Surveillance 2014

Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station

Report on Public Health Monitoring



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Table of Contents

Executive Summary	iii
Introduction	1
Program Results Summary	4
Types of Ionizing Radiation	8
Ionizing Radiation Risks	12
Cancer Prevalence, Incidence & Mortality	13
Environmental Surveillance Methods	19
Laboratory Testing and Measurements	24
Direct Gamma Radiation Results	28
Continuous Flow Air Sampling Results	39
Water Sampling Results	43
Food Chain Sampling Results	57
List of Tables	67
List of Figures	69
List of Maps	70
Appendix A 2014 Air Filter Data for Total Alpha & Beta Radioactivity	71
Appendix B 2014 Tritium Water Data	75
Appendix C 2014 Gamma Spectroscopy Water Data	89
Appendix D 2014 Hard-to-Detect Water Data	102



Report on Public Health Monitoring *March* 2016

Executive Summary

The Vermont Department of Health has been monitoring and reporting on radiation emissions and radiological effluents (discharges) from the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station since 1971. The purpose of this environmental surveillance is to protect the public's health from excess amounts of radiation.

This 2014 Surveillance Report details more than 2,100 separate measurements of more than 900 samples of air, water, milk, soil, vegetation, sediment and fish taken during the year at the Vermont Yankee site boundary (property line), on site at Vermont Yankee, from the Connecticut River, and from the towns surrounding the station.

The Health Department enforces the state's Radiological Health Rule, which limits the amount of ionizing radiation that any member of the public could be exposed to if standing at the site boundary of the station. The Rule also limits the amount of gaseous, liquid, radioiodine and radioactive particulate effluents that any member of the public could possibly be exposed to as a result of activities at Vermont Yankee.

The Rule specifically limits the annual direct gamma radiation from Vermont Yankee to a measured exposure value of 20 milliroentgen above background radiation at the site boundary on land. The Rule also limits specific emissions or discharges from Vermont Yankee to an effective dose of no more than 5 millirem from each pathway to any member of the general public.

The Connecticut River site boundary around Vermont Yankee is regulated by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, which limits the annual direct gamma radiation to any member of the general public at this boundary to 100 millirem.

2014 Surveillance Results:

- Measurements in this report confirm no dose in excess of any limit established by the Vermont Department of Health's Radiological Health Rule.
- The numerous samples and measurements of the environment on site and around Vermont Yankee in 2014 show no instances of non-compliance with the Radiological Health Rule, from either activities at Vermont Yankee or the tritium-contaminated plume of groundwater first detected in January 2010.
- The Health Department's continuing analysis of cancer statistics for people who live in the communities surrounding Vermont Yankee shows that cancer incidence and mortality do not differ significantly from people in the rest of Windham County, elsewhere in Vermont, or in the U.S. as a whole.

For questions or more information – The information presented in this report is sometimes complex. We invite interested readers to contact the Health Department's Radiological and Toxicological Sciences program at 802-865-7730 with any questions.

Introduction

This 2014 Surveillance Report describes the amount and types of radiation found on and near the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station located in Vernon, Vermont. Until the reactor was shut down on December 29, 2014, Vermont Yankee was generating and emitting ionizing radiation in the form of direct gamma radiation, and discharging radioactive materials that emit alpha-, beta- and gamma-radiations. A person could be exposed to radiation released from Vermont Yankee in air or liquid discharges from the station, or from unmonitored releases or leaks. After reactor shutdown, there remain sources of radiation and radioactive material release pathways that may contribute to public dose. The Health Department intends on continuing this surveillance until Vermont Yankee is decontaminated and dismantled, and the site is released for unrestricted use.

The Vermont Department of Health enforces the state's Radiological Health Rule, which limits the amount of ionizing radiation that a member of the public could be exposed to if standing at the site boundary (property line) of the station. The Rule also limits the amount of gaseous, liquid, radioiodine and radioactive particulate effluents that a member of the public could possibly be exposed to as a result of activities at Vermont Yankee.

The Rule specifically limits the annual direct gamma radiation from Vermont Yankee to a measured exposure value of 20 milliroentgen above background radiation at the site boundary on land. The Rule also limits specific emissions or discharges from Vermont Yankee to an effective dose of no more than 5 millirem from each pathway to any member of the general public.

The Health Department monitors radiation levels on and near Vermont Yankee. Because both naturally-occurring and human-made radiation is all around us in the environment, the Health Department also tests other areas of the state to provide background data on types and amounts of environmental radiation. Background measurements are compared to the types and amounts of radiation found on site and in areas near Vermont Yankee.

Introduction

The two sets of values are compared to determine if Vermont Yankee's activities are resulting in an increased radiation risk to the public.

This report presents more than 2,100 measurements taken from over 900 samples that were obtained at Vermont Yankee and from background locations during 2014. Air, water, milk, soil, vegetation, fish and sediment samples were collected and tested. Maps of locations where many samples or measurements were taken, as well as the testing procedures, are provided.

Most samples are tested by the Health Department Laboratory located in Burlington, Vermont. Measurements of direct gamma radiation exposures using thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs) are tested by a National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program vendor of dosimetry. Analyses for the hard-to-detect radioactive metals strontium-90, iron-55 and nickel-63 are performed by only a small number of laboratories in the U.S. The Health Department contracted with a certified laboratory to perform these tests on our environmental samples.

The primary human health concern with chronic low-level exposure to ionizing radiation is the potential to develop cancer. For this reason, the Health Department also presents cancer incidence and cancer mortality data for the area near Vermont Yankee, compared to the same type of data for Vermont as a whole, and for the U.S. population.

Tritium Contamination

Testing and evaluation of the tritium contamination described in the 2010 Surveillance Report continued in 2014. Thirty-eight wells on site were tested routinely throughout the year. The concentration of tritium in the contaminated wells generally continued to decline over the year and decreased from 2013. No tritium was found in any river water downstream from the station.

Results Presented in this Report:

- Direct gamma radiation measured continuously from more than 70 sites
- Air samples tested for radioactive particulates, gases, vapors and radioactive iodine collected by continuous air samplers
- Groundwater, drinking water wells and Connecticut River water near Vermont Yankee tested for tritium, gamma-emitting materials, total alpha radioactivity, total beta radioactivity and hard-to-detect radioactive metals (iron-55, nickel-63 and strontium-90)
- Milk, vegetation, river sediments, fish and off-site soil tested for natural and human-made radioactive materials

These data show no radiation dose in excess of the Health Department's limits as a result of Vermont Yankee activities in 2014.

The full *Surveillance 2014* report is published at the Vermont Department of Health web site: www.healthvermont.gov. For questions about the content, call the Health Department's Radiological and Toxicological Sciences program at 802-865-7730.

Program Results Summary

Program Results Summary

An overview of the 2014 sample data is presented in this summary. Detailed descriptions of sample measurement techniques and analyses are presented in further sections of this report. The total number, type of sample collected, type of analysis performed and summary results are reported in Table 1. Routine environmental sampling sites are shown in Maps 1 and 2. Map 1 shows all of the locations where routine samples were taken.

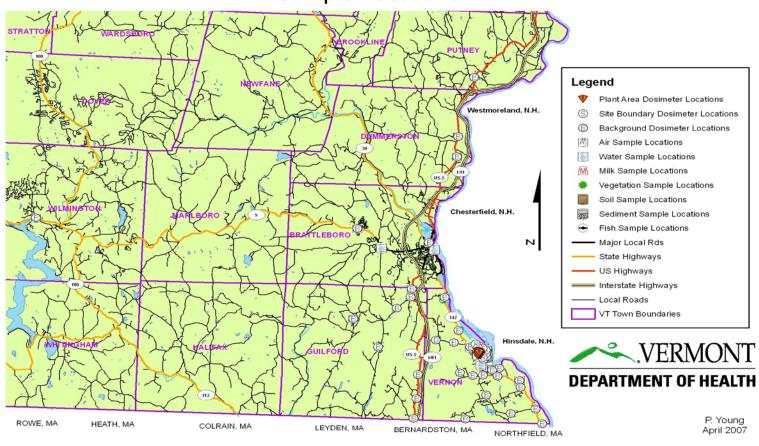
Map 2 shows the sample locations in Vernon.

Table 1. 2014 Summary of Samples, Tests and Results

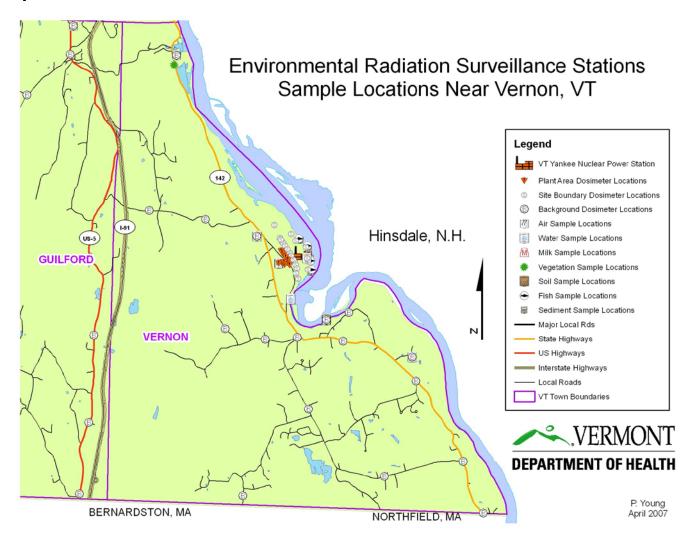
Sample Type	Sites	Number of Tests	Test Type	Results
Direct Gamma Radiation	72	286	Thermoluminescent dosimeters	Less than 20 milliroentgen per year at the land site boundary; no single quarter exceeded 10 milliroentgen.
		129	Total Alpha Radioactivity	Alpha radioactivity within the historical range. No increase observed as a result of operations at Vermont Yankee.
		129	Total Beta Radioactivity	Beta radioactivity within the historical range. No increase observed as a result of operations at Vermont Yankee.
Air: Particulates, Gases and Vapors	10	129	lodine-131	No iodine-131 was detected in air samples.
Cases and Papers		129	Gamma (gas/vapors) Radioactivity	Gamma radioactivity detected was of natural origin.
		4 (quarterly composites)	Gamma (particulates) Radioactivity	Gamma radioactivity detected was of natural origin.
	10	119	Total Alpha Radioactivity	Alpha radioactivity within the historical range. No increase observed as a result of operations at Vermont Yankee.
	10	119	Total Beta Radioactivity	Beta radioactivity within the historical range. No increase observed as a result of operations at Vermont Yankee.
Water	51	438	Tritium	All off-site, on-site active drinking water locations less than the lower limit of detection. Thirteen (13) on-site groundwater monitoring wells test positive for tritium. All positive wells were less than 20,000 pCi/L by December of 2014.
		437	Gamma Radioactivity	All detected gamma radioactivity of natural origin.
	47	164	Iron-55, Nickel-63, Strontium-90	All off-site, on-site active drinking water locations less than the lower limit of detection. Three (3) on-site groundwater monitoring wells test positive for Strontium-90. All samples less than the lower limit of detection for Iron-55 and Nickel-63.
Milk	2	18	lodine-131	All samples less than the lower limit of detection.
		18	Gamma Radioactivity	Gamma radioactivity detected was of natural origin.
Vegetation	3	3	Gamma Radioactivity	Gamma radioactivity detected was of natural origin.
Soil	4	4	Gamma Radioactivity	Detected gamma radioactivity attributable to natural, Chernobyl or above-ground nuclear weapons testing origin.
Sediments	18	36	Gamma Radioactivity	Detected gamma radioactivity attributable to natural, Chernobyl or above-ground nuclear weapons testing origin.
		4	Gamma Radioactivity	Gamma radioactivity detected was of natural origin.
Fish	2	4	Iron-55, Nickel-63, Strontium-90	All detected radioactivity attributable to natural, Chernobyl or above-ground nuclear weapons testing origin.
Total number of t	ests	2170		

Map 1

Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Sample Locations



Map 2



Types of Ionizing Radiation

There are three main types of ionizing radiation that could be released from Vermont Yankee: alpha particles, beta particles and gamma rays. The risk of adverse health effects from ionizing radiation is linked to the type and energy of radiation, and the length and method of exposure to the radiation. The Health Department tests for these forms of radiation in many sample types.

Alpha and Beta (particle) Radiation

Alpha and beta radiation are particle forms of radiation energy. Alpha- and beta-charged particles can only travel a short distance and are completely blocked by simple materials.

Alpha radiation is the most biologically hazardous form of ionizing radiation. For the same amount of alpha, beta and gamma radiation energy, the alpha radiation causes about 20 times more tissue damage. It is also the type of radiation that people can most easily shield against. A sheet of paper can stop an alpha particle, and so can the dead layer of skin that covers the outer surface of our bodies. Alpha particles can only cause harm if alpha-emitting materials are inhaled, ingested or otherwise taken into the body. The most common alpha radiation exposure for people is from naturally-occurring radon gas in their homes.

Table 2. Examples of Radioactive Elements that Produce Alpha-Radiations

Naturally-occurring alpha emitters				
Uranium-238	Radon-222			
Thorium-232	Polonium-210			
Radium-226	Bismuth-212			
Human-made alpha emitters				
Americium-241	Plutonium-239			

Beta radiation is also easily stopped by simple materials like plastics, aluminum and wood. Beta radiations may be able to go through the first few millimeters of human skin. Beta radiation can cause damage to internal tissues and organs if a beta-emitting material is inhaled, ingested or otherwise taken into the body.

Alpha and beta-emitting materials are released from the station's air stack at Vermont Yankee. They may also be emitted in liquid discharges from contaminated reactor systems.

Figure 1. Relative Ability of Ionizing Radiations to go through Materials

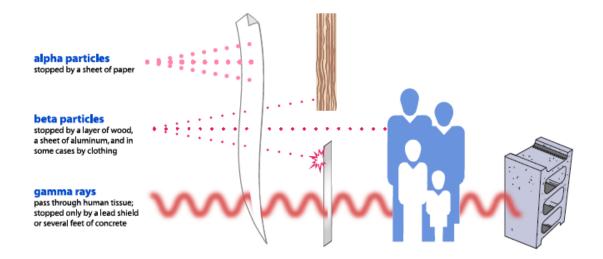


Table 3. Examples of Radioactive Elements that Produce Beta-Radiations

Naturally-occurring beta emitters				
Carbon-14	Potassium-40			
Radium-228	Hydrogen-3, "tritium" (also human-made)			
Human-made beta emitters				
lodine-131	Technetium-99			
Strontium-90	Hydrogen-3, "tritium" (also naturally-occurring)			
Nickel-63	Iron-59			

Gamma Radiation

Direct gamma radiation is an electromagnetic wave of energy similar to light, except that it passes through most materials in the form of an energy wave. Gamma radiation can also scatter off materials. Direct gamma radiation loses strength as it travels away from the source. It is also reduced after large numbers of collisions with electrons in the atom.

Gamma radiation passes through the skin and may pass through the whole body. If gamma radiation passes through the body, it may damage tissues. People can be affected by gamma radiation if they are located in an area where direct gamma radiation exists, or if they ingest a gamma-emitting material.

Direct gamma radiation is emitted from reactor and turbine systems such as those at Vermont Yankee. Gamma-emitting materials may also be released as gases or particles from the station's air stack.

Table 4. Examples of Radioactive Elements that Produce Gamma-Radiations

Naturally-occurring gamma emitters					
Beryllium-7	Potassium-40	Thallium-208			
Bismuth-212	Bismuth-214	Lead-210			
Lead-212	Lead-214	Polonium-210			
Actinium-228	Radium-224	Radium-226			
Radium-228	Thorium-228	Thorium-229			
Thorium-230	Thorium-231	Thorium-232			
Thorium-234	Uranium-233	Uranium-234			
Uranium-235	Uranium-238				
	Human-made gamma emitters	s			
Antimony-124	Antimony-126	Barium-140/ Lanthanum-140			
Cerium-144/ Promethium-144	Cesium-134	Cesium-136			
Chromium-51	Cobalt-56	Cobalt-58			
Cobalt-60	lodine-131	lodine-132			
lodine-133	lodine-135	Krypton-85			
Krypton-88	Manganese-54	Neptunium-239			
Plutonium-239	Plutonium-240	Ruthenium-103			
Tellurium-132	Strontium-85	Strontium-89			
Zinc-65	Xenon-133	Xenon-133m			
Xenon-135	Zirconium-95/Niobium-95				

Ionizing Radiation Risks

The radiations to which people may be exposed as a result of Vermont Yankee activities are ionizing radiations. According to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), ionizing radiation can cause cancer in humans. The energy released by ionizing radiation may directly or indirectly damage the DNA of human cells and over time cause cancer. It has been shown that people who are exposed to high doses of ionizing radiation, in excess of 10,000 millirem, have a statistically higher risk of cancer. As with other cancer-causing agents, it is not possible to prove that low doses of ionizing radiation are without risk. The risk of developing cancer from chronic exposure to very low doses of radiation, such as the doses detailed in this report, is considered very low.

The risk management approach used for public health protection with ionizing radiation is called the ALARA Principle. The ALARA Principle states that every reasonable effort must be made to maintain radiation exposures *As Low As Reasonably Achievable*. The Health Department's Radiological Health Rule not only requires that exposures to ionizing radiation be less than specific limits, but also that Vermont Yankee and all other radiation users in industry, medicine and education use the ALARA Principle.

For more information about ionizing radiation risk:

• The National Academies of Science

National Research Council. *Health Risks from Exposure to Low Levels of Ionizing Radiation: BEIR VII Phase 2*. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press, 2006.

• The Health Physics Society

Health Physics Society, Radiation Risk in Perspective: Position Statement of the Health Physics Society. McLean, VA: The Health Physics Society, 2010

• The International Agency for Research on Cancer

The International Agency for Research on Cancer, *Radiation, Volume 100D*. France: The World Health Organization, 2012

Cancer Prevalence, Incidence & Mortality

The primary health concern with chronic low-level exposure to ionizing radiation is the potential to develop cancer. Starting in 2007, the Health Department began presenting cancer-related health outcome data for the population in the area of Vermont Yankee. The Health Department tabulates, analyzes and provides data for cancer incidence (new cancer cases diagnosed) and cancer mortality (people dying from cancer) for Windham County and for the six towns nearest Vermont Yankee that make up the Emergency Planning Zone. The Health Department evaluates trends in all cancer types (all ages, all sites) and evaluates thyroid cancers, leukemia and pediatric (childhood) cancers separately because these types of cancers can be associated with excess radiation exposure or radiation exposure during fetal development.

Cancer Prevalence

Cancer is not one disease, but a group of more than 100 different diseases. Cancer is very common. Roughly four out of ten men and women in the U.S. will develop cancer in their lifetime. A cancer usually develops gradually as a result of a complex mix of factors related to personal behaviors, environment and genetics. Each type of cancer is caused by a different set of factors, some well-established, some uncertain, and some unknown.

Cancer *prevalence* means the number of people alive today who have ever been diagnosed with cancer. According to 2014 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) data, approximately 36,000 or seven percent of Vermonters age 18 and older have ever been told by a doctor they had cancer. This includes people who are newly diagnosed, in active treatment, or have completed active treatment, and people living with progressive symptoms of their disease.

With nine percent of people age 50 and older living with cancer in the U.S., it is not unusual to know several people who have cancer. As a population ages, the occurrence of new cancer cases can be expected to increase. With treatment advances, people are living longer with a cancer diagnosis. Between 2003 and 2012 the number of cancer survivors

Cancer Prevalence, Incidence & Mortality

has increased by approximately a third (SEER Cancer Statistics Review 1975-2003 and 1975-2012).

Cancer Incidence

Cancer *incidence* means the number of newly diagnosed cases during a specific time period. Incidence data in Table 5 were compiled from Vermont Cancer Registry data. Incidence rates are shown for all cancers, thyroid cancers, leukemia, and childhood (pediatric) cancers for the 10 year period 2003 to 2012.

The data in Table 5 indicate that:

- Incidence rates for thyroid cancer and leukemia in the Emergency Planning Zone are not different from Windham County, Vermont as a whole, or the U.S. population.
- Incidence rates for pediatric cancers in Emergency Planning Zone could not be calculated as there were too few cases (fewer than six) over the time period studied (10 years).
- The incidence of thyroid cancer in Windham County is significantly lower than Vermont and the U.S. rate.
- The incidence of leukemia in Windham County is significantly higher than the
 U.S. rate but is not different compared to Vermont.
- For all cancer types combined, the rate of cancer incidence in the six towns near Vermont Yankee (Brattleboro, Dummerston, Guilford, Halifax, Marlboro and Vernon) is lower than the Vermont rate but is not different from Windham County or the U.S. population.

The U.S. incidence rates and mortality rates are all races population rates. Analysis prior to the 2011 report compared only U.S. white population incidence and mortality rates to Vermont rates. This change is consistent with current Health Department publications that compare Vermont (all races) to U.S. (all races) rates.

Ava cases

Table 5. Cancer Incidence Rates Near Vermont Yankee, in Vermont & U.S. Age Adjusted Vermont and U.S. Cancer Incidence, All Sites,
Males and Females per 100,000 population, 2003-2012.

				Avg. cases
	Rate	Lower CL	Upper CL	per year
U.S.	470.2	469.9	470.4	1,502,308
Vermont	488.6	483.4	493.8	3,547
Windham County	481.7	463.3	500.8	270
Emergency Zone	444.0	417.8	471.5	113

Age Adjusted Vermont and U.S. Cancer Incidence, Thyroid, Males and Females per 100,000 population, 2003-2012.

	Rate	Lower CL	Upper CL	Avg. cases per year
U.S.	12.0	12.0	12.0	37,139
Vermont	12.5	11.7	13.5	82
Windham County	8.3	5.9	11.5	4
Emergency Zone	8.1	4.7	13.0	2

Age Adjusted Vermont and U.S. Cancer Incidence, Leukemia, Males and Females per 100,000 population, 2003-2012.

	Rate	Lower CL	Upper CL	per year
U.S.	13.2	13.2	13.3	41,475
Vermont	13.2	12.4	14.1	91
Windham County	17.0	13.6	21.0	9
Emergency Zone	11.9	7.9	17.2	3

Age Adjusted Vermont and U.S. Cancer Incidence, Pediatric Cancers (Ages 0-19), Males and Females per 100,000 population, 2003-2012.

	Rate	Lower CL	Upper CL	Avg. cases per year
U.S.	17.6	17.5	17.6	14,556
Vermont	16.5	14.5	18.6	26
Windham County	14.8	8.4	24.2	2
Emergency Zone				

⁻⁻ Rates are only presented when the total number of cases is greater than 5.

Data Sources: Vermont Cancer Registry (VCR), Vermont Department of Health (1994-2012). National Program of Cancer Registries (NPCR) and Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program - Incidence State Restricted Access Data File (1999-2012).

Technical Notes: Emergency Zone towns include: Brattleboro, Dummerston, Guilford, Halifax, Marlboro, and Vernon. All rates are age adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population and rates are per 100,000 population. Incidence rates are for invasive cancers and in situ urinary bladder cancers. Cancer diagnoses exclude basal cell and squamous cell skin cancers. A reporting delay by Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) has resulted in incomplete reporting of VA hospital cases in 2011 and 2012.

Cancer Prevalence, Incidence & Mortality

Cancer Mortality

In Table 6, mortality rates from the U.S., Vermont, Windham County, and the Emergency Planning Zone towns are presented for the 10 years 2003 to 2012. The Vermont data are from the Vermont Department of Health's Vital Statistics System. Vermont 2012 mortality data are preliminary and final data may result in a slight adjustment to rates. Data for U.S. cancer mortality rates are from the Vital Statistics System of the United States. Cancer mortality data are presented for all cancers, thyroid cancers, leukemia and pediatric cancers.

The data in Table 6 indicate:

- For the years 2003 to 2012, cancer mortality rates for all cancers combined and the leukemia mortality rates in the six towns of the Emergency Planning Zone around Vermont Yankee do not differ from those for Windham County, Vermont or the U.S.
- Similar results were seen in mortality rates in the prior report.
- Mortality rates for thyroid and pediatric cancers in Windham County and the six towns could not be calculated as there were too few deaths (fewer than six) over the time period studied (10 years).

Table 6. Cancer Mortality Rates Near Vermont Yankee, in Vermont & U.S. Age Adjusted Vermont and U.S. Cancer Mortality, All Sites,

Males and Females per 100,000 population, 2003-2012.

	Rate	Lower CL	Upper CL	Avg. deaths per year
U.S.	177.6	177.5	177.8	565,992
Vermont	176.4	173.3	179.5	1,276
Windham County	178.0	167.0	189.6	101
Emergency Zone	176.0	159.9	193.6	46

Age Adjusted Vermont and U.S. Cancer Mortality, Thyroid, Males and Females per 100,000 population, 2003-2012.

	Rate	Lower CL	Upper CL	Avg. deaths per year
U.S.	0.5	0.5	0.5	1,574
Vermont	0.5	0.3	0.7	4
Windham County				<1
Emergency Zone				0

Age Adjusted Vermont and U.S. Cancer Mortality, Leukemia, Males and Females per 100,000 population, 2003-2012.

	Rate	Lower CL	Upper CL	Avg. deaths per year
U.S.	7.1	7.1	7.1	22,304
Vermont	6.9	6.3	7.6	48
Windham County	8.3	6.0	11.2	5
Emergency Zone	7.2	4.2	11.9	2

Age Adjusted Vermont and U.S. Cancer Mortality, Pediatric Cancers (Ages 0-19), Males and Females per 100,000 population, 2003-2012.

				Avg. deaths
	Rate	Lower CL	Upper CL	per year
U.S.	2.5	2.5	2.5	2,059
Vermont	2.0	1.4	2.9	3
Windham County				<1
Emergency Zone				<1

⁻⁻ Rates are only presented when the total number of deaths is greater than 5.

Data Sources: Vermont Vital Statistics System, Vermont Department of Health (1994-2012). SEER Program Mortality - Aggregated Total U.S. (1969-2012).

Technical Notes: Emergency Zone towns include: Brattleboro, Dummerston, Guilford, Halifax, Marlboro, and Vernon. All rates are age adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population and rates are per 100,000 population. Vermont 2012 mortality data are preliminary and final data may result in a slight adjustment to rates.

Cancer Prevalence, Incidence & Mortality

Cancer Surveillance Methodology

The rates in this report are calculated at a 95 percent confidence level. This means, for example, given a reported incidence rate of 488.6 per 100,000 for Vermont in 2003-2012, that we are 95 percent confident (not due to chance alone) that the true 2003 to 2012 Vermont rate is in the range of 483.4 to 493.8 per 100,000. In the six towns near Vermont Yankee, the cancer incidence rate for all types of cancer combined is 444.0 cases per 100,000 people. Statistically speaking, this means we are 95 percent confident that the actual rate is between 417.8 cases and 471.5 cases per 100,000 people. Because the *ranges* for these populations do not overlap, we conclude that there is a meaningful statistical difference between the two rates.

In Table 6, it may appear that the cancer mortality rates are different in the Emergency Planning Zone around Vermont Yankee compared to Windham County, Vermont, or the U.S. However, the confidence intervals (ranges) for these rates overlap, and the cancer mortality rates are *not* statistically different. In Windham County, the death rate from cancer, all sites, males and females, was 178.0 deaths per 100,000 people, while the death rate in the six towns near Vermont Yankee was 176.0 deaths per 100,000 people. The same conclusion is drawn for Vermont and the U.S. as a whole. All sites, all ages cancer mortality rates are not significantly different.

Data Limitations

One limitation of these data is that the numbers of cancer cases and the number of cancer deaths in the six towns near Vermont Yankee are small. There are challenges associated with computing rates for small geographical areas, such as the Vermont Yankee Emergency Planning Zone, with an estimated population that is less than 20,000 people in 2012. When the rates are based on a small number of cases, it is almost impossible to distinguish random fluctuation from true changes in the underlying risk of disease. This is an issue in a state like Vermont, which has many communities with small populations. To improve rate stability, the cases have been combined for the 10 year period from 2003 through 2012. For more information about cancer and for resources to assist those living with cancer in Vermont: http://healthvermont.gov/cancer.

Environmental Surveillance Methods

The types of surveys and analyses performed by the Vermont Department of Health are described here in relationship to their role in protecting the public from ionizing radiation resulting from activities at Vermont Yankee.

Direct Gamma Radiation Monitoring

Direct gamma radiation in air is measured by the Health Department by using thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs). Gamma radiation energy interacts with and changes the materials inside the TLDs. The more gamma energy, the more change occurs in the materials. The TLDs are then tested in a laboratory, by reversing the physical changes. When this occurs, light is emitted, and the amount of light measured in the process is directly related to the amount of gamma radiation energy the TLD received in the environment. These instruments are calibrated to provide a measure of radiation *exposure*, reported in milliroentgen.

TLDs are placed in the environment to measure how much direct gamma radiation is being given off from Vermont Yankee and how much exists from natural or other human-made sources in background areas of Vermont. The Health Department's dosimeters are located on the site boundary (property line), in the area of the station and at background locations in Windham County. A total of 72 locations are monitored. Samples are tested quarterly.

Vermont Yankee emits direct gamma radiation from components and nuclear reactor systems. Direct gamma radiation may also result when gases and particulates are released from the station's air stack. Measuring the amount emitted ensures that no member of the public is exposed to increased levels of gamma radiation as a result of activities at Vermont Yankee.

Environmental Surveillance Methods

Continuous Flow Air Sampling

Continuous air samplers are located in Vernon, Guilford, Dummerston, Wilmington and Brattleboro. In 2011, an additional air sampler was added in Burlington. These air samplers have a mechanical pump that pulls air through two types of sample media. The samplers have an in-line flow meter that tracks the volume of air pulled through the sample. The air samplers run continuously.

The samplers collect alpha-, beta- and gamma-emitting materials in air. Each sampler has two collection media to capture these radioactive materials. The first medium is a glass fiber filter. As outdoor air is pulled through the sampler, particulates containing alpha-, beta- and gamma-emitting materials are collected on the glass fiber filter.

Located behind the glass fiber filter is the second medium, a charcoal cartridge. The cartridge is treated with triethylenediamine (TEDA), a compound that attracts radioactive iodine vapors. As air passes through, radioactive iodine as well as other gamma-emitting gases and vapors are collected.

The filter is sent to the Health Department Laboratory where the alpha- and beta-emitting materials are counted on a gas flow proportional counter. The charcoal cartridge is tested by the Health Department Laboratory on a gamma spectrometer. Samples are collected and tested monthly. In addition, every three months the filters are grouped together and tested by gamma spectroscopy. These grouped samples are called quarterly composites.

Measurements of total alpha and beta radiation, gamma radiation and specifically iodine-131 ensure that activities at—and discharges from—Vermont Yankee are within limits and do not result in an increased radiation exposure to the public.

Water Monitoring

Water samples are collected both on site at Vermont Yankee and off site at nearby locations. Off-site water samples include drinking water wells, a municipal water supply, and samples from the Connecticut River. These locations allow the Health Department to determine if radioactive materials have left the Vermont Yankee site and entered these waters. On-site groundwater monitoring wells are sampled and tested to determine if any radioactive materials are leaking from systems at Vermont Yankee. Several on-site wells are located side-by-side and are known as coupled wells. They are in the same location, with one well set slightly deeper than the other. The shallower well is designated with an "S" after the well number, the deeper well has a "D" designation. On-site drinking water wells are also sampled and tested to ensure that the drinking water supplies are not contaminated.

Water samples can be tested for total alpha and beta radioactivity, and gamma-emitting materials. Alpha and beta radioactivity are tested with a gas proportional counter.

Gamma-emitting materials are measured with a gamma spectrometer.

Water samples are also tested for tritium. Tritium is a radioactive form of hydrogen, and is a weak beta-emitter. Tritium is created when water passes through the reactor core and the hydrogen atoms in the water molecules and other trace elements like boron absorb neutrons from the fission of the reactor fuel. Tritiated water can leave the power station in the same ways that non-radioactive water leaves the station: in the air, in groundwater, and through discharges into surface water. Tritium is also created by cosmic radiation in the atmosphere. Tritium is tested with a liquid scintillation counter.

Since 2010, water samples have also been tested for three hard-to-detect radioactive metals: strontium-90, iron-55, and nickel-63. The Health Department contracts with a certified laboratory to perform these analyses. Strontium-90 is associated with nuclear reactor fission, but was also released in significant quantities in the 1940s, 50s and 60s during above-ground nuclear weapons testing, and as a result of global nuclear events

Environmental Surveillance Methods

like Chernobyl. Nickel-63 and iron-55 are associated with nuclear facility operations. These radioactive metals can be released from leaking reactor systems or through permitted discharges. They are not identifiable by routine laboratory test methods.

Monitoring Food Chain Inputs

The Health Department also routinely tests milk, sediment, soil, vegetation and fish in the Vernon and Brattleboro area.

Milk Sampling

Milk samples are collected from two farms located in the vicinity of Vermont Yankee. Raw cows' milk samples are taken monthly and tested for gamma-emitting materials and specifically for iodine-131 (I-131).

Sediment Sampling

Sediments from the bottom of the Connecticut River are collected twice a year. They are tested for gamma-emitting materials.

Soil and Vegetation Sampling

Soil and vegetation are collected in areas near Vermont Yankee and tested for gammaemitting materials. A variety of natural and cultivated plants are sampled to determine if radioactive materials are accumulating in the food chain. Vegetation samples are taken both in the immediate vicinity of Vermont Yankee and in the surrounding community. Soil samples are collected in areas near Vermont Yankee.

Fish Sampling

Fish are collected at two sites in the Connecticut River by an environmental contractor. One site is outside the Vermont Yankee discharge and the other site is about nine miles upstream from Vermont Yankee, where the Route 9 bridge crosses the Connecticut River. Fish are caught by a method known as electro-fishing. This involves putting a weak electric current in the water. Fish exposed to the current are temporarily stunned and float

Environmental Surveillance Methods

to the surface where they are collected. Sport and pan fish species are caught and tested: large and small mouth bass, yellow perch and pumpkinseed.

The extent of the testing that can be done depends on the mass of fish collected. Fish are tested for gamma-emitting materials and strontium-90 as well as other hard-to-detect radioactive metals nickel-63 and iron-55 when quantities permit.

Laboratory Testing and Measurements

Laboratory instruments at the Health Department that are used to test samples are able to measure very small amounts of radioactivity. Each instrument has a limit as to how low it can measure or identify radioactivity. This limit is determined by the Health Department radiochemists and reported as the *Lower Limit of Detection* (LLD). Lower Limits of Detection are calculated for each sample, taking into account the specific instrument and sample characteristics such as type (*e.g.* water, soil, milk, air), length of time the sample is tested, and the amount of the sample tested. The Health Department's Lower Limits of Detection for routine gamma spectroscopy tests are presented in Table 8.

All of the Health Department's instruments meet strict quality control checks. Data reported by the Health Department is thoroughly reviewed by both the radiochemists and data review personnel.

Units of Measurement

For most results in this report, radioactivity is reported in units of *picocuries per mass or volume* of sample. One picocurie is one trillionth of a curie or 0.0000000000001 curie. Curies and picocuries are units that measure the amount of radiation "activity" in the sample.

Direct gamma exposure is measured and reported in milliroentgen. Milliroentgen is a unit of exposure to ionizing radiation. One milliroentgen is equal to one thousandth of a roentgen or 0.001 roentgens.

Table 7. Units of Measurement

Туре	Unit	Abbreviation	Measures (amount of)	Equivalent to
units	curie	Ci	activity of a radioactive material	1,000,000,000,000 picocuries (pCi)
	picocurie	pCi	activity of a radioactive material	0.000000000001 curie (Ci)
	roentgen	R	exposure to ionizing radiation	1000 milliroentgens (mR)
Radiation units	milliroentgen	mR	exposure to ionizing radiation	0.001 roentgen (R)
Rac	roentgen equivalent man	rem	dose equivalent of ionizing radiation	1000 millirem (mrem)
	milli rem	mrem	dose equivalent of ionizing radiation	0.001 roentgen equivalent man (rem)
ts	gram	g	mass	0.001 kilogram (kg)
Mass & Volume units	kilogram	kg	mass	1000 grams (g)
	liter	L	volume of liquid	1000 milliliters (mL)
	milliliter	mL	volume of liquid	0.001 liter (L)
	cubic meter	m ³	volume of air	1,000,000 centimeters ³ (cm ³)

Roentgens are units of radiation exposure in air. To determine the effect that the exposure would have on a person, roentgens are converted to **rem** ("**r**oentgen **e**quivalent **m**an"). A rem accounts for both the amount of radiation energy absorbed by a person and the potential biological effects of that energy in the human body. The Health Department's Radiological Health Rule provides limits for gamma radiation emitted from Vermont Yankee in units of measured exposure and relates it to a *biological dose*. As the Vermont Yankee site boundary TLDs measure exposure in milliroentgen, the corresponding limit in milliroentgen applies. Personal TLDs, like those worn by workers in nuclear power, medical or research facilities, are calibrated to provide a measure of *biological dose* for the wearer and are reported in millirem.

Uncertainty of Radiation Measurements

Measurements reported by a laboratory have an amount of *uncertainty* associated with them. Uncertainty, sometimes called error, results from variability in sampling and testing. The smaller the uncertainty associated with a measurement, the more accurate the number reported is likely to be. The uncertainty associated with a measurement is calculated by radiochemists and reported as a plus/minus (+/-) value. All of the measurements in this report are presented at the 95 percent confidence level. This means it is 95 percent certain (not due to chance alone) that the results are within the value and error range reported. Uncertainty can be minimized by increasing instrument efficiency, sample size and counting time.

Uncertainty of Thermoluminescent Dosimeter (TLD) Measurements

Dosimeter measurements over time are estimates and are also subject to uncertainty. The error for the sum of the quarterly results is the total propagated error at the 95 percent confidence level. The formula for the propagation of error is a root-mean-square formula:

$$[({\sigma_1}^2) + ({\sigma_2}^2) + ({\sigma_3}^2) + ({\sigma_4}^2)]^{1/2}$$

Where (σ_1^2) is the uncertainty for quarter 1, (σ_2^2) is the uncertainty for quarter 2, (σ_3^2) is the uncertainty for quarter 3 and (σ_4^2) is the uncertainty for quarter 4. The Health Department regulates the direct gamma radiation exposure on the reported measurement.

Table 8. Health Department Gamma Spectroscopy Calculated Lower Limits of Detection

Radioactive element	Calculated Lower Limit of Detection: fish, water, vegetation & milk (pCi/L or pCi/kg)	Calculated Lower Limit of Detection: soil, sediment (pCi/kg)
Antimony-124	3	24
Antimony-126	3	23
Barium-133	4	30
Beryllium-7	24	183
Cadmium-109	48	349
Cerium-139	3	18
Cerium-141	4	29
Cerium-144	16	115
Cesium-134	4	25
Cesium-136	3	23
Cesium-137	4	24
Chromium-51	24	182
Cobalt-57	2	14
Cobalt-58	3	23
Cobalt-60	3	23
lodine-131	3	23
Manganese-54	4	24
Mercury-203	3	22
Potassium-40	48	367
Ruthenium-103	3	22
Ruthenium-106	29	220
Silver-110m	3	23
Strontium-85	4	26
Tin-113	4	31
Yttrium-88	4	26
Zinc-65	6	46

Direct Gamma Radiation Results

Thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs) are located along the Vermont Yankee site boundary (property line) and in public areas in Vernon and in other Windham County towns. Thirteen TLDs placed at the Vermont Yankee site boundary are evaluated for compliance with the regulations detailed in the Health Department's Radiological Health Rule. The Health Department limits the measured exposure at the site boundary to no more than 20 milliroentgen per year above background radiation, and no more than 10 milliroentgen per calendar quarter above background radiation.

Site boundary TLDs:

- VY North Fence
- VY North Fence #2
- VY SW Fence
- VY SW Fence #2
- VY Parking Lot A
- VDH T07A
- Governor Hunt Road # 39

- VDH T07B
- VDH DR42
- VDH DR48
- VDH DR51A
- VDH DR52A
- VDH DR53A

Five additional TLDs—VDH DR43, DR44, DR45, DR46 and DR47—are located on the Connecticut River site boundary and are subject to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission limit of 100 millirem per year.

Additional Health Department TLDs are located in other areas of Vernon, and in Guilford, Brattleboro, Dummerston, Putney and Wilmington. These provide the background measurements of direct gamma radiation from both natural and human-made sources unrelated to the operation of Vermont Yankee. All TLDs are collected and tested every three months (quarterly).

Comparison to Background Levels

To determine the amount of direct gamma radiation exposure attributed to emissions from Vermont Yankee, the background gamma radiation is subtracted from the site boundary (property line) measurements. Background gamma radiation unrelated to Vermont Yankee may be from naturally-occurring sources, other industrial applications and global contaminants remaining from above-ground weapons testing during the 1940s, 50s and 60s and global nuclear incidents like Chernobyl.

To measure the background of direct gamma radiation an additional 34 TLDs are placed in locations beyond the immediate area of Vermont Yankee's activities. These locations are as far west as Wilmington, as far north as Putney, and as far south as the Massachusetts state line in Guilford and Vernon. Each quarter's average exposure to these 34 TLDs is calculated and used to estimate environmental background radiation. Background gamma radiation levels for the four quarters of 2014 are presented in Table 9.

The exposures reported in Tables 10 and 11 show the total (gross) dosimeter measurement and the net value. The net value is calculated by subtracting the background radiation measurement from the total radiation measurement. For regulatory purposes, the net values are compared to the quarterly and annual limits.

Table 9. 2014 Average Direct Gamma Background Radiation Results

Calendar Quarter	Average Background Exposure Measurements (milliroentgen)	
January 1 to March 31	12.9 ± 2.4	
April 1 to June 30	14.7 ± 2.6	
July 1 to September 30	15.0 ± 2.4	
October 1 to December 31	15.1 ± 2.5	
Total for Calendar Year 2014	57.7 ± 4.9	
Calendar Year 2013	56.8 ± 4.5	
Calendar Year 2012	57.0 ± 4.4	
Calendar Year 2011	56.1 ± 7.3	
Calendar Year 2010	59.2 ± 7.1	
Calendar Year 2009	57.9 ± 4.8	
Calendar Year 2008	56.4 ± 4.6	
Calendar Year 2007	56.2 ± 5.2	

2014 Direct Gamma Radiation Exposure Results

The following tables are the results of the Health Department's TLD measurements of direct gamma radiation. Table 10 contains the results for the Vermont Yankee site boundary, and the dosimeters in the immediate area around the power station. Table 11 contains the results for the 34 dosimeters placed in locations beyond the immediate area of Vermont Yankee.

In 2014:

- 286 TLDs were tested for direct gamma radiation.
 - 135 of those provided background exposure measurements
 - 151 of those provided exposure measurements at the site boundary and in the immediate area of Vermont Yankee

Dosimeter locations on the site boundary bordered by land and used for direct gamma radiation compliance measurements reflect Vermont Yankee property purchases on or before August 1, 2008. The site boundary dosimeter location data are bolded in Table 10.

Direct Gamma Radiation Results

For 2014, the net site boundary results used for verifying compliance ranged from 0 to 12.7 milliroentgen.

Map 3 shows the locations of the site boundary and station area dosimeters. Maps 4 and 5 show the locations of the background dosimeters. The ID numbers on the maps can be matched to the locations in Tables 10 and 11.

For 2014, the quarterly limit of 10 milliroentgen and the annual limit of 20 milliroentgen were not exceeded.

31

Map 3

VT Yankee Nuclear Power Station Site Boundary and Plant Area Dosimeter Locations

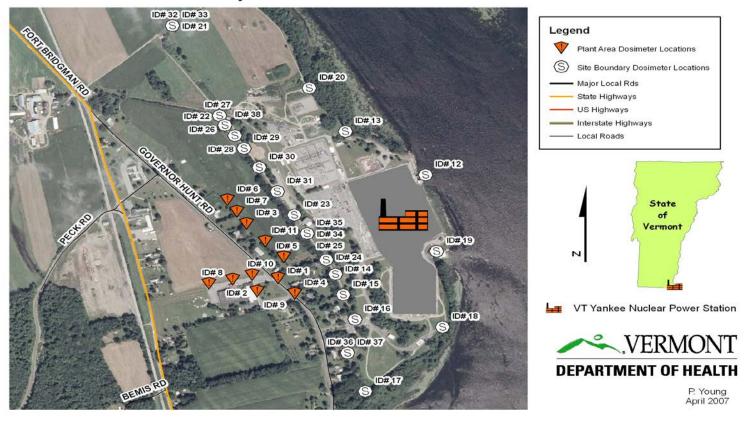


Table 10. 2014 Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Exposure Measurements and Net Gamma Radiation: Station Area & Site Boundary Locations

2014 Site Boundary and Station	ı Area																										
	Map	Qtr1	1SD	_		Net Q1				_		Net Q2						Net Q3		Qrtr4		Avg	Qtr4		2SD	Annual	
Location	ID#	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Net	Er
Gov Hunt Road #39	1	14.57	0.53	12.9	1.6	1.6	1.0	15.78	1.26	14.7	1.1	1.1	2.5	16.45	0.68	15.0	1.4	1.4	1.3	16.14	0.54	15.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	5.2	3
VDH DR06	2	12.16	0.70	12.9	-0.8	0.0	1.4	15.19	0.75	14.7	0.5	0.5	1.5	15.93	0.65	15.0	0.9	0.9	1.3	15.80	1.06	15.1	0.7	0.7	2.1	2.1	3
VDH DR51A	3	13.06	0.81	12.9	0.1	0.1	1.6	16.45	0.95	14.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	16.26	0.63	15.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	15.40	0.89	15.1	0.3	0.3	1.7	3.4	3
VDH DR52A	4	15.25	0.72	12.9	2.3	2.3	1.4	17.04	0.75	14.7	2.4	2.4	1.5	17.41	0.98	15.0	2.4	2.4	1.9	16.71	0.99	15.1	1.6	1.6	1.9	8.7	3
VDH DR53A	5	15.25	0.58	12.9	2.3	2.3	1.1	18.02	0.95	14.7	3.3	3.3	1.9	19.51	0.84	15.0	4.5	4.5	1.6	17.68	0.85	15.1	2.6	2.6	1.7	12.7	3
VDH T07A	6	12.55	0.57	12.9	-0.4	0.0	1.1	16.50	1.21	14.7	1.8	1.8	2.4	15.51	0.97	15.0	0.5	0.5	1.9	17.06	1.41	15.1	2.0	2.0	2.8	4.2	4
VDH T07B	7	12.81	0.61	12.9	-0.1	0.0	1.2	16.79	0.76	14.7	2.1	2.1	1.5	16.50	0.74	15.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	15.79	0.71	15.1	0.7	0.7	1.4	4.3	2
Vernon School (air sampler)	8	13.66	0.64	12.9	0.7	0.7	1.3	15.30	0.94	14.7	0.6	0.6	1.8	15.80	0.70	15.0	0.8	0.8	1.4	16.39	0.52	15.1	1.3	1.3	1.0	3.4	2
Vernon School Nurse	9	17.46	1.14	12.9	4.5	4.5	2.2	17.19	1.23	14.7	2.5	2.5	2.4	16.22	0.56	15.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	17.51	0.63	15.1	2.4	2.4	1.2	10.6	3
Vernon School Pole	10	12.65	0.73	12.9	-0.3	0.0	1.4	15.16	0.85	14.7	0.5	0.5	1.7	15.14	0.51	15.0	0.1	0.1	1.0	14.91	0.93	15.1	-0.2	0.0	1.8	0.6	3
VY Parking Lot A	11	13.56	0.75	12.9	0.6	0.6	1.5	17.83	1.44	14.7	3.2	3.2	2.8	17.86	0.68	15.0	2.8	2.8	1.3	17.35	1.18	15.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	8.9	4
VDH DR45	12	27.75	1.15	12.9	14.8	14.8	2.3	29.43	3.16	14.7	14.8	14.8	6.2	27.60	1.49	15.0	12.6	12.6	2.9	27.14	2.23	15.1	12.0	12.0	4.4	54.2	8
VDH DR46	13	17.96	0.66	12.9	5.0	5.0	1.3	19.01	1.04	14.7	4.3	4.3	2.0	20.42	0.69	15.0	5.4	5.4	1.4	18.36	1.07	15.1	3.3	3.3	2.1	18.0	3
VDH DR08	15	17.59	0.97	12.9	4.7	4.7	1.9	19.89	1.15	14.7	5.2	5.2	2.3	20.17	1.16	15.0	5.1	5.1	2.3	18.81	1.11	15.1	3.7	3.7	2.2	18.7	4
VDH DR41	16	14.58	0.74	12.9	1.7	1.7	1.5	16.14	0.88	14.7	1.5	1.5	1.7	17.01	0.51	15.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	15.92	0.59	15.1	0.8	0.8	1.2	5.9	2
VDH DR42	17	12.16	0.56	12.9	-0.8	0.0	1.1	15.86	1.04	14.7	1.2	1.2	2.0	15.88	0.91	15.0	0.8	0.8	1.8	15.84	0.69	15.1	0.7	0.7	1.4	2.8	3
VDH DR43	18	15.02	0.61	12.9	2.1	2.1	1.2	17.48	0.95	14.7	2.8	2.8	1.9	17.49	0.86	15.0	2.4	2.4	1.7	16.48	0.80	15.1	1.4	1.4	1.6	8.7	3
VDH DR44	19	20.72	1.31	12.9	7.8	7.8	2.6	20.95	1.66	14.7	6.3	6.3	3.3	20.76	0.85	15.0	5.7	5.7	1.7	18.89	1.38	15.1	3.8	3.8	2.7	23.6	5
VDH DR47	20	14.90	0.61	12.9	2.0	2.0	1.2	17.14	1.55	14.7	2.5	2.5	3.0	17.48	0.59	15.0	2.4	2.4	1.2	18.62	0.71	15.1	3.5	3.5	1.4	10.4	3
VDH DR48	21	12.47	0.97	12.9	-0.5	0.0	1.9	12.71	0.70	14.7	-2.0	0.0	1.4	14.18	0.57	15.0	-0.9	0.0	1.1	13.88	0.66	15.1	-1.2	0.0	1.3	0.0	2
VDH T01	22	12.64	0.63	12.9	-0.3	0.0	1.2	14.64	0.85	14.7	0.0	0.0	1.7	15.46	0.66	15.0	0.4	0.4	1.3	15.48	0.76	15.1	0.4	0.4	1.5	0.8	2
VDH DR49	22	11.50	0.79	12.9	-1.4	0.0		15.02			0.3	0.3	1.4	14.03			-1.0	0.0		14.27			-0.8	0.0	1.4	0.3	2
VDH DR51	23	15.60	0.67	12.9	2.7	2.7		19.11		14.7	4.4	4.4	2.0	19.73			4.7	4.7		18.53			3.4	3.4	2.3	15.2	3
VDH DR52	24	19.15	0.84	12.9	6.2	6.2		20.83			6.2	6.2	3.0	22.10			7.1	7.1					3.6	3.6	2.0	23.0	4
VDH DR53	25	19.59	0.98	12.9	6.7	6.7		21.68		14.7	7.0	7.0	2.0	22.76			7.7	7.7		20.64			5.5	5.5	1.4	26.9	3
VDH T03	26	12.81	0.65	12.9	-0.1	0.0		14.76			0.1	0.1		15.32			0.3	0.3		14.76			-0.3	0.0	1.4	0.4	2

Site boundary dosimeter measurements are bolded.

Vermont Department of Health

Direct Gamma Radiation Results

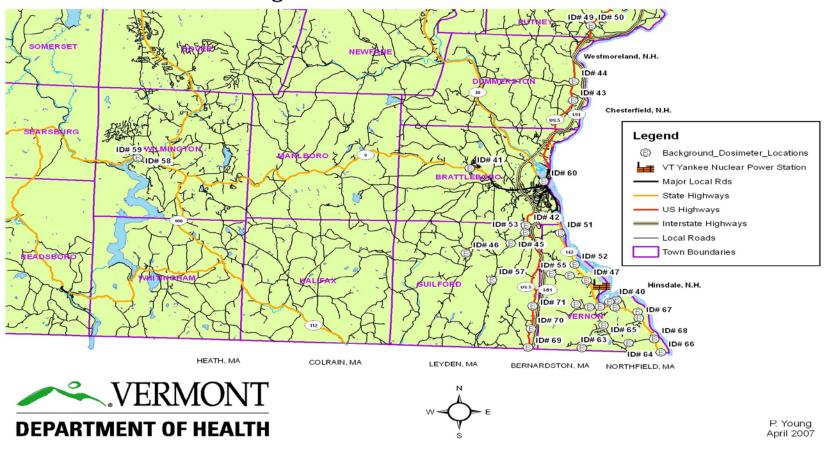
Table 10 (continued). 2014 Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Exposure Measurements and Net Gamma Radiation: Station Area & Site Boundary Locations

2014 Site Boundary and Statio	n Area	Dosime	ter Exp	osure (millir	oentgen)																				
	Мар	Qtr1	1SD	Avg	Qtr1	Net Q1	2SD	Qrtr2	1SD	Avg	Qtr2	Net Q2	2SD	Qrtr3	1SD	Avg	Qtr3	Net Q3	2SD	Qrtr4	1SD	Avg	Qtr4	Net Q4	2SD	Annual	2SD
Location	ID#	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Net	Error
VDH T05	28	13.53	0.74	12.9	0.6	0.6	1.5	15.43	0.94	14.7	0.8	0.8	1.8	16.29	0.77	15.0	1.2	1.2	1.5	15.91	0.71	15.1	0.8	0.8	1.4	3.4	3.1
VDH T04	29	12.99	0.63	12.9	0.1	0.1	1.2	15.31	1.03	14.7	0.6	0.6	2.0	16.31	0.66	15.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	15.95	0.68	15.1	0.8	0.8	1.3	2.8	3.0
VDH T06	30	14.01	0.92	12.9	1.1	1.1	1.8	16.90	0.93	14.7	2.2	2.2	1.8	18.06	0.98	15.0	3.0	3.0	1.9	16.80	0.80	15.1	1.7	1.7	1.6	8.0	3.6
VDH DR07	31	15.12	0.75	12.9	2.2	2.2	1.5	18.41	1.59	14.7	3.7	3.7	3.1	18.72	0.70	15.0	3.7	3.7	1.4	17.90	1.12	15.1	2.8	2.8	2.2	12.4	4.3
VY North Fence	32	11.92	0.52	12.9	-1.0	0.0	1.0	14.18	0.92	14.7	-0.5	0.0	1.8	15.16	1.00	15.0	0.1	0.1	2.0	15.51	0.72	15.1	0.4	0.4	1.4	0.5	3.2
VY North Fence #2	33	12.01	0.65	12.9	-0.9	0.0	1.3	15.16	0.81	14.7	0.5	0.5	1.6	15.68	0.66	15.0	0.6	0.6	1.3	15.54	0.61	15.1	0.4	0.4	1.2	1.6	2.7
VY Parking Lot #2	34	19.14	0.97	12.9	6.2	6.2	1.9	20.52	1.40	14.7	5.8	5.8	2.7	20.93	0.82	15.0	5.9	5.9	1.6	19.19	0.63	15.1	4.1	4.1	1.2	22.0	3.9
VY Parking Lot, ID	35	17.48	0.82	12.9	4.6	4.6	1.6	20.77	1.74	14.7	6.1	6.1	3.4	21.26	0.91	15.0	6.2	6.2	1.8	19.36	0.86	15.1	4.3	4.3	1.7	21.1	4.5
VY SW Fence	36	11.67	0.67	12.9	-1.3	0.0	1.3	14.53	0.93	14.7	-0.1	0.0	1.8	14.73	0.75	15.0	-0.3	0.0	1.5	14.73	0.55	15.1	-0.4	0.0	1.1	0.0	2.9
VY SW Fence #2	37	11.87	0.47	12.9	-1.1	0.0	0.9	13.68	0.63	14.7	-1.0	0.0	1.2	15.14	0.82	15.0	0.1	0.1	1.6	14.52	0.83	15.1	-0.6	0.0	1.6	0.1	2.8
VDH T02	38	12.43	1.06	12.9	-0.5	0.0	2.1	14.17	1.10	14.7	-0.5	0.0	2.2	15.18	0.51	15.0	0.1	0.1	1.0	15.09	0.64	15.1	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.1	3.4
Meteorology Tower	n/a	12.23	0.63	12.9	-0.7	0.0	1.2	14.81	0.80	14.7	0.1	0.1	1.6	15.46	0.71	15.0	0.4	0.4	1.4			15.1	-15.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.4

Site boundary dosimeter measurements are bolded.

Map 4

Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Background Dosimeter Locations



Map 5

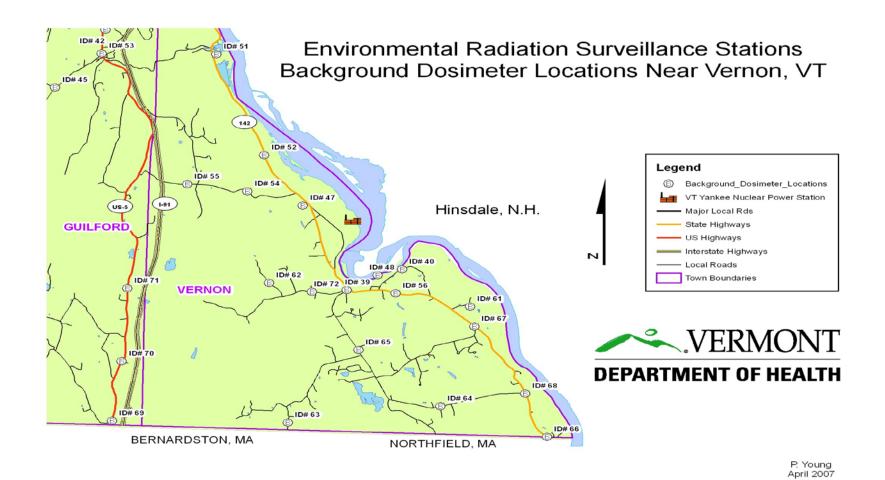


Table 11. 2014 Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Exposure Measurements and Net Gamma Radiation: Background Locations

2014 Background Dosimeter Ex	posu	re (milli	roentge	en)																						
	Мар	Qtr1	1SD	_	Qtr1	Net	2SD	Qrtr2		Avg	Qtr2	Net	2SD	Qrtr3 1SD		Qtr3	Net		Qrtr4	-	Avg	Qtr4	Net	2SD	Annual	
Location	ID#	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net			Gross		·	Net	>=0	Error	Gross Erro	_		>=0		Gross		Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Net	Erro
142/Pond Road (N)	39	13.07	0.65	12.9	0.1	0.1	1.3	13.87	1.21	14.7	-0.8	0.0	2.4	14.06 0.75	15.0	-1.0	0.0	1.5	14.29	0.60	15.1	-0.8	0.0	1.2	0.1	3.3
A&M Auto/Smead Rd	40	11.64	0.56	12.9	-1.3	0.0	1.1	13.42	0.89	14.7	-1.3	0.0	1.7	14.06 0.63	15.0	-1.0	0.0	1.2	15.14	0.87	15.1	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.0	2.9
West Brattleboro State Police	41	11.38	0.54	12.9	-1.5	0.0	1.1	13.55	0.84	14.7	-1.1	0.0	1.6	13.91 0.61	15.0	-1.1	0.0	1.2	12.89	0.63	15.1	-2.2	0.0	1.2	0.0	2.6
D&E Tree, Rt 5, Guilford	42	13.81	0.86	12.9	0.9	0.9	1.7	15.66	0.80	14.7	1.0	1.0	1.6	16.61 1.07	15.0	1.6	1.6	2.1	16.64	0.57	15.1	1.5	1.5	1.1	5.0	3.3
Dummerston AOT	43	13.22	0.72	12.9	0.3	0.3	1.4	15.14	0.75	14.7	0.5	0.5	1.5	15.23 0.90	15.0	0.2	0.2	1.8	15.47	0.63	15.1	0.4	0.4	1.2	1.3	3.0
Dummerston School	44	11.21	0.84	12.9	-1.7	0.0	1.6	13.26	0.75	14.7	-1.4	0.0	1.5	14.24 0.59	15.0	-0.8	0.0	1.2	13.47	0.42	15.1	-1.6	0.0	0.8	0.0	2.6
Guilford Center Rd/Tater Rd	45	12.14	0.82	12.9	-0.8	0.0	1.6	13.87	0.77	14.7	-0.8	0.0	1.5	14.72 0.88	15.0	-0.3	0.0	1.7	14.59	0.52	15.1	-0.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.0
Guilford Town Garage	46	14.64	0.77	12.9	1.7	1.7	1.5	15.70	0.87	14.7	1.0	1.0	1.7	15.59 0.73	15.0	0.5	0.5	1.4	16.13	1.19	15.1	1.0	1.0	2.3	4.3	3.6
Miller Farm	47	11.89	0.70	12.9	-1.0	0.0	1.4	13.23	0.90	14.7	-1.4	0.0	1.8	13.10 0.77	15.0	-1.9	0.0	1.5	13.25	0.50	15.1	-1.9	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.9
Power Line River Crossing	48	13.15	0.61	12.9	0.2	0.2	1.2	14.14	0.77	14.7	-0.5	0.0	1.5	14.24 0.77	15.0	-0.8	0.0	1.5	14.97	0.44	15.1	-0.1	0.0	0.9	0.2	2.6
Putney Pole	49	13.80	0.53	12.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	15.63	0.95	14.7	1.0	1.0	1.9	15.79 0.61	15.0	0.7	0.7	1.2	15.70	0.62	15.1	0.6	0.6	1.2	3.2	2.7
Putney Town Clerk	50	12.99	0.57	12.9	0.1	0.1	1.1	13.87	0.79	14.7	-0.8	0.0	1.5	13.64 0.60	15.0	-1.4	0.0	1.2	13.66	0.63	15.1	-1.4	0.0	1.2	0.1	2.6
Renaud Brothers	51	14.70	0.61	12.9	1.8	1.8	1.2	15.75	0.94	14.7	1.1	1.1	1.8	16.34 0.58	15.0	1.3	1.3	1.1	15.57	0.69	15.1	0.5	0.5	1.4	4.6	2.8
Rt 142 N Trans Line	52	11.90	0.49	12.9	-1.0	0.0	1.0	14.38	1.30	14.7	-0.3	0.0	2.5	14.75 1.07	15.0	-0.3	0.0	2.1	14.37	0.66	15.1	-0.7	0.0	1.3	0.0	3.7
Rt 5/Guilford Ctr Rd	53	13.26	0.63	12.9	0.3	0.3	1.2	13.62	0.63	14.7	-1.1	0.0	1.2	14.15 0.78	15.0	-0.9	0.0	1.5	14.72	0.52	15.1	-0.4	0.0	1.0	0.3	2.5
Tyler Hill Road	54	11.96	0.67	12.9	-1.0	0.0	1.3	15.03	1.04	14.7	0.4	0.4	2.0	15.57 0.84	15.0	0.5	0.5	1.6	15.53	0.64	15.1	0.4	0.4	1.3	1.3	3.2
Tyler Rd/Franklin Rd	55	13.47	0.71	12.9	0.5	0.5	1.4	15.04	0.79	14.7	0.4	0.4	1.5	15.57 0.60	15.0	0.5	0.5	1.2	15.63	0.64	15.1	0.5	0.5	1.3	2.0	2.7
Vernon Fire Station	56	12.36	0.58	12.9	-0.6	0.0	1.1	14.32	0.74	14.7	-0.4	0.0	1.5	14.64 0.52	15.0	-0.4	0.0	1.0	14.54	0.60	15.1	-0.6	0.0	1.2	0.0	2.4
Weatherhead Hollow Rd	57	10.42	0.55	12.9	-2.5	0.0	1.1	12.98	0.76	14.7	-1.7	0.0	1.5	13.54 0.61	15.0	-1.5	0.0	1.2	13.03	0.58	15.1	-2.1	0.0	1.1	0.0	2.5
Wilmington AOT Pole	58	13.58	0.83	12.9	0.7	0.7	1.6	16.22	0.86	14.7	1.5	1.5	1.7	16.36 0.69	15.0	1.3	1.3	1.4	15.46	0.64	15.1	0.4	0.4	1.3	3.9	3.0
Wilmington AOT (air sampler)	59	15.29	0.98	12.9	2.4	2.4	1.9	17.41	0.93	14.7	2.7	2.7	1.8	17.66 0.86	15.0	2.6	2.6	1.7	17.53	0.81	15.1	2.4	2.4	1.6	10.1	3.5
Windham County Court	60	14.66	0.84	12.9	1.7	1.7	1.6			14.7	-14.7	0.0	0.0	17.37 0.89	15.0	2.3	2.3	1.7	17.61	0.66	15.1	2.5	2.5	1.3	6.6	2.7
Blodgett Farm	61	15.11	1.41	12.9	2.2	2.2	2.8	15.04	0.92	14.7	0.4	0.4	1.8	15.43 1.02	15.0	0.4	0.4	2.0	15.63	0.53	15.1	0.5	0.5	1.0	3.5	4.0
Fairman Road	62	12.22	0.66	12.9	-0.7	0.0	1.3	13.43	0.83	14.7	-1.2	0.0	1.6	14.95 0.57	15.0	-0.1	0.0	1.1	17.01	1.78	15.1	1.9	1.9	3.5	1.9	4.2

Vermont Department of HealthDirect Gamma Radiation Results

Table 11. 2014 Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Exposure Measurements and Net Gamma Radiation: Background Locations (continued)

2014 Background Dosimeter E	xposu	re (milli	roentge	en)																							
	Мар	Qtr1	1SD	Avg	Qtr1	Net	2SD	Qrtr2	1SD	Avg	Qtr2	Net	2SD	Qrtr3	1SD	Avg	Qtr3	Net	2SD	Qrtr4	1SD	Avg	Qtr4	Net	2SD	Annual	2SD
Location	ID#	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Gross	Error	Bkgrd	Net	>=0	Error	Net	Error
Huckle Hill Rd VT	63	14.13	0.69	12.9	1.2	1.2	1.4	16.53	1.03	14.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	17.37	0.60	15.0	2.3	2.3	1.2	17.33	0.58	15.1	2.2	2.2	1.1	7.6	2.9
Pond Rd & Houghton	64	12.00	0.69	12.9	-0.9	0.0	1.4	14.09	0.83	14.7	-0.6	0.0	1.6	14.91	0.51	15.0	-0.1	0.0	1.0	14.69	0.63	15.1	-0.4	0.0	1.2	0.0	2.6
Pond Rd/Vernon Rec	65	12.12	0.58	12.9	-0.8	0.0	1.1	13.35	0.78	14.7	-1.3	0.0	1.5	13.23	0.70	15.0	-1.8	0.0	1.4	13.83	0.58	15.1	-1.3	0.0	1.1	0.0	2.6
Rt 142 & Depot St	66	12.86	1.02	12.9	-0.1	0.0	2.0	14.79	0.98	14.7	0.1	0.1	1.9	14.84	0.70	15.0	-0.2	0.0	1.4	15.24	0.76	15.1	0.1	0.1	1.5	0.3	3.4
Rt 142 & Newton Rd	67	11.77	0.83	12.9	-1.2	0.0	1.6	14.24	1.20	14.7	-0.4	0.0	2.4	12.95	0.74	15.0	-2.1	0.0	1.5	13.57	0.73	15.1	-1.5	0.0	1.4	0.0	3.5
Rt 142 & Pond Rd (S)	68	13.17	0.61	12.9	0.2	0.2	1.2	14.50	0.91	14.7	-0.2	0.0	1.8	14.75	1.07	15.0	-0.3	0.0	2.1	14.84	0.63	15.1	-0.3	0.0	1.2	0.2	3.2
Route 5/Wolosko Rd	69	14.05	0.65	12.9	1.1	1.1	1.3	19.09	1.26	14.7	4.4	4.4	2.5	17.05	1.05	15.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	16.54	0.69	15.1	1.4	1.4	1.4	9.0	3.7
Rt 5/Andrews Cmtry	70	12.24	0.54	12.9	-0.7	0.0	1.1	14.26	0.97	14.7	-0.4	0.0	1.9	14.95	0.72	15.0	-0.1	0.0	1.4	14.55	0.59	15.1	-0.6	0.0	1.2	0.0	2.8
Rt 5/Tkaczyk Frm Rd	71	13.63	1.39	12.9	0.7	0.7	2.7	14.16	0.85	14.7	-0.5	0.0	1.7	15.58	0.80	15.0	0.5	0.5	1.6	15.30	0.46	15.1	0.2	0.2	0.9	1.4	3.7
West Rd/Edgewood	72	11.57	0.61	12.9	-1.4	0.0	1.2	14.64	1.32	14.7	0.0	0.0	2.6	14.45	0.81	15.0	-0.6	0.0	1.6	14.71	0.44	15.1	-0.4	0.0	0.9	0.0	3.4
Average Background (Avg)				12.	9					14	4.7					1	5.0					1	l 5.1			57.	.7

Continuous Flow Air Sampling Results

The Health Department uses continuously operating air samplers to monitor the air near Vermont Yankee. They are located in Vernon, Guilford, Brattleboro, Dummerston and Wilmington. The locations of the air samplers are shown on Map 6. In 2011, to provide comparison, another air sampler was sited in Burlington at the Health Department.

Air filters are tested monthly for alpha- and beta-emitting materials and are then grouped quarterly to test for gamma-emitting materials. Air cartridges are collected and tested monthly for iodine-131 (I-131) and other gamma-emitting materials at the Health Department Laboratory. Data associated with the air filters are provided in Appendix A. For 2014:

- 129 air cartridges were tested for iodine-131 and gamma-emitting materials.
- 129 air filters were tested for total alpha and beta radioactivity.
- 4 sets of air filters were grouped and tested for gamma-emitting materials.

Air Filter Total Alpha and Beta Radioactivity Results

In 2014, the average result for total alpha radioactivity was 0.00124 picocuries per cubic meter (pCi/m³). The 2014 average result for total beta radioactivity was 0.01306 pCi/m³. The 2014 total alpha and beta radioactivity air filter results are presented in Appendix A.

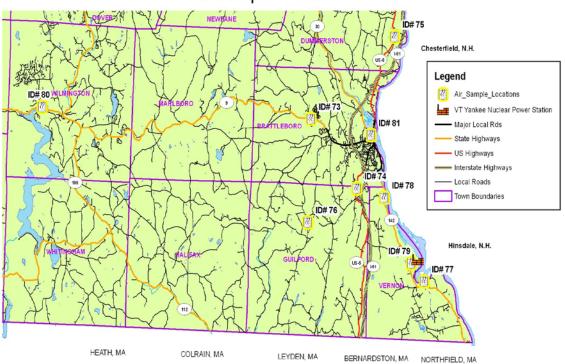
Figures 2 and 3 show the average total alpha and beta radioactivity for the sample locations compared to the 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013 results. Very low results that were uncertain because of noted collection problems were removed prior to calculating the average result. This is a conservative approach and results in an increased average.

Air Cartridge and Air Filter Gamma-Emitting Materials Results

No iodine-131 was detected in any air cartridge in 2014. Only naturally-occurring gamma-emitting materials were detected.

Map 6

Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Air Sample Locations







P. Young April 2007

Sample Location	Map ID	Sample Location	Map ID
D & E Tree	74	Vermont State Police-Brattleboro	73
Dummerston State Garage	75	Vernon Elementary School	79
Guilford Town Garage	76	Wilmington State Highway Garage	80
Power Line River Crossing	77	Windham County Courthouse	81
Renaud Brothers	78	108 Cherry St. Burlington	n/a

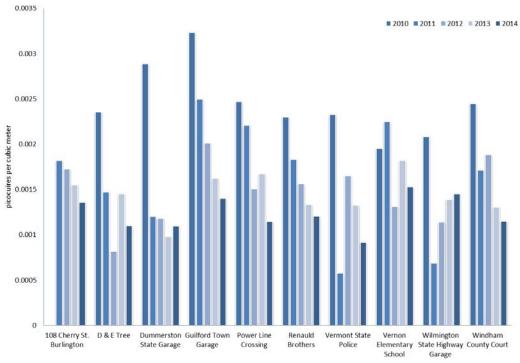
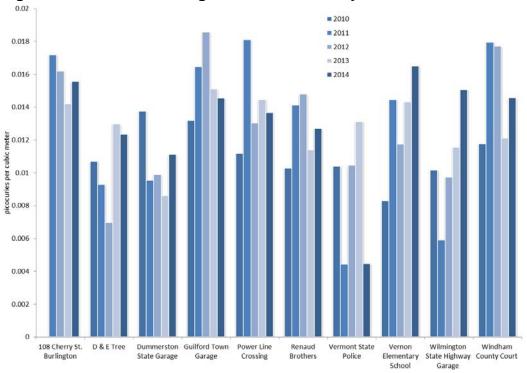


Figure 2. 2010-2014 Average Alpha Radioactivity in Air





Vermont Department of Health Continuous Flow Air Sampling Results

Table 12. 2014 Air Filter Composite Results (Gamma Spectroscopy)

Quarter	Last Date of Quarter	Element	Concentration +/- error (pCi)
1 st Quarter	3/31/2014	Beryllium-7	5,610 +/- 630
2 nd Quarter	6/30/2014	Beryllium-7	5,210 +/- 460
3 rd Quarter	9/30/2014	Beryllium-7	10,900 +/- 900
4 th Quarter	12/31/2014	Beryllium-7	9,240 +/- 820

In 2014, no alpha, beta or gamma radioactivity related to the activities of Vermont Yankee was identified in the continuous flow air samples. Results were within historical ranges.

Water Sampling Results

The Health Department has routinely collected off-site monthly water samples from six locations around Vermont Yankee. These routine water samples are tested for tritium, gamma-emitting materials, and total alpha and beta radioactivity. Collections are taken from drinking water wells (3), a public water supply (1) and the Connecticut River (2). These sample locations are shown on Map 7.

In addition, Vermont Yankee routinely collects at four Connecticut River sites monthly, Stations 3-3, 3-4, 3-8 and the Discharge Forebay. These sample locations are shown in Map 8. Additional off-site samples are collected at private residences and a nursing home.

In 2009, Vermont Yankee implemented the Nuclear Energy Institute Groundwater Protection Initiative and began sampling on-site groundwater monitoring wells and on-site drinking water supplies. These on-site water sample sites are shown on Map 9. The Health Department receives field duplicate water samples of these groundwater monitoring sites. The on-site groundwater monitoring well samples and on-site drinking water supply samples are also used to survey for other radioactive materials released when tritium is or was released. Our analyses for alpha-, beta-, and gamma-emitting radioactive materials, including strontium-90, nickel-63 and iron-55 provide us knowledge about the migration of these contaminants in the soils and water.

Routine off-site water samples were tested for total alpha and beta radioactivity, gamma radioactivity and tritium. Tests for tritium and gamma-emitting materials were performed by the Health Department. Other tests were performed by a contract laboratory. For 2014:

- 119 water samples were tested for total alpha and beta radioactivity.
- 438 water (ground, drinking, surface) samples were tested for tritium.
- 437 water samples were tested for gamma-emitting materials.

Vermont Department of Health

Water Sampling Results

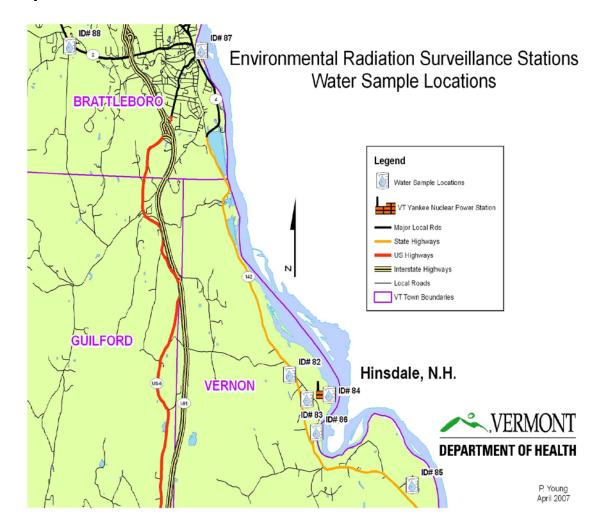
• 164 water samples were tested for hard-to-detect metals: iron-55, nickel-63, and strontium-90.

Due to the large number of results associated with tritium, gamma spectroscopy, and hard-to-detect analyses, the individual data for these tests are presented in Appendices B, C and D.

Water Total Alpha and Beta Radioactivity Results

The alpha and beta radioactivity measured in the water samples is within the historical range for both types of radioactivity. Water alpha and beta radioactivity measurements around Vermont Yankee have both historically ranged from below the lower limit of detection to 15 picocuries per liter (pCi/L). In 2014, the range for alpha radioactivity was -0.86 to 11.6 pCi/L. The 2014 range for beta radioactivity was 0.35 to 9.39 pCi/L. Results from 2014 are presented in Table 13. Comparisons of 2010-2014 data are presented in Figures 4 and 5. Trends for both alpha and beta results are similar to past years: Vernon Elementary School and Blodgett Farm have historically had higher levels of natural radioactivity in the water.

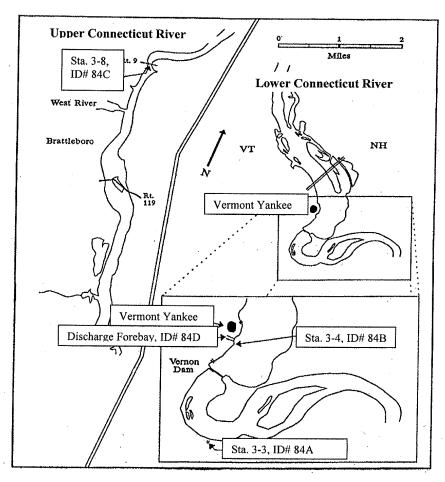
Map 7



Sample Location	Map ID
Miller Farm	82
Vernon Elementary School	83
Blodgett Farm	85
Connecticut River, Downstream	86
Connecticut River, Upstream	87
Brattleboro Fire Dept., West Station	88

Map 8

Routine Connecticut River Water Sample Locations



Sample Location	Map ID
3-3 Connecticut River Station	84A
3-4 Connecticut River Station	84B
3-8 Connecticut River Station	84C
Discharge Forebay	84D

Table 13. 2014 Total Alpha and Beta Radioactivity Water Results

	Date of	Total Alpha	Total Beta
Sample Location	Sample	Radioactivity +/- error	Radioactivity +/- error
	1/15/2014	0.24 +/- 0.43	0.75 +/- 1.04
3-3 Connecticut River Station	2/17/2014	0.29 +/- 0.63	2.50 +/- 1.06
	3/17/2014	0.84 +/- 0.60	1.32 +/- 1.06
	4/17/2014	0.87 +/- 0.71	1.66 +/- 1.07
	5/13/2014	0.44 +/- 0.44	1.65 +/- 1.04
	6/16/2014	0.00 +/- 0.44	2.94 +/- 1.10
	7/15/2014	0.27 +/- 0.67	0.77 +/- 1.08
	8/14/2014	0.57 +/- 0.66	1.88 +/- 1.05
	9/16/2014	0.30 +/- 0.65	1.99 +/- 1.06
	10/14/2014	0.23 +/- 0.42	1.90 +/- 1.08
	11/13/2014	-0.29 +/- 0.79	1.77 +/- 1.10
	12/16/2014	-0.54 +/- 0.62	1.65 +/- 1.08
	1/15/2014	0.45 +/- 0.45	1.25 +/- 1.05
3-4 Connecticut River Station	2/17/2014	0.30 +/- 0.65	0.80 +/- 1.00
	3/17/2014	0.56 +/- 0.56	0.66 +/- 1.03
	4/17/2014	1.57 +/- 0.60	2.50 +/- 0.76
	5/13/2014	0.22 +/- 0.41	1.21 +/- 1.03
	6/16/2014	1.11 +/- 0.60	2.75 +/- 1.10
	7/15/2014	0.00 +/- 0.65	0.88 +/- 1.09
	8/14/2014	0.28 +/- 0.61	1.76 +/- 1.04
	9/16/2014	0.00 +/- 0.59	1.88 +/- 1.06
	10/14/2014	0.47 +/- 0.47	2.50 +/- 1.10
	11/13/2014	-0.59 +/- 0.76	1.44 +/- 1.09
	12/16/2014	-0.27 +/- 0.66	0.55 +/- 1.04
	1/15/2014	0.11 +/- 0.20	0.87 +/- 0.53
3-8 Connecticut River Station	2/17/2014	-0.14 +/- 0.26	0.35 +/- 0.50
	3/17/2014	0.22 +/- 0.22	0.53 +/- 0.42
	4/17/2014	0.71 +/- 0.39	1.21 +/- 0.55
	5/13/2014	0.21 +/- 0.38	1.10 +/- 1.02
	6/16/2014	0.89 +/- 0.58	1.15 +/- 1.05
	7/15/2014	0.00 +/- 0.64	0.66 +/- 1.08
	8/14/2014	0.82 +/- 0.67	1.54 +/- 1.03
	9/16/2014	0.87 +/- 0.71	1.77 +/- 1.05
	10/14/2014	0.23 +/- 0.42	2.80 +/- 1.11
	11/13/2014	-0.34 +/- 0.28	0.88 +/- 0.44
	12/16/2014	-0.11 +/- 0.26	0.40 +/- 0.42

Vermont Department of Health Water Sampling Results

Table 13. 2014 Total Alpha and Beta Radioactivity Water Results (continued)

(continued)	Data of	Total Aluba	Total Data
Sample Location	Date of	Total Alpha	Total Beta
	Sample	Radioactivity +/- error	•
	1/7/2014	3.16 +/- 0.80	5.10 +/- 1.18
Blodgett Farm	2/3/2014	3.61 +/- 0.82	5.65 +/- 1.16
	3/5/2014	3.16 +/- 0.82	4.68 +/- 1.18
	4/1/2014	4.63 +/- 0.94	4.78 +/- 1.18
	5/7/2014	5.34 +/- 0.96	4.01 +/- 1.14
	6/9/2014	4.06 +/- 0.88	4.29 +/- 1.15
	7/8/2014	4.31 +/- 0.90	2.67 +/- 1.16
	8/5/2014	3.73 +/- 0.85	8.55 +/- 1.27
	9/3/2014	5.97 +/- 1.19	4.45 +/- 1.19
	10/6/2014	3.31 +/- 0.99	4.24 +/- 1.16
	11/4/2014	2.52 +/- 0.76	4.12 +/- 1.18
	12/2/2014	4.92 +/- 1.16	7.56 +/- 1.28
Brattleboro Fire Dept, West	1/7/2014	-0.22 +/- 0.31	1.55 +/- 1.06
Station	2/3/2014	-0.28 +/- 0.51	1.20 +/- 1.01
	3/5/2014	0.28 +/- 0.51	0.66 +/- 1.03
	4/1/2014	-0.55 +/- 0.45	1.76 +/- 1.07
	5/7/2014	0.43 +/- 0.43	1.98 +/- 1.05
	6/9/2014	0.22 +/- 0.47	2.44 +/- 1.09
	7/8/2014	-0.28 +/- 0.61	0.44 +/- 1.07
	8/5/2014	0.52 +/- 0.60	1.98 +/- 1.05
	9/3/2014	0.28 +/- 0.61	1.54 +/- 1.04
	10/6/2014	0.22 +/- 0.40	1.60 +/- 1.07
	11/4/2014	-0.84 +/- 0.68	1.54 +/- 1.09
	12/2/2014	-0.53 +/- 0.61	0.77 +/- 1.05
Connecticut River	1/7/2014	0.00 +/- 0.36	1.65 +/- 1.06
Downstream	2/3/2014	4.73 +/- 1.18	4.52 +/- 1.12
	3/5/2014	0.29 +/- 0.53	1.32 +/- 1.06
	4/1/2014	3.00 +/- 0.98	4.09 +/- 1.15
	5/7/2014	1.79 +/- 0.63	2.87 +/- 1.09
	6/9/2014	0.00 +/- 0.44	3.04 +/- 1.10
	7/8/2014	4.22 +/- 1.15	3.76 +/- 1.18
	8/5/2014	0.28 +/- 0.60	1.87 +/- 1.05
	9/3/2014	0.30 +/- 0.64	1.10 +/- 1.03
	10/6/2014	0.68 +/- 0.49	1.70 +/- 1.07
	11/4/2014	-0.28 +/- 0.75	1.21 +/- 1.08
	12/2/2014	-0.26 +/- 0.64	1.21 +/- 1.07

Table 13. 2014 Total Alpha and Beta Radioactivity Water Results (continued)

Consideration	Date of	Total Alpha	Total Beta
Sample Location	Sample	Radioactivity +/- error	Radioactivity +/- error
Connecticut River	2/3/2014	0.00 +/- 0.64	1.41 +/- 1.02
Upstream	3/5/2014	0.00 +/- 0.73	1.45 +/- 1.08
	4/1/2014	0.57 +/- 0.66	0.88 +/- 1.04
	5/7/2014	0.71 +/- 0.51	1.99 +/- 1.06
	6/9/2014	-0.23 +/- 0.41	3.35 +/- 1.11
	7/8/2014	0.00 +/- 0.66	0.88 +/- 1.09
	8/5/2014	0.58 +/- 0.66	1.99 +/- 1.05
	9/3/2014	0.30 +/- 0.65	0.88 +/- 1.03
	10/6/2014	1.26 +/- 0.62	3.11 +/- 1.12
	11/4/2014	0.00 +/- 0.84	2.65 +/- 1.13
	12/2/2014	-0.28 +/- 0.70	1.65 +/- 1.08
	1/15/2014	0.40 +/- 0.28	1.79 +/- 0.56
Discharge Forebay	2/17/2014	0.29 +/- 0.63	1.60 +/- 1.03
	3/17/2014	0.59 +/- 0.59	2.65 +/- 1.10
	4/17/2014	2.45 +/- 0.86	3.08 +/- 1.12
	5/13/2014	0.87 +/- 0.50	0.77 +/- 1.01
	6/16/2014	0.89 +/- 0.58	2.05 +/- 1.07
	7/15/2014	-0.29 +/- 0.63	1.55 +/- 1.11
	8/14/2014	0.00 +/- 0.55	2.09 +/- 1.05
	9/16/2014	0.94 +/- 0.77	2.21 +/- 1.07
	10/14/2014	0.46 +/- 0.46	1.50 +/- 1.07
	11/13/2014	-0.86 +/- 0.70	1.43 +/- 1.08
	12/16/2014	-0.54 +/- 0.63	0.99 +/- 1.06
	1/7/2014	0.30 +/- 0.45	9.39 +/- 1.29
Miller Farm	2/3/2014	1.28 +/- 0.57	7.44 +/- 1.21
	3/5/2014	-0.15 +/- 0.43	7.08 +/- 1.25
	4/1/2014	1.28 +/- 0.53	7.20 +/- 1.25
	5/7/2014	0.98 +/- 0.49	6.64 +/- 1.21
	6/9/2014	0.53 +/- 0.49	7.37 +/- 1.23
	7/8/2014	0.24 +/- 0.44	4.99 +/- 1.22
	8/5/2014	0.56 +/- 0.50	7.19 +/- 1.22
	9/3/2014	0.35 +/- 0.54	6.64 +/- 1.21
	10/6/2014	0.10 +/- 0.59	8.74 +/- 1.28
	11/4/2014	0.55 +/- 0.61	7.41 +/- 1.27
	12/2/2014	-0.10 +/- 0.59	3.87 +/- 1.16

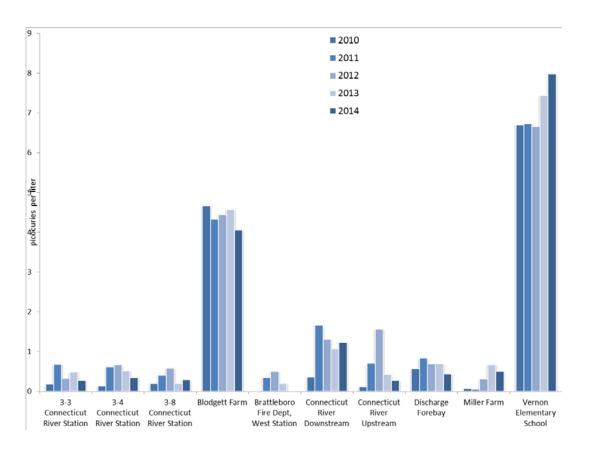
Vermont Department of Health

Water Sampling Results

Table 13. 2014 Total Alpha and Beta Radioactivity Water Results (continued)

Commis Location	Date of	Total Alpha	Total Beta
Sample Location	Sample	Radioactivity +/- error	Radioactivity +/- error
	1/7/2014	7.15 +/- 1.11	5.18 +/- 1.17
Vernon Elementary School	2/3/2014	7.38 +/- 1.12	4.83 +/- 1.13
	3/5/2014	7.45 +/- 1.15	4.44 +/- 1.17
	4/1/2014	8.96 +/- 1.20	4.77 +/- 1.18
	5/7/2014	7.15 +/- 1.08	4.66 +/- 1.15
	6/9/2014	8.05 +/- 1.17	6.58 +/- 1.21
	7/8/2014	6.64 +/- 1.07	2.77 +/- 1.16
	8/5/2014	6.66 +/- 1.08	6.10 +/- 1.19
	9/3/2014	7.88 +/- 1.34	6.55 +/- 1.21
	10/6/2014	9.64 +/- 1.50	4.73 +/- 1.17
	11/4/2014	11.60 +/- 1.40	4.55 +/- 1.19
	12/2/2014	7.23 +/- 1.35	4.33 +/- 1.18

Figure 4. 2010-2014 Average Alpha Radioactivity in Water



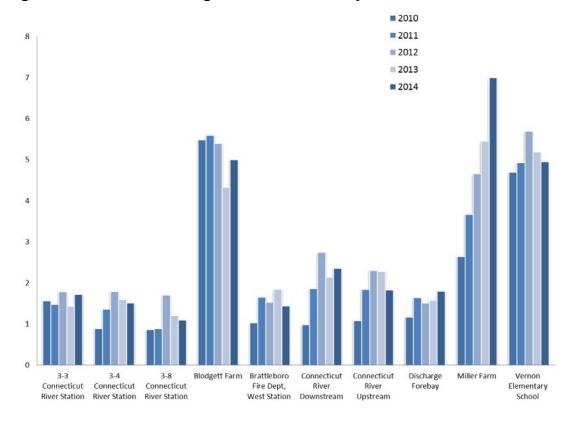


Figure 5. 2010-2014 Average Beta Radioactivity in Water

Water Gamma Spectroscopy Results

A total of 437 drinking, ground and surface (Connecticut River) water samples were collected from both on and off-site locations in 2014 for gamma-emitting materials. No radioactive materials other than naturally-occurring were identified in any water sample collected in 2014. The Health Department calculated limits of detection for gamma-emitting materials are listed in Table 8. All results are presented in Appendix C.

Water Tritium Results

In 2014, the Health Department had 438 drinking, ground and surface (Connecticut River) water samples tested from both on and off-site locations for tritium. The maximum tritium concentration measured was 22,800 picocuries per liter (pCi/L) in well GZ-15 in March 2014. This well's tritium concentration declined to 5710 pCi/L by November 2014.

Vermont Department of Health

Water Sampling Results

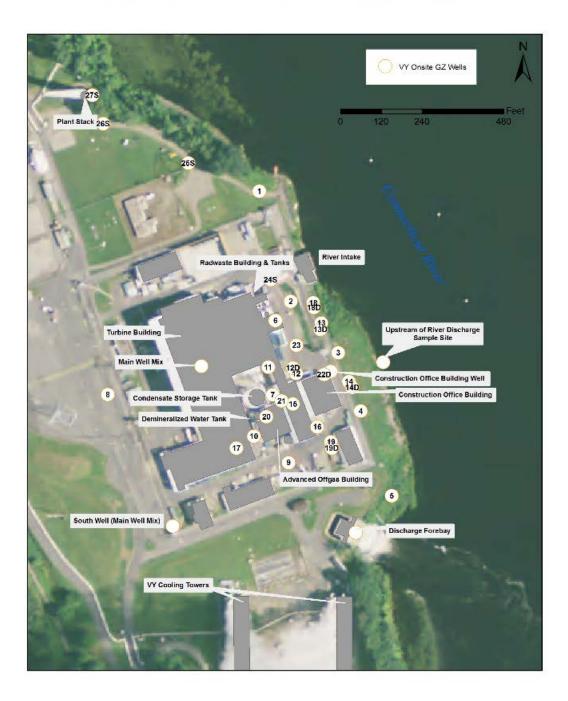
Tritium concentrations over time, as measured by groundwater well results, generally decreased over the year. The highest concentration of tritium at the year's end was found in GZ-14D. While the tritium concentration in on-site groundwater wells has declined, water samples continue to be tested for tritium as an indicator of new leaks, and for other radioactive materials to survey for movement of other radioactive materials in the soils and with water.

No tritium was detected from any off-site water sample or any on-site active drinking water sample, or in any Connecticut River samples. The Health Department Laboratory's lower limit of detection for tritium is 500 picocuries per liter.

A brief summary of tritium results by each sampling location is presented in Table 14. All tritium data are presented in Appendix B.

Map 9

Onsite Well Locations at Vermont Yankee



Water Sampling Results

Table 14. 2014 Vermont Yankee Groundwater Wells, Tritium Detected

Monitoring Well	Range of tritium concentration in well (pCi/L)		ntration in well	Trend of Tritium Concentration in 2014
GZ-04	700	to	< 500	decreased
GZ-10	1,370	to	< 500	decreased
GZ-11	570	to	< 500	relatively steady
GZ-12D	8,570	to	3,830	decreased
GZ-12S	3,130	to	1,120	decreased
GZ-13D	603	to	700	relatively steady
GZ-14D	14,500	to	12800	decreased
GZ-14S	5,750	to	1,960	decreased
GZ-15	22,700	to	5,710	decreased
GZ-21	< 500	to	1,470	increased
GZ-22D	14,100	to	10,300	decreased
GZ-23S	4,250	to	2,740	decreased
GZ-24S	741			tested only once in 2014

^a Ranges presented are from tests performed at the Health Department Laboratory.

< LLD means less than the laboratory's lower limit of detection

Table 15. 2014 Water Sample Locations, Number of TritiumTests

Wells near Vermont Yankee		Connecticut River Sample Sites	
Blodgett Farm	24	3-3 Connecticut River Station	12
Brattleboro Fire Department, West Station	24	3-4 Connecticut River Station	12
Miller Farm	24	3-8 Connecticut River Station	12
Residence - 1	22	Discharge Forebay	12
Vernon Elementary School	24	Connecticut River Downstream	24
Vernon Green Nursing Home	25	Connecticut River Upstream	22
White House	3		
On-site Wells			
GZ-01	3	GZ-19D	3
GZ-02	5	GZ-19S	3
GZ-03	5	GZ-20	5
GZ-04	5	GZ-21	5
GZ-05	3	GZ-22D	11
GZ-06	4	GZ-23S	11
GZ-07	5	GZ-24S	1
GZ-09	5	GZ-25S	10
GZ-10	5	GZ-26S	11
GZ-11	5	GZ-27S	11
GZ-12D	5	WVN0201	4
GZ-12S	5	WVN0202	4
GZ-13D	5	WVN0203	4
GZ-13S	5	WVN0204	4
GZ-14D	5	Main Well	4
GZ-14S	5	Plant Support Building	3
GZ-15	5	Southwest Well	4
GZ-16	5		j
GZ-17	5		
GZ-18D	5	Total number of samples tested	for tritium
GZ-18S	5	438	

Vermont Department of Health

Water Sampling Results

Hard-to-Detect Results

This is the fifth year that tests for hard-to-detect metals, iron-55, nickel-63 and strontium-90, have been done by the Health Department. Quarterly water samples taken from each water sampling location were submitted to a contract laboratory for testing. Results for hard-to-detect samples are provided in Appendix D. Of the 164 water samples tested, no iron-55 or nickel-63 was detected. Strontium-90 was detected in three on-site groundwater samples, but was not detected in any drinking water or off-site locations.

In 2014, all off-site water sample locations showed no dose impact of activities at Vermont Yankee for total alpha, total beta, tritium, gamma spectroscopy, and hard-to-detect radioactive elements. The only human-made radioactive elements that have been measured in water samples are tritium and strontium-90 from on-site water sources. The levels of tritium detected show a groundwater plume traveling from the source of the leaks to the Connecticut River. The dose associated with the tritium-contaminated plume in 2014 at Vermont Yankee did not measurably increase the dose from liquid effluents (discharges) to any member of the general public.

Food Chain Sampling Results

Monitoring the food chain involves direct monitoring of some foods such as milk, cultivated vegetation and fish. It also involves testing the soil and sediment that support land and aquatic species, and natural vegetation like grass, ferns and fungi.

For 2014:

- 18 milk samples were tested for iodine-131 and gamma-emitting materials.
- 36 Connecticut River sediment samples were tested for gamma-emitting materials.
- 4 environmental soil samples were tested for gamma-emitting materials.
- 3 vegetation samples were tested for gamma-emitting materials.
- 4 fish samples collected in the Connecticut River were tested for gamma-emitting materials, iron-55, nickel-63 and strontium-90.

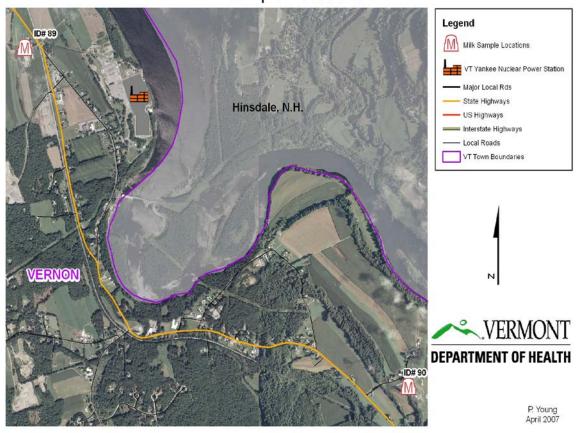
Milk Sample Results

Cows' raw milk is sampled monthly from two farms in Vernon. One farm is about one-half mile north of Vermont Yankee and the other is about three miles south of Vermont Yankee. Map 10 shows the locations of these two dairy farms.

Potassium-40 (K-40) was the only radioactive material found in milk samples. Potassium-40 is a primordial radioactive material with a half-life of 1.28 billion years. Primordial radioactive materials are those created with the formation of the earth. In 2014 potassium-40 was detected in all milk samples. Results are shown in Table 16. The potassium-40 results for all milk samples range from 1,230 to 1,480 picocuries per liter (pCi/L), and fall within the historical range of 1,200 to 2,000 pCi/L. The average potassium-40 result in 2014 was 1,340 pCi/L. No iodine-131 was found in any milk sample in 2014.

Map 10

Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Milk Sample Locations



Sample Location	Map ID
Miller Farm	89
Blodgett Farm	90

Table 16. 2014 Milk Iodine-131 and Gamma Spectroscopy Results

Sample Location	Date of Sample	lodine-131 Result	Gamma Spectrometry Result	Potassium-40 Result +/- error (pCi/L)
	3/5/2014	< LLD	Natural	1350 +/- 230
Blodgett Farm	4/1/2014	< LLD	Natural	1300 +/- 230
	5/7/2014	< LLD	Natural	1230 +/- 210
	6/9/2014	< LLD	Natural	1330 +/- 230
	8/5/2014	< LLD	Natural	1230 +/- 210
	11/4/2014	< LLD	Natural	1480 +/- 320
	12/2/2014	< LLD	Natural	1400 +/- 310
	1/7/2014	< LLD	Natural	1340 +/- 230
Miller Farm	2/3/2014	< LLD	Natural	1330 +/- 230
	3/5/2014	< LLD	Natural	1290 +/- 220
	4/1/2014	< LLD	Natural	1290 +/- 220
	5/7/2014	< LLD	Natural	1400 +/- 240
	6/9/2014	< LLD	Natural	1370 +/- 240
	7/8/2014	< LLD	Natural	1330 +/- 230
	8/5/2014	< LLD	Natural	1300 +/- 230
	9/3/2014	< LLD	Natural	1380 +/- 240
	11/4/2014	< LLD	Natural	1320 +/- 250
	12/2/2014	< LLD	Natural	1430 +/- 270

< LLD = Less than the laboratory's Lower Limit of Detection

Natural = gamma-emitting materials measured are not related to nuclear reactions

Vegetation and Soil Sample Results

Four soil samples were collected in the state. The results are shown in Table 17. The soil contained measurable amounts of potassium-40 and cesium-137, at levels similar to historical values for Vermont and the area around Vermont Yankee. Potassium-40 is naturally-occurring, while cesium-137 is related to fallout from above-ground weapons testing and global nuclear incidents like Chernobyl.

Food Chain Sampling Results

Table 17. 2014 Soil Sample Results

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Beryllium-7 +/- error (pCi/kg)	Potassium-40 +/- error (pCi/kg)	Cesium-137 +/- error (pCi/kg)	
Island on Connecticut River	4/17/2014	< LLD	15100 +/- 2600	< LLD	
Connecticut River Downstream	4/17/2014	< LLD	13900 +/- 2600	407 +/- 44	
Indian Pt Park	4/17/2014	< LLD	11100 +/- 2100	1090 +/- 80	
Power Line Crossing	4/17/2014	< LLD	10600 +/- 2000	< LLD	
Windham County Historical Range	2009-2014	< LLD-512	7660-17400	< LLD-1090	
< LLD = Less than the laboratory's Lower Limit of Detection					

Vegetation samples were taken in April 2014. Results are presented in Table 18. Potassium-40 and beryllium-7 were detected in the vegetation samples. Both are naturally-occurring. No other gamma-emitting materials were detected.

Table 18. 2014 Vegetation Sample Results

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Sample type	Beryllium-7 +/- error (pCi/kg)	Potassium-40 +/- error (pCi/kg)
Island on Connecticut River	4/17/2014	Vegetation - Dry Plants	14100 +/- 1900	< LLD
Connecticut River Downstream	4/17/2014	Vegetation - Dry Grass	10900 +/- 2000	9130 +/- 2350
Indian Pt Park	4/17/2014	Vegetation - Dry Leaves	12500 +/- 1100	< LLD
Windham County Historical Range	2009-2011	Natural Vegetation	< LLD-6890	1620-7740

Sediment Sample Results

Sediment samples were collected from the bottom of the Connecticut River. The sediment samples were taken from four areas of the Connecticut River: Station 3-3 (south of Vernon Dam), Station 3-4 (near Vermont Yankee discharge), Station 3-8 (upstream near the Route 9 Bridge) and the North Storm Drain area. In 1997, the North Storm Drain area was identified as having been contaminated with cobalt-60 from Vermont Yankee operations. The North Storm Drain area is sampled at 15 distinct locations: S-1, S-2, T-1, T-2, T-3, U-1, U-2, U-3, U-4, V-3, V-4, V-5, W-4, W-5 and X-5. These sample locations are shown in Map 11. Cobalt-60 was last detected in a sediment sample obtained and tested in 2004.

Food Chain Sampling Results

All sediment locations are sampled each spring and fall. A sediment sample is taken with a mass ranging from 0.75 to 1.25 kilograms. Sediment samples are dried and tested by gamma spectroscopy. Tested sediments contained naturally-occurring potassium-40 (K-40) and beryllium-7 (Be-7), as well as fallout-related cesium-137 (Cs-137). The results are presented in Table 20. No cobalt-60 was detected in samples collected this year. Concentrations of beryllium-7, potassium-40, and cesium-137 were detected within historical ranges for Vermont. Comparisons to previous years' data are presented in Figures 6 and 7.

Table 19. 2014 Sediment Gamma Spectroscopy Ranges as Compared to Historical Ranges

Radioactive Element	2014 Sediment Concentration Range (pCi/kg)	Historical Sediment Concentration Range (pci/kg)		
Beryllium-7	< LLD-1,330	< LLD-3,000		
Potassium-40	10,500-26,900	6,000-30,400		
Cesium-137	< LLD-117	< LLD-500		
< LLD means less than the Laboratory's Lower Limit of Detection				

Map 11



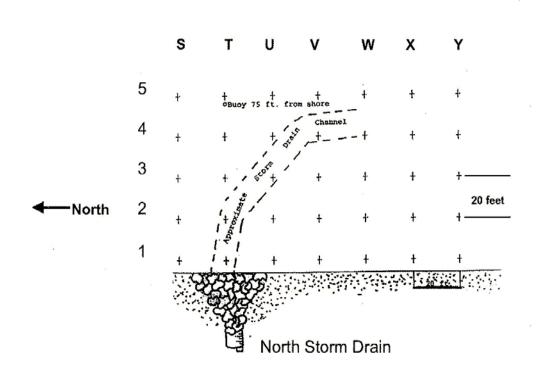
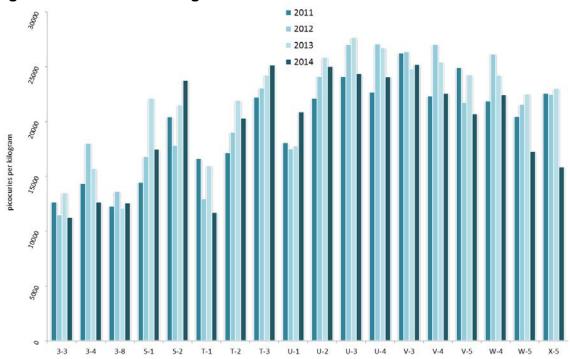
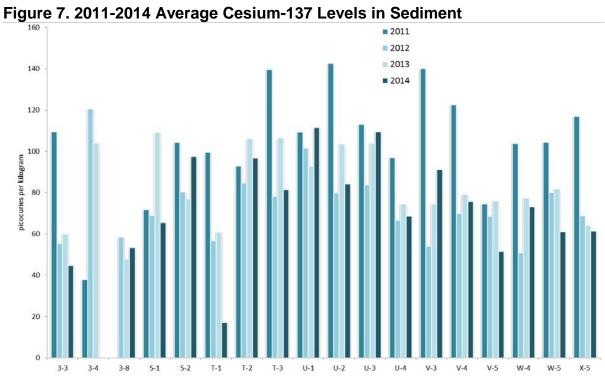


Table 20. 2014 Sediment Gamma Spectroscopy Results

	Date of	Beryllium-7	Potassium-40	Cesium-137
Sample Location	Sample	Result +/- error	Result +/- error	Result +/- error
3-3	5/22/2014	< LLD	11,200 +/- 2,100	48 +/- 18.2
3-4	5/21/2014	< LLD	14,800 +/- 2,800	< LLD
3-8	5/22/2014	< LLD	13,000 +/- 2,400	59.6 +/- 21.3
S-1	5/21/2014	< LLD	17,600 +/- 3,300	71.0 +/- 28.4
S-2	5/21/2014	< LLD	26,000 +/- 4,800	95.1 +/- 34.7
T-1	5/21/2014	547 +/- 353	11,300 +/- 2,100	< LLD
T-2	5/21/2014	< LLD	19,400 +/- 3,600	84.3 +/- 31.0
T-3	5/21/2014	< LLD	26,100 +/- 4,900	87.8 +/- 30.6
U-1	5/21/2014	< LLD	21,200 +/- 3,900	117.0 +/- 36.0
U-2	5/21/2014	< LLD	26,900 +/- 5,000	92.5 +/- 35.7
U-3	5/21/2014	< LLD	24,400 +/- 4,500	103 +/- 40.0
U-4	5/21/2014	< LLD	24,800 +/- 4,600	79.4 +/- 29.7
V-3	5/21/2014	< LLD	26,900 +/- 5,000	78.3 +/- 35.3
V-4	5/21/2014	< LLD	25,200 +/- 4,700	76.8 +/- 36.4
V-5	5/21/2014	< LLD	24,500 +/- 4,500	45.8 +/- 33.4
W-4	5/21/2014	< LLD	24,600 +/- 4,600	77.4 +/- 32.7
W-5	5/21/2014	< LLD	17,900 +/- 3,300	55.6 +/- 30.6
X-5	5/21/2014	< LLD	16,200 +/- 3,000	70.2 +/- 25.9
3-3	10/31/2014	1330 +/- 230	16,600 +/- 3,100	41.3 +/- 20.1
3-4	10/31/2014	< LLD	11,300 +/- 2,100	38.7 +/- 20.1
3-8	10/31/2014	< LLD	11,400 +/- 2,200	47.1 +/- 21.9
S-1	10/31/2014	< LLD	22,500 +/- 4,200	60.1 +/- 34.0
S-2	10/31/2014	< LLD	17,000 +/- 3,200	99.6 +/- 33.9
T-1	10/31/2014	< LLD	21,400 +/- 4,000	34.4 +/- 22.9
T-2	10/31/2014	< LLD	19,100 +/- 3,600	109 +/- 33.0
T-3	10/31/2014	< LLD	24,000 +/- 4,400	75.1 +/- 34.2
U-1	10/31/2014	< LLD	17,600 +/- 3,300	106 +/- 34.0
U-2	10/31/2014	< LLD	24,000 +/- 4,500	76.0 +/- 35.6
U-3	10/31/2014	< LLD	24,800 +/- 4,600	116 +/- 35.0
U-4	10/31/2014	< LLD	25,600 +/- 4,800	57.9 +/- 33.3
V-3	10/31/2014	< LLD	26,900 +/- 5,000	104 +/- 34.0
V-4	10/31/2014	< LLD	26,500 +/- 4,900	74.7 +/- 31.8
V-5	10/31/2014	< LLD	25,600 +/- 4,700	57.4 +/- 27.9
W-4	10/31/2014	< LLD	25,300 +/- 4,700	68.8 +/- 30.7
W-5	10/31/2014	< LLD	25,000 +/- 4,600	66.3 +/- 26.1
X-5	10/31/2014	< LLD	25,000 +/- 4,700	52.6 +/- 24.2
< LLD = Less than t	he laborator	y's Lower Limit of D	etection	







Fish Sample Results

Connecticut River Fish Samples

Each year, fish are collected at two sites in the Connecticut River by an environmental contractor. One site is near the Vermont Yankee discharge and the other site is about nine miles upstream from Vermont Yankee, where the Route 9 Bridge crosses the Connecticut River.

The Health Department's contract laboratory tests fish samples for hard-to-detect radioactive metals and gamma-emitting materials. Fish types tested in 2014 included large and small mouth bass. Fish gamma spectroscopy results are presented in Table 21 and hard-to-detect metal results are in Table 22.

Potassium-40, cesium-137 and strontium-90 were measured in the Connecticut River fish in 2014. Potassium-40, a naturally-occurring radioactive material, was detected in all fish, while fallout-related cesium-137 was not found in any of the fish samples. Strontium-90 was also found in the fish in 2014, but at levels that do not pose a health risk. The level of strontium-90 measured may be attributed to the fallout from aboveground weapons testing and global nuclear incidents like Chernobyl.

In 2014, no radioactivity in food chain inputs was measured above historical and background ranges. Radioactivity measured in the food chain inputs can be attributed to natural sources or human-made sources released in above-ground weapons testing or global nuclear incidents.

Table 21. 2014 Connecticut River Fish Gamma Spectroscopy Results

Month Sample Collected	Sample Location	Potassium-40 +/- error (pCi/kg)	Cesium-137 +/- error (pCi/kg)		
May 2014	Near VY Discharge	1,910 ± 600	< LLD		
	Upstream of VY	2,410 ± 650	< LLD		
October 2014	Near VY Discharge	2,430 ± 670	< LLD		
	Upstream of VY	< LLD			
< LLD means less than the Laboratory's Lower Limit of Detection					

Table 22. 2014 Connecticut River Fish Hard-to-Detect Results

Month Sample Collected	Sample Location	Iron-55 +/- error (pCi/kg)	Nickel-63 +/- error (pCi/kg)	Strontium-90 +/- error (pCi/kg)
May 2014	Near VY Discharge	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
iviay 2014	Upstream of VY	< LLD	< LLD	79.0 ± 27.0
October 2014	Near VY Discharge			91.0 ± 31.0
October 2014	Upstream of VY			< LLD
< LLD means less than				

List of Tables

Table 1. 2014 Summary of Samples, Tests and Results
Table 2. Examples of Radioactive Elements that Produce Alpha-Radiations
Table 3. Examples of Radioactive Elements that Produce Beta-Radiations
Table 4. Examples of Radioactive Elements that Produce Gamma-Radiations 11
Table 5. Cancer Incidence Rates Near Vermont Yankee, in Vermont & U.S
Table 6. Cancer Mortality Rates Near Vermont Yankee, in Vermont & U.S
Table 7. Units of Measurement
Table 8. Health Department Gamma Spectroscopy Calculated Lower Limits of Detection
Table 9. 2014 Average Direct Gamma Background Radiation Results
Table 10. 2014 Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Exposure Measurements and Net Gamma Radiation: Station Area & Site Boundary Locations
Table 11. 2014 Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Exposure Measurements and Net Gamma Radiation: Background Locations
Table 13. 2014 Total Alpha and Beta Radioactivity Water Results
Table 14. 2014 Vermont Yankee Groundwater Wells, Tritium Detected
Table 15. 2014 Water Sample Locations, Number of TritiumTests
Table 16. 2014 Milk Iodine-131 and Gamma Spectroscopy Results
Table 17. 2014 Soil Sample Results
Table 18. 2014 Vegetation Sample Results
Table 19. 2014 Sediment Gamma Spectroscopy Ranges as Compared to Historical Ranges
Table 20. 2014 Sediment Gamma Spectroscopy Results

Vermont Department of Health List of Tables, Figures and Maps		

Table 21	. 2014 Conne	ecticut River F	ish Gamma	Spectroscopy	Results	66
Table 22	. 2014 Conne	ecticut River F	ish Hard-to-	Detect Result	s	66

Vermont Department of Health List of Tables, Figures and Maps

List of Figures

Figure 1. Relative Ability of Ionizing Radiations to go through Materials	9
Figure 2. 2010-2014 Average Alpha Radioactivity in Air	41
Figure 3. 2010-2014 Average Beta Radioactivity in Air	41
Figure 4. 2010-2014 Average Alpha Radioactivity in Water	50
Figure 5. 2010-2014 Average Beta Radioactivity in Water	51
Figure 6. 2011-2014 Average Potassium-40 Levels in Sediment	64
Figure 7. 2011-2014 Average Cesium-137 Levels in Sediment	64

Vermont Department of Health List of Tables, Figures and Maps

List of Maps

Map 1. Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Sample Locations
Map 2. Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Sample Locations Near Vernon, VT
Map 3. VT Yankee Nuclear Power Station Site Boundary and Plant Area Dosimeter Locations
Map 4. Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Background Dosimeter Locations
Map 5. Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Background Dosimeter Locations Near Vernon, VT
Map 6. Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Air Sample Locations
Map 7. Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Water Sample Locations 45
Map 8. Routine Connecticut River Water Sample Locations
Map 9. Onsite Well Locations at Vermont Yankee
Map 10. Environmental Radiation Surveillance Stations Milk Sample Locations 58
Map 11. Connecticut River Sediment Sample Locations-North Storm Drain Area 62

Appendix A

2014 Air Filter Data for Total Alpha & Beta Radioactivity

Alpha and beta radioactivity results for all air filter samples tested by the Health Department in 2014 are provided in this appendix. Results are presented in order by sampling date.

2014 Air Filter Results for Total Alpha & Beta Radioactivity

	-		
Sample Location	Date of	Total Alpha Radioactivity	
	Sample	+/- error (pCi/m³)	+/- error (pCi/m³)
108 Cherry St Burlington	1/7/2014	0.00247 +/- 0.00032	0.0237 +/- 0.0008
D & E Tree	1/7/2014	0.0015 +/- 0.00026	0.0105 +/- 0.0005
Dummerston IFO	1/7/2014	0.00144 +/- 0.00027	0.00762 +/- 0.00051
Guilford Town Garage	1/7/2014	0.00184 +/- 0.00031	0.0153 +/- 0.0007
Power Line Crossing	1/7/2014	0.00167 +/- 0.00034	0.0173 +/- 0.0009
Renaud/Puffer	1/7/2014	0.00194 +/- 0.00033	0.0104 +/- 0.0006
Vermont Courthouse	1/7/2014	0.00235 +/- 0.00031	0.0191 +/- 0.0007
Vermont State Police	1/7/2014	0.000525 +/- 0.000166	0.00493 +/- 0.0004
Vernon Elementary School	1/7/2014	0.00258 +/- 0.00032	0.0222 +/- 0.0007
Wilmington State Highway Garage	1/7/2014	0.00253 +/- 0.00033	0.0199 +/- 0.0007
108 Cherry St Burlington	2/3/2014	0.0017 +/- 0.00031	0.0155 +/- 0.0007
D & E Tree	2/3/2014	0.00134 +/- 0.0003	0.0139 +/- 0.0007
Dummerston IFO	2/3/2014	0.00138 +/- 0.00033	0.0105 +/- 0.0007
Guilford Town Garage	2/3/2014	0.00135 +/- 0.00035	0.0147 +/- 0.0008
Power Line Crossing	2/3/2014	0.000617 +/- 0.000324	0.00694 +/- 0.00076
Renaud/Puffer	2/3/2014	0.00214 +/- 0.0004	0.0182 +/- 0.0009
Vermont Courthouse	2/3/2014	0.00139 +/- 0.00029	0.0181 +/- 0.0008
Vermont State Police	2/3/2014	0.00038 +/- 0.000205	0.00481 +/- 0.0005
Vernon Elementary School	2/3/2014	0.00216 +/- 0.00035	0.0212 +/- 0.0008
Wilmington State Highway Garage	2/3/2014	0.00175 +/- 0.0003	0.0188 +/- 0.0007
108 Cherry St Burlington	3/5/2014	0.00208 +/- 0.000354	0.0177 +/- 0.0007
D & E Tree	3/5/2014	0.00119 +/- 0.00029	0.0129 +/- 0.0007
Dummerston IFO	3/5/2014	0.000867 +/- 0.000287	0.00926 +/- 0.00063
Guilford Town Garage	3/5/2014	0.00126 +/- 0.00034	0.0126 +/- 0.0007
Power Line Crossing	3/5/2014	0.00158 +/- 0.00043	0.017 +/- 0.001
Renaud/Puffer	3/5/2014	0.00205 +/- 0.00042	0.0144 +/- 0.0008
Vermont Courthouse	3/5/2014	0.00121 +/- 0.00028	0.0168 +/- 0.0007
Vermont State Police	3/5/2014	0.000425 +/- 0.000223	0.00466 +/- 0.00046
Vernon Elementary School	3/5/2014	0.00247 +/- 0.00038	0.0204 +/- 0.0008
Wilmington State Highway Garage	3/5/2014	0.00181 +/- 0.00031	0.0185 +/- 0.0007
108 Cherry St Burlington	4/1/2014	0.00159 +/- 0.00032	0.0143 +/- 0.0007
D & E Tree	4/1/2014	0.00139 +/- 0.0003	0.011 +/- 0.0007
Dummerston IFO	4/1/2014	0.0016 +/- 0.00036	0.00937 +/- 0.00068
Guilford Town Garage	4/1/2014	0.00126 +/- 0.00034	0.0102 +/- 0.0007
Power Line Crossing	4/1/2014	0.00154 +/- 0.00042	0.0131 +/- 0.0009
Renaud/Puffer	4/1/2014	0.00141 +/- 0.00034	0.0115 +/- 0.0008
Vermont Courthouse	4/1/2014	0.00134 +/- 0.00029	0.0144 +/- 0.0007
Vermont State Police	4/1/2014	0.000751 +/- 0.000261	0.00441 +/- 0.00052
Vernon Elementary School	4/1/2014		0.0162 +/- 0.0008
Wilmington State Highway Garage	4/1/2014	0.00185 +/- 0.00033	0.0153 +/- 0.0007

	Date of	Total Alpha Radioactivity	Total Beta Radioactivity
Sample Location	Sample	+/- error (pCi/m³)	+/- error (pCi/m³)
108 Cherry St Burlington	5/9/2014		0.0115 +/- 0.0006
D & E Tree	5/7/2014	· ·	0.01 +/- 0.0005
Dummerston IFO	5/7/2014		0.00823 +/- 0.00055
Guilford Town Garage	5/7/2014	· ·	0.00892 +/- 0.00057
Power Line Crossing	5/7/2014	0.000243 +/- 0.000246	0.00331 +/- 0.00058
Renaud/Puffer	5/7/2014	0.00114 +/- 0.00026	0.011 +/- 0.0006
Vermont Courthouse	5/7/2014		0.0115 +/- 0.0006
Vermont State Police	5/7/2014	0.000678 +/- 0.000211	0.00395 +/- 0.0004
Vernon Elementary School	5/7/2014	0.00166 +/- 0.00028	0.0131 +/- 0.0006
Wilmington State Highway Garage	5/7/2014	0.00157 +/- 0.00026	0.012 +/- 0.0006
108 Cherry St Burlington	6/9/2014	0.000951 +/- 0.000263	0.0104 +/- 0.0006
D & E Tree	6/9/2014	0.00118 +/- 0.00026	0.0098 +/- 0.00057
Dummerston IFO	6/9/2014	0.000769 +/- 0.000238	0.00567 +/- 0.0005
Guilford Town Garage	6/9/2014	0.00299 +/- 0.00042	0.0186 +/- 0.0008
Power Line Crossing	6/9/2014	0.0013 +/- 0.00028	0.0118 +/- 0.0006
Renaud/Puffer	6/9/2014	0.000913 +/- 0.000255	0.00774 +/- 0.00057
Vermont Courthouse	6/9/2014	0.00102 +/- 0.00023	0.0105 +/- 0.0006
Vermont State Police	6/9/2014	0.00709 +/- 0.000225	0.00383 +/- 0.00042
Vernon Elementary School	6/9/2014	0.00117 +/- 0.00025	0.0117 +/- 0.0006
Wilmington State Highway Garage	6/9/2014	0.0014 +/- 0.00026	0.0118 +/- 0.0006
108 Cherry St Burlington	7/8/2014	0.000796 +/- 0.000172	0.0129 +/- 0.0005
D & E Tree	7/8/2014	0.000678 +/- 0.000243	0.00755 +/- 0.00055
Dummerston IFO	7/8/2014	0.000425 +/- 0.000255	0.00465 +/- 0.00054
Guilford Town Garage	7/8/2014	0.00134 +/- 0.00034	0.0111 +/- 0.0007
Power Line Crossing	7/8/2014	0.00103 +/- 0.00031	0.0121 +/- 0.0007
Renaud/Puffer	7/8/2014	0.0011 +/- 0.00031	0.00852 +/- 0.00062
Vermont Courthouse	7/8/2014	0.000816 +/- 0.000264	0.00916 +/- 0.00061
Vermont State Police	7/8/2014	0.00029 +/- 0.000229	0.00308 +/- 0.00046
Vernon Elementary School	7/8/2014	0.00108 +/- 0.00028	0.0124 +/- 0.0007
Wilmington State Highway Garage	7/8/2014	0.00103 +/- 0.00027	0.012 +/- 0.0006
D & E Tree	7/17/2014	0.000302 +/- 0.000465	0.00752 +/- 0.00118
Dummerston IFO	7/17/2014	0.000631 +/- 0.000613	0.00864 +/- 0.00141
Guilford Town Garage	7/17/2014	0.00118 +/- 0.00063	0.0166 +/- 0.0016
Power Line Crossing	7/17/2014	0.000938 +/- 0.000689	0.0185 +/- 0.0018
Renaud/Puffer	7/17/2014	0.00129 +/- 0.00069	0.0161 +/- 0.0016
Vermont Courthouse	7/17/2014	0.00109 +/- 0.00055	0.0151 +/- 0.0014
Vermont State Police	7/17/2014	0.000555 +/- 0.000579	0.00697 +/- 0.00129
Vernon Elementary School	7/17/2014	0.00169 +/- 0.00068	0.0185 +/- 0.0016
Wilmington State Highway Garage	7/17/2014	0.00178 +/- 0.00062	0.0173 +/- 0.0014

	Data of	Total Alpha Radioactivity	Total Bota Padioactivity
Sample Location	Date of Sample	+/- error (pCi/m³)	+/- error (pCi/m³)
100 Charma Ch Dardin at an			
108 Cherry St Burlington	8/5/2014	·	0.0175 +/- 0.0006
D & E Tree	8/5/2014 8/5/2014	·	0.0165 +/- 0.0007
Dummerston IFO		0.0012 +/- 0.00027	0.016 +/- 0.0007
Guilford Town Garage	8/5/2014	0.00116 +/- 0.00027	0.0164 +/- 0.0007
Power Line Crossing	8/5/2014	·	0.0169 +/- 0.0007
Renaud/Puffer	8/5/2014 8/5/2014	·	0.0118 +/- 0.0006
Vermont Courthouse		0.00107 +/- 0.00025	0.0162 +/- 0.0007 0.0126 +/- 0.0007
Vermont State Police	8/5/2014 8/5/2014	0.000985 +/- 0.000277 0.00138 +/- 0.00029	· ·
Vernon Elementary School		·	0.0177 +/- 0.0007
Wilmington State Highway Garage	8/5/2014	0.00102 +/- 0.00025 0.000918 +/- 0.00018	0.0132 +/- 0.0006
108 Cherry St Burlington D & E Tree	9/2/2014	•	0.0134 +/- 0.0005
	9/3/2014	·	0.0138 +/- 0.0005
Dummerston IFO	9/3/2014		0.0139 +/- 0.0005
Guilford Town Garage	9/3/2014	·	0.0126 +/- 0.0005
Power Line Crossing	9/3/2014		0.0108 +/- 0.0004
Renaud/Puffer	9/3/2014	·	0.0127 +/- 0.0005
Vermont Courthouse	9/3/2014	·	0.0132 +/- 0.0005
Vermont State Police	9/3/2014		0.00183 +/- 0.00045
Vernon Elementary School	9/3/2014	0.000691 +/- 0.000141	0.0134 +/- 0.0005
Wilmington State Highway Garage	9/3/2014	0.00091 +/- 0.000168	0.0135 +/- 0.0005
108 Cherry St Burlington	10/2/2014	•	0.0178 +/- 0.0006
D & E Tree	10/6/2014		0.0141 +/- 0.0005
Dummerston IFO	10/6/2014	· ·	0.0167 +/- 0.0005
Guilford Town Garage	10/6/2014		0.017 +/- 0.0005
Power Line Crossing	10/6/2014	0.00115 +/- 0.00017	0.0159 +/- 0.0005
Renaud/Puffer	10/6/2014	0.0006 +/- 0.000141	0.0135 +/- 0.0005
Vermont Courthouse	10/6/2014		0.0151 +/- 0.0005
Vermont State Police	10/6/2014	· ·	0.00148 +/- 0.0004
Vernon Elementary School	10/6/2014	0.00104 +/- 0.00016	0.0163 +/- 0.0005
Wilmington State Highway Garage	10/6/2014	0.00096 +/- 0.00016	0.0145 +/- 0.0005
108 Cherry St Burlington	11/5/2014	·	0.0142 +/- 0.0005
D & E Tree	11/4/2014	· ·	0.0145 +/- 0.0005
Dummerston IFO	11/4/2014		0.0149 +/- 0.0005
Guilford Town Garage	11/4/2014		0.0149 +/- 0.0005
Power Line Crossing	11/4/2014	0.000961 +/- 0.000174	0.0149 +/- 0.0005
Renaud/Puffer	11/4/2014	· ·	0.0125 +/- 0.0005
Vermont Courthouse	11/4/2014	0.000756 +/- 0.00016	0.0142 +/- 0.0005
Vermont State Police	11/4/2014	0.00 +/- 0.000248	0.00271 +/- 0.00056
Vernon Elementary School	11/4/2014	0.000991 +/- 0.000177	0.0144 +/- 0.0005
Wilmington State Highway Garage	11/4/2014	0.000876 +/- 0.000174	0.0119 +/- 0.0005
108 Cherry St Burlington	12/2/2014	0.0013 +/- 0.00021	0.0178 +/- 0.0006
D & E Tree	12/2/2014	0.0011 +/- 0.0002	0.0185 +/- 0.0006
Dummerston IFO	12/2/2014	0.00135 +/- 0.00021	0.0191 +/- 0.0006
Guilford Town Garage	12/2/2014	0.00137 +/- 0.00023	0.0202 +/- 0.0007
Power Line Crossing	12/2/2014	0.00179 +/- 0.00023	0.0191 +/- 0.0006
Renaud/Puffer	12/2/2014	0.00091 +/- 0.000191	0.0167 +/- 0.0006
Vermont Courthouse	12/2/2014	0.000743 +/- 0.000152	0.0159 +/- 0.0005
Vermont State Police	12/2/2014	0.000147 +/- 0.000249	0.00284 +/- 0.00058
Vernon Elementary School	12/2/2014	0.00134 +/- 0.0002	0.0172 +/- 0.0005
Wilmington State Highway Garage	12/2/2014	0.00139 +/- 0.00021	0.0172 +/- 0.0005
pCi/m³ is picocurie per cubic meter of air volume			
Data in italics were qualified due to sampling issues.			
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Appendix B

2014 Tritium Water Data

Tritium results for all water samples tested by the Health Department in 2014 are provided in this appendix. Results are presented in order by sample location and by sampling date based on the following categories:

- Connecticut River samples
- o On-site groundwater monitoring wells
- o Off-site drinking water wells
- o On-site drinking water wells

The Health Department's Lower Limit of Detection for tritium is 500 picocuries per liter (pCi/L).

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
3-3 Connecticut River Station	1/15/2014	< 500
	2/17/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/17/2014	< 500
	5/13/2014	< 500
	6/16/2014	< 500
	7/15/2014	< 500
	8/14/2014	< 500
	9/16/2014	< 500
	10/14/2014	< 500
	11/13/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500
3-4 Connecticut River Station	1/15/2014	< 500
	2/17/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/17/2014	< 500
	5/13/2014	< 500
	6/16/2014	< 500
	7/15/2014	< 500
	8/14/2014	< 500
	9/16/2014	< 500
	10/14/2014	< 500
	11/13/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500
3-8 Connecticut River Station	1/15/2014	< 500
	2/17/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/17/2014	< 500
	5/13/2014	< 500
	6/16/2014	< 500
	7/15/2014	< 500
	8/14/2014	< 500
	9/16/2014	< 500
	10/14/2014	< 500
	11/13/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error
		(pCi/L)
Connecticut River,	1/7/2014	< 500
Downstream	1/21/2014	< 500
	2/3/2014	< 500
	2/18/2014	< 500
	3/5/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/1/2014	< 500
	4/22/2014	< 500
	5/7/2014	< 500
	5/20/2014	< 500
	6/9/2014	< 500
	6/20/2014	< 500
	7/8/2014	< 500
	7/22/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	8/19/2014	< 500
	9/3/2014	< 500
	9/23/2014	< 500
	10/6/2014	< 500
	10/21/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
	11/18/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500
Connecticut River, Upstream	1/21/2014	< 500
	2/3/2014	< 500
	3/5/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/1/2014	< 500
	4/22/2014	< 500
	5/7/2014	< 500
	5/20/2014	< 500
	6/9/2014	< 500
	6/20/2014	< 500
	7/8/2014	< 500
	7/22/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	8/19/2014	< 500
	9/3/2014	< 500
	9/23/2014	< 500

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
Connecticut River, Upstream	10/6/2014	< 500
(continued)	10/21/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
	11/18/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500
Discharge Forebay	1/15/2014	< 500
	2/17/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/17/2014	< 500
	5/13/2014	< 500
	6/16/2014	< 500
	7/15/2014	< 500
	8/14/2014	< 500
	9/16/2014	< 500
	10/14/2014	< 500
	11/13/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500
GZ-01	5/6/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	11/5/2014	< 500
GZ-02	1/9/2014	< 500
	3/10/2014	< 500
	5/6/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/5/2014	< 500
GZ-03	1/14/2014	< 500
	3/7/2014	< 500
	5/6/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/5/2014	< 500
GZ-04	1/14/2014	< 500
	3/7/2014	< 500
	5/6/2014	700 +/- 230
	8/4/2014	520 +/- 250
	11/5/2014	< 500
GZ-05	5/6/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/5/2014	< 500

GZ-06 1/16/2014 5/7/2014 < 500 8/4/2014 < 500 11/6/2014 < 500 11/6/2014 < 500 3/6/2014 < 500 5/5/2014 < 500 8/1/2014 < 500 8/1/2014 < 500 11/4/2014 < 500 6Z-09 1/7/2014 < 500 1/7/2014 < 500 1/7/2014 < 500 3/7/2014 < 500 5/6/2014 < 500 8/1/2014 < 500 8/1/2014 < 500 11/5/2014 < 500 6Z-10 1/7/2014 < 500 3/7/2014 < 500 5/6/2014 < 500 8/1/2014 < 500 6Z-10 1/7/2014 < 500 6Z-10 1/7/2014 < 500 6Z-10 1/7/2014 < 500 6Z-11 1/7/2014 6X-00 5/5/2014 5X-00 5/5/2014 5X-00 5	Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
8/4/2014 <500 11/6/2014 <500 11/6/2014 <500	GZ-06	1/16/2014	< 500
11/6/2014 <500		5/7/2014	< 500
GZ-07 1/7/2014 < 500 3/6/2014 < 500 5/5/2014 < 500 8/1/2014 < 500 11/4/2014 < 500 11/4/2014 < 500 GZ-09 1/7/2014 < 500 5/6/2014 < 500 5/6/2014 < 500 5/6/2014 < 500 5/6/2014 < 500 8/1/2014 < 500 11/5/2014 < 500 11/5/2014 < 500 6Z-10 1/7/2014 < 500 3/7/2014 < 500 5/7/2014 < 500 5/7/2014 < 500 5/7/2014 < 500 5/7/2014 < 500 6Z-11 1/7/2014 < 500 6Z-120 1/9/2014 8570 +/- 220 8/1/2014 570 +/- 220 8/1/2014 570 +/- 220 8/1/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3540 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280		8/4/2014	< 500
3/6/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 8/1/2014 <500 8/1/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 1/7/2014 <500 3/7/2014 <500 5/6/2014 <500 5/6/2014 <500 8/1/2014 <500 8/1/2014 <500 11/5/2014 <500 11/5/2014 <500 11/5/2014 <500 3/7/2014 <500 5/7/2014 <500 5/7/2014 <500 5/7/2014 <500 8/1/2014 1370 +/- 160 11/5/2014 <500 6Z-11 1/7/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 11/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 3490 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3540 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/		11/6/2014	< 500
5/5/2014	GZ-07	1/7/2014	< 500
8/1/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500		3/6/2014	< 500
11/4/2014		5/5/2014	< 500
GZ-09 1/7/2014 <500 3/7/2014 <500 5/6/2014 <500 8/1/2014 <500 8/1/2014 <500 11/5/2014 <500 11/5/2014 <500 11/5/2014 <500 GZ-10 1/7/2014 <500 5/7/2014 <500 5/7/2014 <500 5/7/2014 <500 8/1/2014 1370 +/- 160 11/5/2014 <500 GZ-11 1/7/2014 <500 GZ-11 1/7/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 GZ-12D 1/9/2014 8570 +/- 220 3/10/2014 11700 +/- 200 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 4540 +/- 190 11/5/2014 3130 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 5340 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280		8/1/2014	< 500
3/7/2014		11/4/2014	< 500
S/6/2014	GZ-09	1/7/2014	< 500
8/1/2014 <500 11/5/2014 <500		3/7/2014	< 500
11/5/2014 <500		5/6/2014	< 500
GZ-10 1/7/2014 3/7/2014 < 500 5/7/2014 < 500 8/1/2014 1370 +/- 160 11/5/2014 < 500 GZ-11 1/7/2014 < 500 3/6/2014 < 500 5/5/2014 570 +/- 220 8/1/2014 < 500 GZ-12D 1/9/2014 8570 +/- 220 3/10/2014 11700 +/- 200 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 4540 +/- 190 11/5/2014 3130 +/- 180 3/6/2014 336/2014 336/2014 3360 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 376/2014		8/1/2014	< 500
GZ-10 1/7/2014 3/7/2014 < 500 5/7/2014 < 500 8/1/2014 1370 +/- 160 11/5/2014 < 500 GZ-11 1/7/2014 < 500 3/6/2014 < 500 5/5/2014 570 +/- 220 8/1/2014 < 500 GZ-12D 1/9/2014 8570 +/- 220 3/10/2014 11700 +/- 200 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 4540 +/- 190 11/5/2014 3130 +/- 180 3/6/2014 336/2014 336/2014 3360 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 3/6/2014 376/2014			< 500
3/7/2014 <500 5/7/2014 <500 8/1/2014 1370 +/- 160 11/5/2014 <500 6Z-11 1/7/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 5/5/2014 <500 6Z-12D 1/9/2014 8570 +/- 220 8/1/2014 <500 6Z-12D 1/9/2014 8570 +/- 220 3/10/2014 11700 +/- 200 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 4540 +/- 190 11/5/2014 3130 +/- 170 GZ-12S 1/14/2014 3130 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 5340 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280 11/5/2014 11/5/20	GZ-10		
5/7/2014			< 500
8/1/2014 1370 +/- 160 11/5/2014 < 500 GZ-11 1/7/2014 < 500 3/6/2014 < 500 5/5/2014 570 +/- 220 8/1/2014 < 500 11/4/2014 < 500 GZ-12D 1/9/2014 8570 +/- 220 3/10/2014 11700 +/- 200 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 4540 +/- 190 11/5/2014 3130 +/- 170 GZ-12S 1/14/2014 3130 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 5340 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280			
GZ-11			
GZ-11			·
3/6/2014	GZ-11		
5/5/2014 570 +/- 220 8/1/2014 < 500			< 500
8/1/2014 <500 11/4/2014 <500 GZ-12D 1/9/2014 8570 +/- 220 3/10/2014 11700 +/- 200 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 4540 +/- 190 11/5/2014 3830 +/- 170 GZ-12S 1/14/2014 3130 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 5340 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280			570 +/- 220
GZ-12D			
GZ-12D			< 500
3/10/2014 11700 +/- 200 5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 4540 +/- 190 11/5/2014 3830 +/- 170 GZ-12S 1/14/2014 3130 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 5340 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280	GZ-12D		8570 +/- 220
5/5/2014 3490 +/- 180 8/1/2014 4540 +/- 190 11/5/2014 3830 +/- 170 GZ-12S 1/14/2014 3130 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 5340 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280			
8/1/2014 4540 +/- 190 11/5/2014 3830 +/- 170 GZ-12S 1/14/2014 3130 +/- 180 3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 5340 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280			3490 +/- 180
GZ-12S		8/1/2014	4540 +/- 190
GZ-12S		11/5/2014	3830 +/- 170
3/6/2014 3560 +/- 180 5/5/2014 5340 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280	GZ-12S	1/14/2014	
5/5/2014 5340 +/- 200 8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280			·
8/1/2014 1400 +/- 160 11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280		·	·
11/5/2014 1120 +/- 280		• •	·
1	GZ-13D		
3/7/2014 571 +/- 148			
5/5/2014 540 +/- 220			
8/1/2014 < 500			
11/6/2014 700 +/- 240			

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
GZ-13S	1/9/2014	< 500
	3/7/2014	< 500
	5/5/2014	< 500
	8/1/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
GZ-14D	1/14/2014	14500 +/- 300
	3/7/2014	13700 +/- 300
	5/6/2014	16100 +/- 300
	8/4/2014	13800 +/- 300
	11/5/2014	12800 +/- 200
GZ-14S	1/14/2014	5750 +/- 200
	3/7/2014	4720 +/- 190
	5/6/2014	4360 +/- 190
	8/6/2014	2070 +/- 170
	11/5/2014	1960 +/- 160
GZ-15	1/7/2014	22700 +/- 300
	3/4/2014	22800 +/- 300
	5/15/2014	10200 +/- 200
	8/1/2014	5950 +/- 200
	11/5/2014	5710 +/- 190
GZ-16	1/9/2014	< 500
	3/6/2014	< 500
	5/5/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/5/2014	< 500
GZ-17	1/9/2014	< 500
	3/6/2014	< 500
	5/7/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/6/2014	< 500
GZ-18D	1/9/2014	< 500
	3/7/2014	< 500
	5/5/2014	< 500
	8/1/2014	< 500
	11/6/2014	< 500

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
GZ-18S	1/9/2014	< 500
	3/4/2014	< 500
	5/5/2014	< 500
	8/1/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
GZ-19D	5/5/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/5/2014	< 500
GZ-19S	5/5/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/5/2014	< 500
GZ-20	1/7/2014	< 500
	3/6/2014	< 500
	5/5/2014	< 500
	8/1/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
GZ-21	1/14/2014	< 500
	3/6/2014	< 500
	5/5/2014	1200 +/- 290
	8/1/2014	2560 +/- 170
	11/4/2014	1470 +/- 150
GZ-22D	1/14/2014	14100 +/- 300
	3/7/2014	13700 +/- 300
	4/8/2014	12200 +/- 200
	5/6/2014	11100 +/- 200
	6/3/2014	11000 +/- 200
	7/1/2014	10700 +/- 200
	8/4/2014	9790 +/- 230
	9/2/2014	10700 +/- 200
	10/6/2014	9970 +/- 220
	11/5/2014	9980 +/- 220
	12/2/2014	10300 +/- 200

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
GZ-23S	1/9/2014	4250 +/- 190
	3/6/2014	3540 +/- 180
	4/8/2014	3310 +/- 170
	5/5/2014	2100 +/- 170
	6/3/2014	2380 +/- 160
	7/1/2014	1500 +/- 150
	8/1/2014	1240 +/- 160
	9/2/2014	2290 +/- 160
	10/6/2014	1900 +/- 160
	11/6/2014	2260 +/- 160
	12/2/2014	2740 +/- 160
GZ-24S	1/8/2014	741 +/- 142
GZ-25S	1/14/2014	< 500
	4/8/2014	< 500
	5/6/2014	< 500
	6/3/2014	< 500
	7/1/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	9/2/2014	< 500
	10/6/2014	< 500
	11/5/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500
GZ-26S	1/14/2014	< 500
	3/10/2014	< 500
	4/8/2014	< 500
	5/6/2014	< 500
	6/3/2014	< 500
	7/1/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	9/2/2014	< 500
	10/6/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
GZ-27S	1/16/2014	< 500
	3/10/2014	< 500
	4/8/2014	< 500
	5/6/2014	< 500
	6/3/2014	< 500
	7/1/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	9/2/2014	< 500
	10/6/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500
WVN0201	2/6/2014	< 500
	5/6/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/3/2014	< 500
WVN0202	2/6/2014	< 500
	5/6/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/3/2014	< 500
WVN0203	2/6/2014	< 500
	5/6/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/3/2014	< 500
WVN0204	2/6/2014	< 500
	5/6/2014	< 500
	8/4/2014	< 500
	11/3/2014	< 500
Blodgett Farm	1/7/2014	< 500
	1/21/2014	< 500
	2/3/2014	< 500
	2/18/2014	< 500
	3/5/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/1/2014	< 500
	4/22/2014	< 500

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
Blodgett Farm	5/7/2014	< 500
(continued)	5/20/2014	< 500
(continued)	6/9/2014	< 500
	6/20/2014	< 500
	7/8/2014	< 500
	7/22/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	8/19/2014	< 500
	9/3/2014	< 500
	9/23/2014	< 500
	10/6/2014	< 500
	10/21/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
	11/18/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500
	1/7/2014	< 500
Brattleboro Fire Dept, West Station	1/21/2014	< 500
	2/3/2014	< 500
	2/18/2014	< 500
	3/5/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/1/2014	< 500
	4/22/2014	< 500
	5/7/2014	< 500
	5/20/2014	< 500
	6/9/2014	< 500
	6/20/2014	< 500
	7/8/2014	< 500
	7/22/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	8/19/2014	< 500
	9/3/2014	< 500
	9/23/2014	< 500
	10/6/2014	< 500
	10/21/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
	11/18/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error
Sample Location	Date of Jampie	(pCi/L)
Miller Farm	1/7/2014	< 500
	1/21/2014	< 500
	2/3/2014	< 500
	2/18/2014	< 500
	3/5/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/1/2014	< 500
	4/22/2014	< 500
	5/7/2014	< 500
	5/20/2014	< 500
	6/9/2014	< 500
	6/20/2014	< 500
	7/8/2014	< 500
	7/22/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	8/19/2014	< 500
	9/3/2014	< 500
	9/23/2014	< 500
	10/6/2014	< 500
	10/21/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
	11/18/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500
Residence - 1	1/7/2014	< 500
	1/21/2014	< 500
	2/3/2014	< 500
	2/18/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/1/2014	< 500
	4/22/2014	< 500
	5/7/2014	< 500
	5/20/2014	< 500
	6/9/2014	< 500
	6/20/2014	< 500
	7/8/2014	< 500
	7/22/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	8/19/2014	< 500

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
Residence - 1	9/3/2014	< 500
(continued)	9/23/2014	< 500
(commuca)	10/6/2014	< 500
	10/21/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500
Vernon Elementary School	1/7/2014	< 500
,	1/21/2014	< 500
	2/3/2014	< 500
	2/18/2014	< 500
	3/5/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/1/2014	< 500
	4/22/2014	< 500
	5/7/2014	< 500
	5/20/2014	< 500
	6/9/2014	< 500
	6/20/2014	< 500
	7/8/2014	< 500
	7/22/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	8/19/2014	< 500
	9/3/2014	< 500
	9/23/2014	< 500
	10/6/2014	< 500
	10/21/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
	11/18/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
Vernon Green Nursing Home	1/7/2014	< 500
	1/21/2014	< 500
	2/3/2014	< 500
	2/18/2014	< 500
	3/5/2014	< 500
	3/17/2014	< 500
	4/1/2014	< 500
	4/22/2014	< 500
	5/7/2014	< 500
	5/20/2014	< 500
	6/9/2014	< 500
	6/20/2014	< 500
	7/8/2014	< 500
	7/22/2014	< 500
	7/22/2014	< 500
	8/5/2014	< 500
	8/19/2014	< 500
	9/3/2014	< 500
	9/23/2014	< 500
	10/6/2014	< 500
	10/14/2014	< 500
	10/21/2014	< 500
	11/4/2014	< 500
	11/18/2014	< 500
	12/2/2014	< 500
	12/16/2014	< 500
White House	1/23/2014	< 500
	3/19/2014	< 500
	4/30/2014	< 500
Main Well	3/19/2014	< 500
	4/29/2014	< 500
	7/30/2014	< 500
	10/14/2014	< 500

Vermont Department of Health Appendix B: 2014 Tritium Water Data

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Tritium Result +/- error (pCi/L)
PSB Well	3/19/2014	< 500
	7/30/2014	< 500
	10/14/2014	< 500
Southwest Well	4/29/2014	< 500
	7/30/2014	< 500
	10/23/2014	< 500
	2/12/2014	< 500
pCi/L = picocuries per liter		

Appendix C

2014 Gamma Spectroscopy Water Data

Gamma spectroscopy data for all water samples tested by the Health Department in 2014 are provided in this appendix. Results are presented in order by sample location and by sampling date based on the following categories:

- Connecticut River samples
- o On-site groundwater monitoring wells
- o Off-site drinking water wells
- o On-site drinking water wells

"Natural" means that gamma-emitting materials detected are not related to nuclear power stations or above-grounds weapons testing.

< LLD means less than the Laboratory's Lower Limit of Detection.

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Gamma Spectroscopy
		Result
3-3 Connecticut River Station	1/15/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/13/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/15/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/13/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
3-4 Connecticut River Station	1/15/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/13/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/15/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/13/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
3-8 Connecticut River Station	1/15/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/13/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/15/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/13/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>

		Gamma Spectroscopy
Sample Location	Date of Sample	Result
Connecticut River,	1/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Downstream	1/21/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/18/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/22/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/20/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/20/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/8/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/22/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/19/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/21/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/18/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Connecticut River, Upstream	1/21/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/22/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/20/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/20/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/8/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/22/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/19/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/23/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Gamma Spectroscopy Result
Connecticut River, Upstream	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
(continued)	10/21/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/18/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Discharge Forebay	1/15/2014	Natural
	2/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/13/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/15/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/13/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-01	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-02	1/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/10/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-03	1/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-04	1/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Gamma Spectroscopy Result
GZ-05	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-06	1/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-07	1/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-09	1/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-10	1/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-11	1/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-12D	1/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/10/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	Natural
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-12S	1/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>

	D	Gamma Spectroscopy
Sample Location	Date of Sample	Result
GZ-13D	1/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-13S	1/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-14D	1/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-14S	1/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-15	1/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/15/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-16	1/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-17	1/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-18D	1/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Gamma Spectroscopy Result
GZ-18S	1/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-19D	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-19S	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-20	1/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-21	1/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-22D	1/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/8/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>

		Gamma Spectroscopy
Sample Location	Date of Sample	Result
GZ-23S	1/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/8/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-24S	1/8/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-25S	1/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/8/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-26S	1/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/10/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/8/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Gamma Spectroscopy Result
GZ-27S	1/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/10/2014	Natural
	4/8/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/3/2014	Natural
	7/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/6/2014	Natural
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
WVN0201	2/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	Natural
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
WVN0202	2/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
WVN0203	2/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
WVN0204	2/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Blodgett Farm	1/7/2014	Natural
	1/21/2014	Natural
	2/3/2014	Natural
	2/18/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/5/2014	Natural
	3/17/2014	Natural
	4/1/2014	Natural
	4/22/2014	Natural
	5/7/2014	Natural
	5/20/2014	Natural

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Gamma Spectroscopy Result
Blodgett Farm	6/9/2014	Natural
(continued)	6/20/2014	Natural
	7/8/2014	Natural
	7/22/2014	Natural
	8/5/2014	Natural
	8/19/2014	Natural
	9/3/2014	Natural
	9/23/2014	Natural
	10/6/2014	Natural
	10/21/2014	Natural
	11/4/2014	Natural
	11/18/2014	Natural
	12/2/2014	Natural
	12/16/2014	Natural
Brattleboro Fire Dept, West	1/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Station	1/21/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/18/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/22/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/20/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/9/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	6/20/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/8/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/22/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/19/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	9/23/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/21/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/4/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/18/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/2/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	12/16/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Gamma Spectroscopy
		Result
Miller Farm	1/7/2014	Natural
	1/21/2014	Natural
	2/3/2014	Natural
	2/18/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/5/2014	Natural
	3/17/2014	Natural
	4/1/2014	Natural
	4/22/2014	Natural
	5/7/2014	Natural
	5/20/2014	Natural
	6/9/2014	Natural
	6/20/2014	Natural
	7/8/2014	Natural
	7/22/2014	Natural
	8/5/2014	Natural
	8/19/2014	Natural
	9/3/2014	Natural
	9/23/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/21/2014	Natural
	11/4/2014	Natural
	11/18/2014	Natural
	12/2/2014	Natural
	12/16/2014	Natural
Residence - 1	1/7/2014	Natural
	1/21/2014	Natural
	2/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/18/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/22/2014	Natural
	5/7/2014	Natural
	5/20/2014	Natural
	6/9/2014	Natural
	6/20/2014	Natural
	7/8/2014	Natural
	7/22/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/19/2014	Natural

		Gamma Spectroscopy	
Sample Location	Date of Sample	Result	
Residence - 1	9/3/2014	Natural	
(continued)	9/23/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	10/21/2014	Natural	
	11/4/2014	Natural	
	12/2/2014	Natural	
	12/16/2014	Natural	
Vernon Elementary School	1/7/2014	Natural	
	1/21/2014	Natural	
	2/3/2014	Natural	
	2/18/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	3/5/2014	Natural	
	3/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	4/1/2014	Natural	
	4/22/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	5/7/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	5/20/2014	Natural	
	6/9/2014	Natural	
	6/20/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	7/8/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	7/22/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	8/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	8/19/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	9/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	9/23/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
	10/21/2014	Natural	
	11/4/2014	Natural	
	11/18/2014	Natural	
	12/2/2014	Natural	
	12/16/2014	Natural	

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Gamma Spectroscopy
		Result
Vernon Green Nursing Home	1/7/2014	Natural
	1/21/2014	Natural
	2/3/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/18/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/17/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/1/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/22/2014	Natural
	5/7/2014	Natural
	5/20/2014	Natural
	6/9/2014	Natural
	6/20/2014	Natural
	7/8/2014	Natural
	7/22/2014	Natural
	8/5/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/19/2014	Natural
	9/3/2014	Natural
	9/23/2014	Natural
	10/6/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/21/2014	Natural
	11/4/2014	Natural
	11/18/2014	Natural
	12/2/2014	Natural
	12/16/2014	Natural
White House	1/23/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	3/19/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/30/2014	Natural
Main Well	3/19/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	4/29/2014	Natural
	7/30/2014	Natural
	10/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
PSB Well	3/19/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/30/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/14/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Southwest Well	4/29/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	7/30/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	10/23/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	2/12/2014	<lld< td=""></lld<>
< LLD means less than the Laboratory'	s Lower Limit of De	tection

Vermont Department of Health

Appendix D: 2014 Hard-to-Detect Water Data

Appendix D

2014 Hard-to-Detect Water Data

Hard-to-detect metal results for all water samples tested by the Health Department in 2014 are provided in this appendix. Results are presented in alphabetical order by sample

location and by sampling date based on the following categories:

Connecticut River samples

o On-site groundwater monitoring wells

o Off-site drinking water wells

o On-site drinking water wells

Lower limits of detection (LLDs) for water samples:

Iron-55: 50 pCi/L

Nickel-63: 5.0 pCi/L

Strontium-90: 2.0 pCi/L

		Iron-55 Result +/-	Nickel-63 Result +/-	Strontium-90 Result +/-
Sample Location	Date of Sample	error (pCi/L)	error (pCi/L)	error (pCi/L)
3-3 Connecticut River Station	2/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/13/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/14/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/13/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
3-4 Connecticut River Station	2/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/13/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/14/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/13/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
3-8 Connecticut River Station	2/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/13/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/14/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/13/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
Connecticut River, Downstream	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
,	5/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
Connecticut River, Upstream	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
, .	5/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
Discharge Forebay	2/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/13/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/14/2014	< LLD	< LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	11/13/2014	< LLD	< LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-01	2/4/2014	<lld< td=""><td>< LLD</td><td>< LLD</td></lld<>	< LLD	< LLD
G2 01	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-02	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
G2 02	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-03	2/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
d2-03	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/5/2014			< LLD
GZ-04	2/4/2014	< LLD < LLD	< LLD < LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-04				
	5/6/2014	<lld< td=""><td>< LLD</td><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	< LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
C7.0F	11/5/2014	<lld< td=""><td>< LLD</td><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	< LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-05	2/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
67.06	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-06	5/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD

Sample Location	Date of Sample	Iron-55 Result +/-	Nickel-63 Result +/-	Strontium-90 Result +/-
Jampie Location	Bute of Sumple	error (pCi/L)	error (pCi/L)	error (pCi/L)
GZ-07	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/1/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-09	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/1/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-10	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-11	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/1/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-12D	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-12S	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-13D	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/1/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-13S	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/1/2014	< LLD	< LLD	3.47 +/- 0.94
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-14D	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-14S	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-15	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-16	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	2.18 +/- 0.65
	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-17	2/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-18D	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/1/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-18S	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	2.20 +/- 0.65
	8/1/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	<lld< td=""></lld<>
GZ-19D	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/3/2014	\ LLU	\ LLU	\ LLD

Vermont Department of Health Appendix D: 2014 Hard-to-Detect Water Data

		Iron-55 Result +/-	Nickel-63 Result +/-	Strontium-90 Result +/-
Sample Location	Date of Sample	error (pCi/L)	error (pCi/L)	error (pCi/L)
GZ-19S	2/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-20	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/1/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-21	2/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-22D	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-23S	11/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-25S	2/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-26S	2/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
GZ-27S	2/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
WVN0201	2/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
WVN0202	2/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
WVN0203	2/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
WVN0204	2/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/6/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD

Blodgett Farm Brattleboro Fire Department, West Station Miller Farm Residence - 1	2/3/2014 5/7/2014 8/5/2014 11/4/2014 2/3/2014 5/7/2014	error (pCi/L) < LLD < LLD < LLD < LLD < LLD < LLD	error (pCi/L) < LLD < LLD < LLD	error (pCi/L) < LLD < LLD
Station Miller Farm	8/5/2014 11/4/2014 2/3/2014	< LLD < LLD	< LLD	
Station Miller Farm	11/4/2014 2/3/2014	< LLD		
Station Miller Farm	2/3/2014			< LLD
Station Miller Farm		<iid< td=""><td>< LLD</td><td>< LLD</td></iid<>	< LLD	< LLD
Miller Farm	5/7/2014	` LLD	< LLD	< LLD
		< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
Residence - 1	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
Residence - 1	5/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
 Residence - 1	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
Residence - 1	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
Vernon Elementary School	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
Vernon Green Nursing Home	2/3/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	5/7/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	8/5/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	11/4/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
Southwest Well	2/12/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	4/29/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD
	7/30/2014	< LLD	< LLD	< LLD