υe	ar		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Smoked a cigarette, ever	53%	44%	40%	35%	30%	29%
Smoked cigarettes, past 30 days	30%	22%	21%	22%	18%	21%
Smoked daily, past 30 days	11%	17%	7%	8%	7%	7%
Smoked first cigarette prior to age 13	27%	20%	16%	17%	10%	12%
Smoked 11 or more cigarettes on days smoked, past 30 days	6%	4%	5%	4%	4%	3%
Smoked 20 or more cigarettes on days smoked, past 30 days	3%	2%	2%	1%	3%	2%
Used chewing tobacco, past 30 days	19%	17%	11%	15%	10%	14%
Smoked cigars, past 30 days	22%	18%	17%	#	#	15%

## Other Drug Use - All

			Ye	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Smoked marijuana, ever	53%	50%	46%	45%	40%	39%
Tried marijuana prior to age 13	16%	12%	10%	13%	11%	8%
Used marijuana, past 30 days	37%	32%	31%	30%	25%	25%
Used marijuana 10 or more times, past 30 days	19%	15%	16%	17%	12%	10%
Used marijuana on school property, past 30 days	8%	11%	9%	9%	3%	6%
Used cocaine, past 30 days	6%	6%	4%	6%	5%	7%
Use inhalants, ever	13%	14%	13%	9%	10%	9%
Used heroin, ever	6%	5%	3%	6%	3%	5%
Used methamphetamines, ever	9%	10%	7%	6%	5%	5%
Used hallucinogens, ever	23%	19%	15%	17%	15%	15%
Were offered, sold, or given drugs on school property, past 12 months	34%	33%	33%	32%	23%	23%

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## **Other Drug Use - Females**

			Ye	ar		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Smoked marijuana, ever	48%	43%	40%	42%	40%	35%
Tried marijuana prior to age 13	11%	6%	6%	8%	9%	8%
Used marijuana, past 30 days	31%	28%	25%	25%	24%	23%
Used marijuana 10 or more times, past 30 days	12%	7%	7%	9%	7%	9%
Used marijuana on school property, past 30 days	3%	6%	5%	5%	2%	5%
Used cocaine, past 30 days	2%	3%	2%	4%	5%	4%
Use inhalants, ever	9%	11%	11%	9%	11%	9%
Used heroin, ever	2%	3%	2%	4%	3%	4%
Used methamphetamines, ever	5%	5%	4%	6%	4%	4%
Used hallucinogens, ever	16%	12%	9%	12%	14%	12%
Were offered, sold, or given drugs on school property, past 12 months	26%	24%	24%	31%	23%	22%

## Other Drug Use - Males

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Smoked marijuana, ever	55%	55%	52%	47%	40%	43%
Tried marijuana prior to age 13	21%	17%	14%	17%	12%	9%
Used marijuana, past 30 days	42%	37%	37%	36%	26%	27%
Used marijuana 10 or more times, past 30 days	24%	21%	24%	24%	15%	12%
Used marijuana on school property, past 30 days	12%	15%	13%	13%	5%	6%
Used cocaine, past 30 days	9%	8%	6%	8%	6%	9%
Use inhalants, ever	15%	16%	15%	9%	9%	9%
Used heroin, ever	8%	7%	5%	7%	4%	7%
Used methamphetamines, ever	11%	14%	9%	7%	5%	7%
Used hallucinogens, ever	28%	24%	20%	22%	17%	18%
Were offered, sold, or given drugs on school property, past 12 months	41%	41%	42%	34%	24%	24%

### Attitudes and Perceptions about Alcohol, Cigarette, and Marijuana Use - All

			Ye	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Parents would think it is wrong/very wrong for you to smoke	85%	88%	93%	87%	90%	91%
Parents would think it is wrong/very wrong for you to drink	75%	72%	73%	71%	77%	75%
Parents would think it is wrong/very wrong for you to smoke marijuana	84%	80%	82%	82%	86%	85%
Wrong/very wrong for someone your age to smoke	58%	67%	75%	74%	71%	72%
Wrong/very wrong for someone your age to drink alcohol	42%	39%	44%	38%	44%	48%
Wrong/very wrong for someone your age to smoke marijuana	53%	48%	55%	55%	57%	60%
Easy/very easy to obtain cigarettes	74%	74%	74%	77%	71%	68%
Easy/very easy to obtain alcohol	69%	79%	77%	83%	77%	71%
Easy/very easy to obtain marijuana	72%	69%	71%	73%	66%	66%

## Attitudes and Perceptions about Alcohol, Cigarette, and Marijuana Use - Females

			Ye	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Parents would think it is wrong/very wrong for you to smoke	88%	91%	97%	91%	93%	93%
Parents would think it is wrong/very wrong for you to drink	78%	78%	77%	73%	79%	73%
Parents would think it is wrong/very wrong for you to smoke marijuana	87%	85%	84%	85%	88%	86%
Wrong/very wrong for someone your age to smoke	59%	67%	81%	79%	74%	76%
Wrong/very wrong for someone your age to drink alcohol	41%	42%	47%	39%	46%	50%
Wrong/very wrong for someone your age to smoke marijuana	55%	55%	58%	57%	59%	62%
Easy/very easy to obtain cigarettes	71%	74%	71%	75%	67%	61%
Easy/very easy to obtain alcohol	67%	79%	77%	83%	80%	74%
Easy/very easy to obtain marijuana	71%	66%	70%	73%	63%	67%

### Attitudes and Perceptions about Alcohol, Cigarette, and Marijuana Use - Males

			Ye	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Parents would think it is wrong/very wrong for you to smoke	83%	85%	89%	85%	88%	89%
Parents would think it is wrong/very wrong for you to drink	73%	67%	69%	69%	74%	76%
Parents would think it is wrong/very wrong for you to smoke marijuana	80%	76%	80%	80%	83%	84%
Wrong/very wrong for someone your age to smoke	59%	67%	69%	69%	68%	68%
Wrong/very wrong for someone your age to drink alcohol	42%	37%	41%	38%	43%	44%
Wrong/very wrong for someone your age to smoke marijuana	51%	43%	51%	53%	56%	58%
Easy/very easy to obtain cigarettes	76%	74%	78%	78%	75%	75%
Easy/very easy to obtain alcohol	71%	79%	76%	83%	75%	69%
Easy/very easy to obtain marijuana	73%	71%	71%	74%	68%	66%

### **Sexual Behavior and Orientation - All**

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Had sexual intercourse, ever	41%	42%	42%	41%	36%	35%
Had sex, past 3 months	31%	33%	33%	33%	26%	#
Had sex before age 13	6%	6%	5%	6%	4%	5%
4 or more sexual partners in lifetime	12%	15%	9%	12%	8%	9%
3 or more sexual partners in last 3 months	4%	6%	5%	6%	3%	#
Used alcohol or drugs prior to last sex (among sexually active)	33%	31%	24%	32%	26%	22%
Used condom at last sex (among sexually active)	61%	57%	68%	58%	75%	69%
Heterosexual	#	#	#	91%	93%	90%
Gay or lesbian, bisexual, not sure	#	#	#	9%	7%	10%

#### **Sexual Behavior and Orientation - Females**

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Had sexual intercourse, ever	39%	42%	35%	40%	39%	33%
Had sex, past 3 months	31%	34%	30%	34%	30%	#
Had sex before age 13	3%	3%	2%	3%	3%	4%
4 or more sexual partners in lifetime	10%	12%	6%	11%	9%	7%
3 or more sexual partners in last 3 months	1%	3%	2%	4%	2%	#
Used alcohol or drugs prior to last sex (among sexually active)	26%	27%	23%	25%	22%	20%
Used condom at last sex (among sexually active)	52%	57%	65%	55%	67%	61%
Heterosexual	#	#	#	90%	91%	87%
Gay or lesbian, bisexual, not sure	#	#	#	10%	9%	13%

**Sexual Behavior and Orientation - Males** 

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Had sexual intercourse, ever	43%	42%	48%	41%	33%	38%
Had sex, past 3 months	30%	31%	35%	33%	23%	#
Had sex before age 13	9%	8%	7%	8%	5%	6%
4 or more sexual partners in lifetime	14%	17%	12%	13%	8%	10%
3 or more sexual partners in last 3 months	6%	9%	7%	8%	4%	#
Used alcohol or drugs prior to last sex (among sexually active)	37%	35%	24%	39%	31%	23%
Used condom at last sex (among sexually active)	68%	58%	71%	61%	83%	75%
Heterosexual	#	#	#	92%	95%	92%
Gay or lesbian, bisexual, not sure	#	#	#	8%	5%	8%

## **Body Image - All**

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
BMI between 85th-95th percentile	12%	15%	16%	12%	9%	10%
BMI >95th percentile	9%	10%	9%	10%	11%	13%
Underweight	13%	16%	14%	11%	12%	12%
Right weight	60%	54%	53%	58%	64%	63%
Overweight	26%	30%	33%	30%	25%	25%
Trying to lose weight	39%	41%	46%	39%	37%	38%
Trying to gain weight	10%	11%	10%	12%	12%	11%
Trying to stay at current weight	19%	15%	16%	23%	21%	19%
Doing nothing about weight	32%	33%	29%	26%	31%	31%

## **Body Image - Females**

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
BMI between 85th-95th percentile	7%	15%	13%	9%	10%	10%
BMI >95th percentile	5%	10%	6%	9%	7%	9%
Underweight	11%	11%	8%	7%	9%	9%
Right weight	60%	54%	54%	55%	62%	66%
Overweight	29%	34%	38%	38%	29%	25%
Trying to lose weight	59%	59%	64%	60%	51%	49%
Trying to gain weight	1%	1%	3%	1%	3%	4%
Trying to stay at current weight	17%	17%	17%	20%	21%	20%
Doing nothing about weight	23%	23%	16%	19%	25%	27%

## **Body Image - Males**

			Υe	ear		
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
BMI between 85th-95th percentile	17%	15%	19%	16%	8%	11%
BMI >95th percentile	11%	10%	12%	11%	15%	17%
Underweight	15%	20%	20%	15%	14%	15%
Right weight	61%	54%	53%	62%	66%	60%
Overweight	24%	26%	27%	23%	21%	25%
Trying to lose weight	23%	26%	27%	21%	24%	29%
Trying to gain weight	18%	20%	17%	21%	19%	18%
Trying to stay at current weight	20%	14%	15%	26%	21%	18%
Doing nothing about weight	40%	40%	41%	32%	35%	35%

#### **Nutrition - All**

	Year						
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009	
2 or more servings of fruit per day, past week	51%	42%	41%	41%	39%	40%	
3 or more servings of vegetables per day, past week	16%	12%	18%	20%	19%	22%	
5 or more servings of fruit/vegetables per day, past week	27%	22%	29%	30%	28%	31%	
Breakfast on 7 or more days, past week	#	#	#	#	43%	48%	
Breakfast on 3 or more days, past week	#	#	#	#	73%	79%	
Breakfast on 0 days, past week	#	#	#	#	13%	8%	
1 or more servings of soda per day, past week	#	#	#	#	20%	16%	

#### **Nutrition - Females**

	Year					
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
2 or more servings of fruit per day, past week	52%	45%	42%	41%	42%	38%
3 or more servings of vegetables per day, past week	17%	12%	20%	21%	19%	24%
5 or more servings of fruit/vegetables per day, past week	27%	21%	28%	30%	30%	32%
Breakfast on 3 or more days, past week	#	#	#	#	73%	76%
Breakfast on 7 or more days, past week	#	#	#	#	41%	48%
1 or more servings of soda per day, past week	#	#	#	#	11%	11%

#### **Nutrition - Males**

	Year					
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
2 or more servings of fruit per day, past week	51%	39%	39%	41%	36%	41%
3 or more servings of vegetables per day, past week	16%	12%	16%	19%	18%	20%
5 or more servings of fruit/vegetables per day, past week	27%	22%	30%	30%	27%	29%
Breakfast on 3 or more days, past week	#	#	#	#	73%	81%
Breakfast on 7 or more days, past week	#	#	#	#	45%	47%
1 or more servings of soda per day, past week	#	#	#	#	27%	21%

# **Physical Activity - All**

	Year					
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
60+ minutes of physical activity every day, past 7 days	#	#	#	#	26%	26%
60+ minutes of physical activity on zero days, past 7 days	#	#	#	#	13%	12%
P.E. at least once per week	25%	26%	33%	41%	45%	39%
P.E. five days per week	23%	23%	26%	35%	33%	30%
Watched tv/used computer for fun, 3 or more hours per day	#	31%	37%	35%	38%	34%
Watched tv/used computer for fun, 5 or more hours per day	#	8%	12%	10%	11%	9%

# **Physical Activity - Females**

	Year					
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
60+ minutes of physical activity every day, past 7 days	#	#	#	#	17%	19%
60+ minutes of physical activity on zero days, past 7 days	#	#	#	#	15%	12%
P.E. at least once per week	22%	29%	21%	37%	43%	37%
P.E. five days per week	21%	28%	19%	34%	34%	29%
Watched tv/used computer for fun, 3 or more hours per day	#	23%	29%	25%	33%	26%
Watched tv/used computer for fun, 5 or more hours per day	#	4%	7%	5%	10%	5%

# **Physical Activity - Males**

	Year					
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
60+ minutes of physical activity every day, past 7 days	#	#	#	#	34%	32%
60+ minutes of physical activity on zero days, past 7 days	#	#	#	#	10%	12%
P.E. at least once per week	29%	23%	45%	45%	46%	40%
P.E. five days per week	25%	17%	33%	35%	31%	30%
Watched tv/used computer for fun, 3 or more hours per day	#	39%	46%	44%	42%	42%
Watched tv/used computer for fun, 5 or more hours per day	#	11%	17%	14%	13%	13%

#### Youth Assets - All

	Year					
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Earned mostly As	#	36%	30%	30%	43%	44%
Earned mostly Bs	#	35%	41%	39%	34%	34%
Earned mostly Cs	#	19%	20%	18%	15%	15%
Earned mostly Ds or Fs	#	6%	5%	7%	6%	4%
Not sure/not graded	#	3%	5%	7%	3%	3%
Parents talk to you about school at least once a week	79%	77%	80%	75%	79%	81%
Volunteer, 1 or more hours per week	#	46%	41%	42%	44%	45%
Volunteer, 3 or more hours per week	#	15%	10%	12%	13%	12%
Agree/strongly agree that students help decide what goes on at school	#	53%	66%	60%	50%	55%
Agree/strongly agree that you matter to your community	#	40%	43%	42%	43%	52%

# **Youth Assets - Females**

	Year					
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Earned mostly As	#	43%	36%	37%	53%	55%
Earned mostly Bs	#	38%	43%	42%	31%	31%
Earned mostly Cs	#	13%	16%	13%	11%	9%
Earned mostly Ds or Fs	#	4%	2%	2%	5%	4%
Not sure/not graded	#	2%	4%	6%	1%	0%
Parents talk to you about school at least once a week	80%	81%	85%	80%	81%	82%
Volunteer, 1 or more hours per week	#	50%	48%	47%	43%	44%
Volunteer, 3 or more hours per week	#	16%	10%	14%	10%	10%
Agree/strongly agree that students help decide what goes on at school	#	60%	68%	61%	53%	55%
Agree/strongly agree that you matter to your community	#	43%	40%	42%	46%	52%

#### **Youth Assets - Males**

	Year					
	1999	2001	2003	2005	2007	2009
Earned mostly As	#	30%	23%	24%	34%	34%
Earned mostly Bs	#	32%	40%	36%	38%	35%
Earned mostly Cs	#	25%	25%	22%	18%	21%
Earned mostly Ds or Fs	#	8%	7%	11%	6%	4%
Not sure/not graded	#	4%	5%	7%	4%	6%
Parents talk to you about school at least once a week	78%	72%	74%	70%	77%	79%
Volunteer, 1 or more hours per week	#	42%	33%	37%	45%	45%
Volunteer, 3 or more hours per week	#	14%	10%	10%	15%	14%
Agree/strongly agree that students help decide what goes on at school	#	47%	65%	59%	48%	54%
Agree/strongly agree that you matter to your community	#	36%	45%	43%	42%	50%